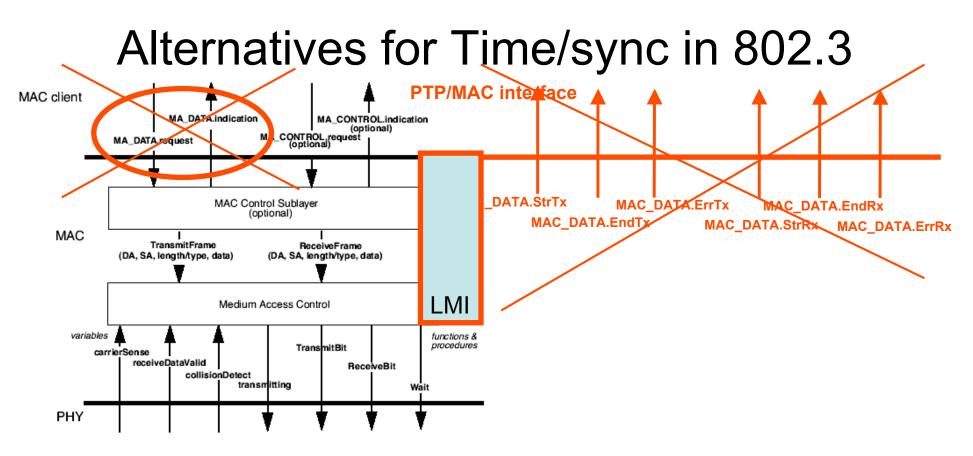
## Time Synchronization and 802 models

Franz-Josef Goetz George Classerman, Kevin Stanton Dirceu Cavendish



#### PTP requirements to MAC layer:

1- Signal events for start of frame TX/RX

2- Signal events for end of TX/RX or error.

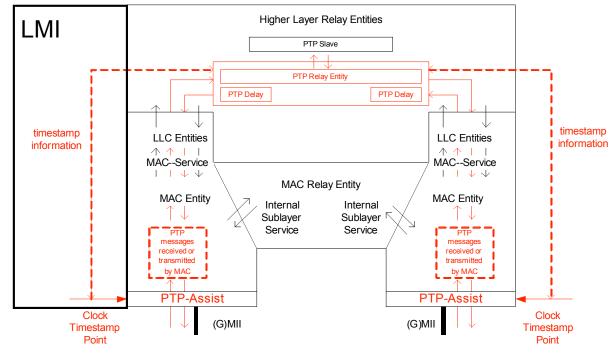
#### Definitions needed within MAC layer:

- 1- Definition of frame position where those events should be reported
- 2- Definition on where within PHY the start of TX/RX should be detected
- 3- Delay bounds on these events, relative to the definitions of clauses 1 and 2.

#### July 2006 Plenary output:

- 1- LMI interface is preferable
- 2- MAC client should not rely on MA\_DATA.request return parameters of 802.3

## 802 Baggy Pants Model



#### LMI TS support

-PHY generates TX\_Event, RX\_Event within X uSec accuracy -PTP correlates LMI events with timestamps

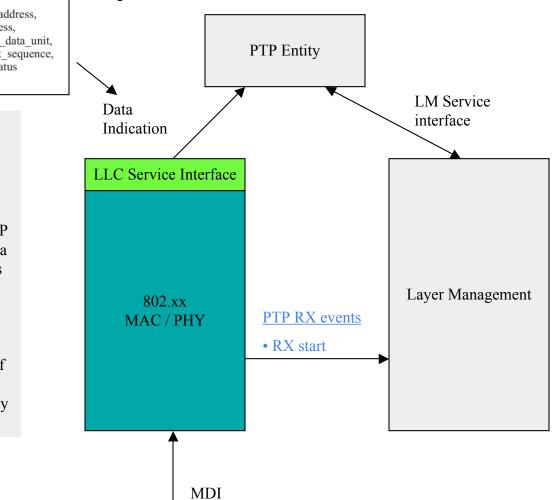
#### Issues

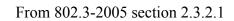
-Does PHY generate TX/RX events for every frame?
-Bit in frame signals TS requirement @ PHY
-If non-PTP entities (MAC clients) also use TS,
PTP is not able to accurately generate TS from PHY events

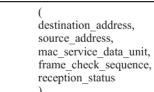
## Receive side

#### Comments:

- 1- PTP layer must poll RX\_start event, to produce an accurate timestamp
- 2- MA\_DATA.indication validates TS produced by latest RX\_Event only under the assumption that from RX\_Event generation to MA\_DATA.indication no other RX\_Event is generated. There could be a problem if PTP frames are generated too fast.







#### Discussion:

MA DATA.indication

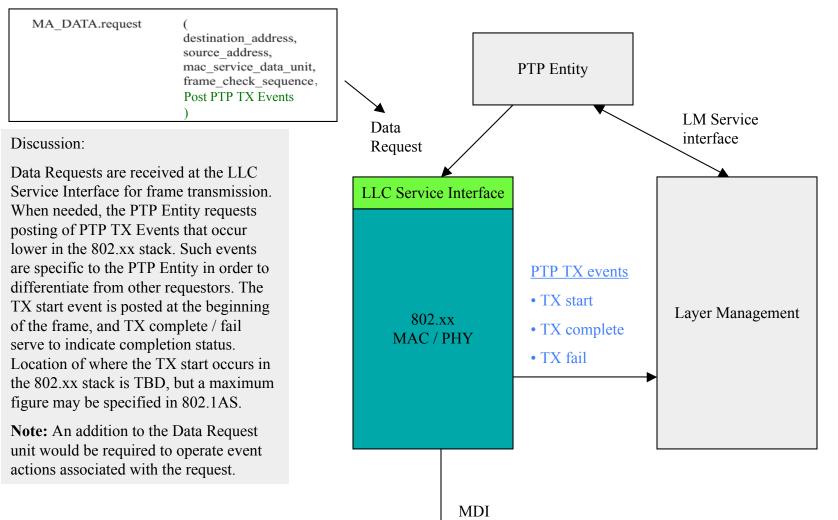
Frames are received into the 802.xx MAC / PHY, and at the start of the frame, an RX start is posted to indicate that the front of the frame has passed a predefined location in the stack. The PTP Entity collects the event, and associates a timestamp with it. If a Data Indication is presented later, the time information becomes associated with the frame. If there is another RX start before a Data Indication, previous time information is discarded by the PTP Entity. Location of where the RX start occurs in the 802.xx stack is TBD, but a maximum figure may be specified in 802.1AS.

