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| Re : | TGm SDD : Other <br> In response to IEEE 802.16m-08/040 "Call for Contributions and Comments on Project 802.16m System Description Document (SDD)" for Session 58 |
| Abstract | This contribution proposes SDD text for DL OL SU-MIMO schemes |
| Purpose | For discussion and approval into TGm SDD text |
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## Proposed SDD Text for DL OL SU-MIMO

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## 1. Introduction

This contribution is to propose DL OL SU-MIMO scheme. We propose a 4Tx antennas rate 2 scheme to be included in the MIMO SDD RG document.

## 2. Multiplexing scheme with 4 TX antennas and rate 2

Text Proposal modification to SDD
(L9, P79 of 003r5)

### 11.8.2.1.1. Open-loop SU-MIMO

| $N_{\mathrm{T}}$ | Rate | $M$ | $N_{\mathrm{F}}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $z$ | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| 2 | 1 | 2 | 2 |
| 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| 4 | 1 | 2 | 2 |
| 8 | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| 8 | 1 | 2 | 2 |
| 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 |
| 4 | 2 | 2 | 1 |
| 8 | 2 | 2 | 1 |
| $\underline{8}$ | $\underline{2}$ | $\underline{4}$ | $\underline{2}$ |
| 4 | 3 | 3 | 1 |
| 8 | 3 | 3 | 1 |
| 4 | 4 | 4 | 1 |
| 8 | 4 | 4 | 1 |

Table 5 Matrix dimensions for open-loop SU-MIMO modes
[modify section 11.8.2.1.1.1 of C802.16m-08/003r5 as follows]

### 11.8.2.1.1.1 Transmit Diversity

The following transmit diversity modes are supported for open-loop single-user MIMO:

- 2Tx rate-1: STBG/SFBC, and rank-1 precoder
- 4Tx rate-1: STBC/SFBC with precoder, and rank-1 precoder
- 8Tx rate-1: STBC/SFBC with precoder, and rank-1 precoder

For the transmit diversity modes with $\mathrm{M}=1$, the input to MIMO encoder is $\mathrm{x}=\mathrm{s} 1$, and the output of the MIMOencoder is a scalar, $z^{-x}$.
-The output of the rank 1 precoder for $\mathrm{NT}-2,4$, and 8 Tx antennas is a NT $\times 1$ matrix $\mathrm{y}-\mathrm{W} x_{2}$, where W may be frequency and/or time dependent as described in section 11.8.2.1.1.
For the transmit diversity modes with $M=2$, the input to the MIMO encoder is represented a $2 \times 1$ vector. The MIMO encoder generates 2 Tx SFBC, and then multiplied by $\mathrm{NT} \times 2$ matrix as described in section 11.8.2.1.1.

For the transmit diversity modes, the input to the MIMO encoder is represented a $2 \times 1$ vector

$$
\mathbf{x}=\left[\begin{array}{l}
s_{1}  \tag{Equation11.8.2.1.1.1-1}\\
s_{2}
\end{array}\right]
$$

The output of the MIMO encoder is a $2 \times 2$ matrix

$$
\mathbf{z}=\left[\begin{array}{cc}
s_{1} & -s_{2}^{*}  \tag{Equation11.8.2.1.1.1-2}\\
s_{2} & s_{1}^{*}
\end{array}\right]
$$

For the $2 T \mathrm{x}$ rate- 1 mode, the output of the precoder is a $2 \times 2$ matrix

$$
\begin{equation*}
\mathbf{y}=\mathbf{z} \tag{Equation11.8.2.1.1.1-3}
\end{equation*}
$$

