Signaling Convergence Proposal: Forward Path Probing

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Objective #1: Find a commonality in all proposals

- Forward path probing: present in all 4 proposals
 - Proposed in FECN [Dallas'06]
 - ECM has used it in early BCN ("solicit" bit)
 - E2CM and 3-point QCN have it
- Backward path probing: proposed by M. Seaman [Monterey'07]
 - Destination-initiated, moving upstream in 'reverse' path
- Path probing is the one common feature found in all proposals
- Why?
 - 1. No need for CPIDs and tags
 - 2. Provides consistent picture of the whole path, w/local and global status
 - 1. Gathers local feedback from all switches along path
 - 2. Enables measurement of path occupancy
 - 3. NIC-driven sampling: Big potential for optimization (adaptive sampling)
 - 4. No constraint on feedback type or source response function
 - 5. Can be applied to all schemes without changing their nature.

Objective #2: Simplify signaling

Reduce the number of signaling options

1. Forward

- + Simple: follows the traffic flow
- + Aggregates e2e feedback: conveys global status (both + and feedback)
- + No reverse-path injection in switch
- RX-NIC must reflect: already does it for ACKs
- Longer lag compared to direct backward signaling
 - Worst-case lag = RTT, which implies hotspot close to source: not critical
 - Lag for critical hotspot close to destination is about the same
- Open loop if link fails: ditto in reverse / backward case
- Multipath ambiguation: similar to rate limiter aggregation

2. Backward

- + Less lag: fastest response
- Local: non-coherent feedback w/ heterogeneous switches
- Complex: down/up-stream intercoupling in switch -> reverse injection is tough

Forward is simpler, backward is faster... which one is more suitable?

Forward Path Probing: Lowest Hanging Fruit?

- Path probing is a natural match with forward signaling
 - Direct BCN alone is mutually exclusive w/ path probing
- Simpler protocol
 - Controllable overhead and complexity
- Lower entry barrier to congestion-managed networks
 - Reduces the burden on switch vendors
- OPEN
 - Enables arbitrary type of feedback and source response function
 - Allows alternate signaling options