## Transmit side

#### Comments:

1- PTP exclusive parameter may violate GENERIC MAC service interface 2- PTP needs to poll TX\_Start to generate accurate timestamp

#### From 802.3-2005 section 2.3.1.2 (modified to include event request)



# BackUp Slides

## MAC delays

Clause 21.8 – Table 21-2 specifies for 100BASE-T between MAC-MII for exposed MII

Cabite 23-fordidi, effice into f8h Mil-MDI delays for 100BASE-T!

Clause 24.6 – Table 24-2 specifies for 100BASE-X between MII-MDI for exposed MII Half duplex - 14 bits BT for TX; 24 bits BT for RX(MDI input to COL de-assert) Full-duplex – 14 bits BT for TX; 32 bits BT for RX(MDI input to RX\_DV de-assert)

Clause 40.11 specifies for 1000BASE-T half duplex between GMII-MDI Table 40-13 half duplex : 84 bits BT for TX; 244 bits TU for RX(MDI input to COL de-assert) Table 40-14 full-duplex – 84 bits BT for TX; 244 bits TU for RX(MDI input to RX\_DV de-assert)

Clause 46.1 specifies for XGMII 8192 bits BT for round-trip (TX + RX) of MAC, RS, and MAC control Clause 48.5 specifies for 10GBASE-X 2048 BT for round-trip PCS

Clause 49.2.15 specifies for 10GBASE-R 3584 BT for TX and RX PCS

Clause 52.2 specifies for 10GBASE-S/L/E 512 BT for TX and RX PMA + PMD

Clause 53.2 specifies for 10GBASE-LX4 512 BT for TX and RX PMD

Clause 54.3 specifies for 10GBASE-CX4 512 BT for TX and RX PMD

#### OUR NUMBERS

100BASE-T – MAC-MDI delays: TX 4+?; RX 8 + ? 100BASE-X – MAC-MDI delays: half TX 4+14=18BT; RX 8 + 24=32BT 100BASE-X – MAC-MDI delays: full TX 4+14=18BT; RX 8 + 32=40BT 1000 BASE-T – MAC-MDI delays: half/full TX 8?+84=92BT; RX 8 + 244=232BT XGMII 10GBASE-X – MAC-MDI delays: TX + RX = 8192 + 2048 = 10240BT

## Time measurements at MII and 802.3

#### GMII Reconciliation sublayer (Std 802.3-2005 35.2.1)

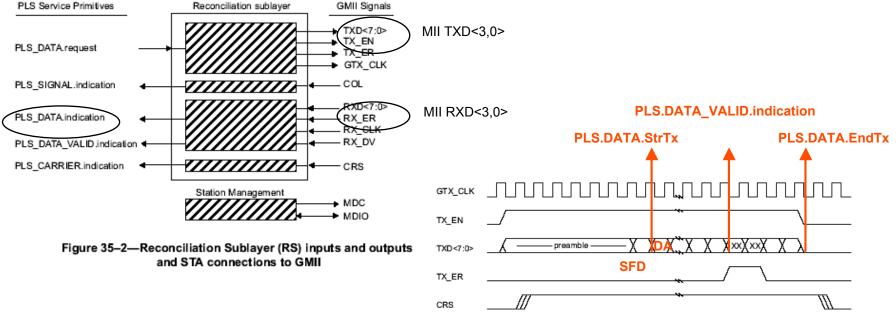


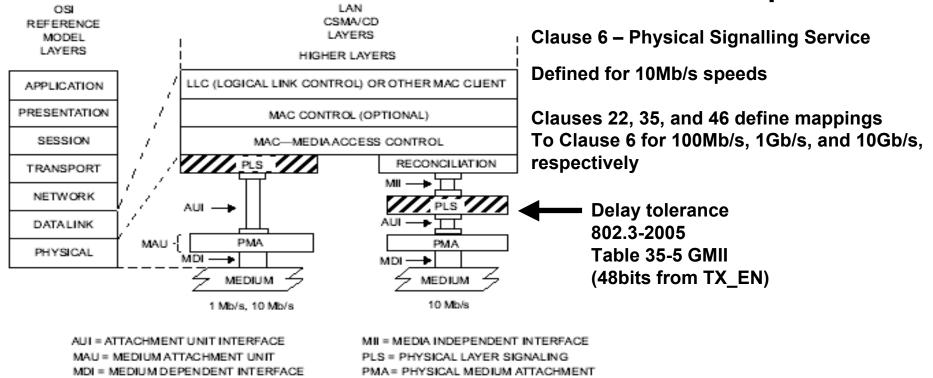
Figure 35-4-Propagating an error within a frame

#### Issue:

1-1588 assumes timestamp epoch at MII

2- RS is not aware of byte semantics

### 802.3 architecture and timestamps



#### Figure 6–1—PLS service specification relationship to the ISO/IEC Open Systems Interconnection (OSI) reference model and the IEEE 802.3 CSMA/CD LAN model