For the 4 Tx rate- 1 , the output of the precoder is a $4 \times 2$ matrix

$$
\begin{equation*}
\mathbf{y}=\mathbf{W} \times \mathbf{z}, \tag{Equation11.8.2.1.1.1-4}
\end{equation*}
$$

where $\mathbf{W}$ is a $4 \times 2$ unitary precoder. Note that $\mathbf{W}$ may be frequency and/ or time dependent as described in section 11.8.2.1.1. W is a set of 6 antenna circulation matrices, i.e.,

$$
\mathbf{W}=\left[\begin{array}{ll}
1 & 0  \tag{Equation11.8.2.1.1.1-5}\\
0 & 1 \\
0 & 0 \\
0 & 0
\end{array}\right],\left[\begin{array}{ll}
1 & 0 \\
0 & 0 \\
0 & 1 \\
0 & 0
\end{array}\right],\left[\begin{array}{ll}
1 & 0 \\
0 & 0 \\
0 & 0 \\
0 & 1
\end{array}\right],\left[\begin{array}{ll}
0 & 0 \\
1 & 0 \\
0 & 1 \\
0 & 0
\end{array}\right],\left[\begin{array}{ll}
0 & 0 \\
1 & 0 \\
0 & 0 \\
0 & 1
\end{array}\right],\left[\begin{array}{ll}
0 & 0 \\
0 & 0 \\
1 & 0 \\
0 & 1
\end{array}\right] .
$$

W can be changed every pair of tones or symbols.

For the 8 Tx rate- 1 , the output of the precoder is a $8 \times 2$ matrix

$$
\begin{equation*}
\mathbf{y}=\mathbf{W} \times \mathbf{z} \tag{Equation11.8.2.1.1.1-6}
\end{equation*}
$$

where $\mathbf{W}$ is a $8 \times 2$ unitary precoder. Note that $\mathbf{W}$ may be frequency and/ or time dependent as described in section 11.8.2.1.1. $\mathbf{W}$ is defined as follows:

$$
\begin{equation*}
\mathbf{W}=\mathbf{W}_{1} \times \mathbf{W}_{2} \tag{Equation11.8.2.1.1.1-7}
\end{equation*}
$$

[^0]\[

\mathbf{W}_{2}=\left[$$
\begin{array}{ll}
1 & 0  \tag{Equation11.8.2.1.1.1-8}\\
0 & 1 \\
0 & 0 \\
0 & 0
\end{array}
$$\right],\left[$$
\begin{array}{ll}
1 & 0 \\
0 & 0 \\
0 & 1 \\
0 & 0
\end{array}
$$\right],\left[$$
\begin{array}{ll}
1 & 0 \\
0 & 0 \\
0 & 0 \\
0 & 1
\end{array}
$$\right],\left[$$
\begin{array}{ll}
0 & 0 \\
1 & 0 \\
0 & 1 \\
0 & 0
\end{array}
$$\right],\left[$$
\begin{array}{ll}
0 & 0 \\
1 & 0 \\
0 & 0 \\
0 & 1
\end{array}
$$\right],\left[$$
\begin{array}{ll}
0 & 0 \\
0 & 0 \\
1 & 0 \\
0 & 1
\end{array}
$$\right] .
\]

$\mathbf{W}_{2}$ can be changed every pair of tones or symbols.
(L5, P81)

### 11.8.2.1.1.2. Spatial Multiplexing

[modify L7 to L11 of P81 of C802.16m-08/003r5 as follows]
The following spatial multiplexing modes are supported for open-loop single-user MIMO:

- Rate-2 spatial multiplexing modes:
o 2Tx rate-2: rate 2 SM
o 4Tx rate-2: rate 2 DSTTD and rate 2 SM with precoding
o 8Tx rate-2: rate 2 DSTTD and rate 2 SM with precoding
[Delete the content from L28 to L37 in P81 and insert the following text in the section 11.8.2.1.1.2 of 80216m08/003r5.]

For 4Tx antennas rate2 mode, the input to the MIMO encoder is represented as a $4 \times 1$ vector (DSTTD case) or a $2 \times 1$ vector (SM case), i.e.

$$
\mathbf{x}=\left[\begin{array}{l}
s_{1}  \tag{Equation11.8.2.1.1.2-4}\\
s_{2} \\
s_{3} \\
s_{4}
\end{array}\right] \underline{\text { for DSTTD, }} \mathbf{x}=\left[\begin{array}{l}
s_{1} \\
s_{2}
\end{array}\right] \underline{\text { for SM }}
$$

The output of the MIMO encoder is a $4 \times 2$ matrix (DSTTD case) or a $4 \times 1$ vector (SM case), i.e.,

$$
\mathbf{z}=\left[\begin{array}{cc}
s_{1} & -s_{2}^{*}  \tag{Equation11.8.2.1.1.2-5}\\
s_{2} & s_{1}^{*} \\
s_{3} & -s_{4}^{*} \\
s_{4} & s_{3}^{*}
\end{array}\right] \text { for DSTTD, } \mathrm{Z}=\mathbf{x}=\left[\begin{array}{l}
s_{1} \\
s_{2}
\end{array}\right] \text { for SM }
$$

the output of the precoder is a $4 \times 2$ matrix (DSTTD case) or a $4 \times 1$ vector (SM case)

$$
\begin{equation*}
\mathbf{y}=\mathbf{W} \times \mathbf{z}_{2} \tag{Equation11.8.2.1.1.2-6}
\end{equation*}
$$

where $\mathbf{W}$ is a $4 \times 4$ unitary precoder (DSTTD case) or a $4 \times 2$ unitary precoder (SM case).
When using Antenna Hopping with DSTTD, $\underline{\mathbf{W}}$ is a set of 3 antenna circulation matrices, i.e.,

$$
\mathbf{W}=\left[\begin{array}{llll}
1 & 0 & 0 & 0  \tag{Equation11.8.2.1.1.2-7}\\
0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\
0 & 0 & 0 & 1
\end{array}\right],\left[\begin{array}{llll}
1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\
0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 0 & 0 & 1
\end{array}\right],\left[\begin{array}{llll}
1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\
0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\
0 & 1 & 0 & 0
\end{array}\right]-
$$

When using Antenna Hopping with SM, $\underline{\mathbf{W}}$ is a set of 6 antenna circulation matrices, i.e.,

$$
\mathbf{W}=\left[\begin{array}{ll}
1 & 0  \tag{Equation11.8.2.1.1.2-8}\\
0 & 1 \\
0 & 0 \\
0 & 0
\end{array}\right],\left[\begin{array}{ll}
0 & 0 \\
0 & 0 \\
1 & 0 \\
0 & 1
\end{array}\right],\left[\begin{array}{ll}
1 & 0 \\
0 & 0 \\
0 & 1 \\
0 & 0
\end{array}\right],\left[\begin{array}{ll}
0 & 0 \\
1 & 0 \\
0 & 0 \\
0 & 1
\end{array}\right],\left[\begin{array}{ll}
1 & 0 \\
0 & 0 \\
0 & 0 \\
0 & 1
\end{array}\right],\left[\begin{array}{ll}
0 & 0 \\
1 & 0 \\
0 & 1 \\
0 & 0
\end{array}\right] .
$$

 tone or symbol.

For 8 Tx antennas rate2 mode, the input to the MIMO encoder is represented as a $4 \times 1$ vector (DSTTD case) or a $2 \times 1$ vector (SM case), i.e.

$$
\mathbf{x}=\left[\begin{array}{l}
s_{1}  \tag{Equation11.8.2.1.1.2-9}\\
s_{2} \\
s_{3} \\
s_{4}
\end{array}\right] \underline{\text { for DSTTD, }} \mathbf{x}=\left[\begin{array}{l}
s_{1} \\
s_{2}
\end{array}\right] \underline{\text { for SM }}
$$

The output of the MIMO encoder is a $4 \times 2$ matrix (DSTTD case) or a $4 \times 1$ vector (SM case)

$$
\mathbf{z}=\left[\begin{array}{cc}
s_{1} & -s_{2}^{*}  \tag{Equation11.8.2.1.1.2-10}\\
s_{2} & s_{1}^{*} \\
s_{3} & -s_{4}^{*} \\
s_{4} & s_{3}^{*}
\end{array}\right] \text { for DSTTD, } \mathrm{z}=\mathbf{x}=\left[\begin{array}{l}
s_{1} \\
s_{2}
\end{array}\right] \text { for SM }
$$

the output of the precoder is a $4 \times 2$ matrix

$$
\mathbf{y}=\mathbf{W} \times \mathbf{z}_{2}
$$

(Equation 11.8.2.1.1.2-11)
where $\mathbf{W}$ is defined as follows:

$$
\begin{equation*}
\underline{\mathbf{W}=\mathbf{W}_{1} \times \mathbf{W}_{2}}- \tag{Equation11.8.2.1.1.2-12}
\end{equation*}
$$

$\mathbf{W}_{1}$ is a $8 \times 4$ matrix which is implementation specific, $\mathbf{W}_{2}$ is a $4 \times 4$ unitary precoder (DSTTD case) or $4 \times 2$ unitary precoder (SM case).

When using Antenna Hopping with DSTTD, $\mathbf{W}_{2}$ is a set of 3 antenna circulation matrices, i.e.,

$$
\mathbf{W}_{2}=\left[\begin{array}{llll}
1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\
0 & 0 & 0 & 1
\end{array}\right],\left[\begin{array}{llll}
1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\
0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 0 & 0 & 1
\end{array}\right],\left[\begin{array}{llll}
1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\
0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\
0 & 1 & 0 & 0
\end{array}\right] . \text { (Equation 11.8.2.1.1.2-13) }
$$

When using Antenna Hopping with SM, $\mathbf{W}_{2}$ is a set of 6 antenna circulation matrices, i.e.,

$$
\mathbf{W}_{2}=\left[\begin{array}{ll}
1 & 0  \tag{Equation11.8.2.1.1.2-14}\\
0 & 1 \\
0 & 0 \\
0 & 0
\end{array}\right],\left[\begin{array}{ll}
0 & 0 \\
0 & 0 \\
1 & 0 \\
0 & 1
\end{array}\right],\left[\begin{array}{ll}
1 & 0 \\
0 & 0 \\
0 & 1 \\
0 & 0
\end{array}\right],\left[\begin{array}{ll}
0 & 0 \\
1 & 0 \\
0 & 0 \\
0 & 1
\end{array}\right],\left[\begin{array}{ll}
1 & 0 \\
0 & 0 \\
0 & 0 \\
0 & 1
\end{array}\right],\left[\begin{array}{ll}
0 & 0 \\
1 & 0 \\
0 & 1 \\
0 & 0
\end{array}\right] .
$$

In DSTTD case, $\mathbf{W}_{2}$ can be changed every pair of tones or symbols. In SM case, $\mathbf{W}_{2}$ can be changed every tone or symbol.
[modify L39 P81 to L31 of P82 of C802.16m-08/003r5 as follows]

For the rate- 3 spatial multiplexing modes, the input to the MIMO encoder is represented as a $3 \times 1$ vector

$$
\mathbf{x}=\left[\begin{array}{l}
s_{1}  \tag{Equation11.8.2.1.1.2-15}\\
s_{2} \\
s_{3}
\end{array}\right],
$$

The output of the MIMO encoder is a $3 \times 1$ vector

$$
\begin{equation*}
\mathbf{z}=\mathbf{x}, \tag{Equation11.8.2.1.1.2-16}
\end{equation*}
$$

For the 4 Tx rate- 3 mode, the output of the precoder is a $4 \times 1$ vector

$$
\begin{equation*}
\mathbf{y}=\mathbf{W} \times \mathbf{z}, \tag{Equation11.8.2.1.1.2-17}
\end{equation*}
$$

where $\mathbf{W}$ is a $4 \times 3$ unitary precoder. Note that $\mathbf{W}$ may be frequency and/ or time dependent as described in section 11.8.2.1.1. $\quad \mathbf{W}$ is a set of 4 antenna circulation matrices, i.e.,

$$
\mathbf{W}=\left[\begin{array}{lll}
1 & 0 & 0  \tag{Equation11.8.2.1.1.2-18}\\
0 & 1 & 0 \\
0 & 0 & 1 \\
0 & 0 & 0
\end{array}\right],\left[\begin{array}{lll}
1 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 1 & 0 \\
0 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 0 & 1
\end{array}\right],\left[\begin{array}{lll}
1 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 1 & 0 \\
0 & 0 & 1
\end{array}\right],\left[\begin{array}{lll}
0 & 0 & 0 \\
1 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 1 & 0 \\
0 & 0 & 1
\end{array}\right]-
$$

W can be changed every tone or symbol.

For the 8 Tx rate- 3 mode, the output of the precoder is a $8 \times 1$ vector

$$
\mathbf{y}=\mathbf{W} \times \mathbf{z},
$$

(Equation 11.8.2.1.1.2-19)

Where-W is a $8 \times 3$ precoder. Note that $\mathbf{W}$ may be frequency and/- or time dependent as described in-sectiont 11.8.2.1.1.
where $\mathbf{W}$ is defined as follows:

$$
\begin{equation*}
\mathbf{W}=\mathbf{W}_{1} \times \mathbf{W}_{2} \tag{Equation11.8.2.1.1.2-20}
\end{equation*}
$$

$\mathbf{W}_{1}$ is a $8 \times 4$ matrix which is implementation specific, $\mathbf{W}_{2}$ is a $4 \times 3$ unitary precoder which consists of a set of antenna circulation matrices, i.e.,

$$
\mathbf{W}_{2}=\left[\begin{array}{lll}
1 & 0 & 0  \tag{Equation11.8.2.1.1.2-21}\\
0 & 1 & 0 \\
0 & 0 & 1 \\
0 & 0 & 0
\end{array}\right],\left[\begin{array}{lll}
1 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 1 & 0 \\
0 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 0 & 1
\end{array}\right],\left[\begin{array}{lll}
1 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 1 & 0 \\
0 & 0 & 1
\end{array}\right],\left[\begin{array}{lll}
0 & 0 & 0 \\
1 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 1 & 0 \\
0 & 0 & 1
\end{array}\right]-
$$

$\mathbf{W}_{2}$ can be changed every tone or symbol.

For the rate- 4 spatial multiplexing modes, the input to the MIMO encoder is represented as a $4 \times 1$ vector

$$
\mathbf{x}=\left[\begin{array}{l}
s_{1} \\
s_{2} \\
s_{3} \\
s_{4}
\end{array}\right],
$$

(Equation 11.8.2.1.1.2-22)

The output of the MIMO encoder is a $4 \times 1$ vector

$$
\mathbf{z}=\mathbf{x}
$$

(Equation 11.8.2.1.1.2-23)

For the 4 Tx rate -4 mode, the output of the precoder is a $4 \times 1$ vector

$$
\begin{equation*}
\mathbf{y}=\mathbf{z}, \tag{Equation11.8.2.1.1.2-24}
\end{equation*}
$$

For the 8 Tx rate- 4 mode, the output of the precoder is a $8 \times 1$ vector

$$
\begin{equation*}
\mathbf{y}=\mathbf{W} \times \mathbf{z} \tag{Equation11.8.2.1.1.2-25}
\end{equation*}
$$

where $\mathbf{W}$ is a $8 \times 4$ precoder which is implementation specific. Note that $\mathbf{W}$ may be frequency and/or timedependent as described in section 11.8.2.1.1.


[^0]:    $\mathbf{W}_{1}$ is a $8 \times 4$ matrix which is implementation specific, $\mathbf{W}_{2}$ is a $4 \times 2$ unitary precoder which consists of a set of 6 antenna circulation matrices, i.e.,

