



***Thermal Effects of PoE
Phantom Current
on Magnetics***

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IEEE 802.3 March Plenary, 3/14/05



Topics of discussion

- Test setup
- Test results
 - Transformer
 - 4 wire choke
 - Encapsulation materials
- “THERMAL” spreadsheet
- Summary





What causes an increase in temperature

- Exclusively I^2R losses in windings that have phantom current flowing in PoE LAN magnetics.
 - Transformer's secondary winding in a 2 core design (see Figure 1).
 - Shunt choke in a 3 core design (see Figure 2).
 - A shared choke if present (see Figure 3).
 - EMI choke in phantom current circuit (see Figure 4).

Sources of I^2R Losses

Transformer Secondary

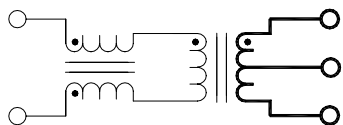


Figure 1.

Shunt Choke

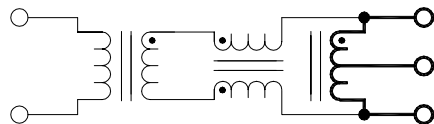


Figure 2.

Shared Choke

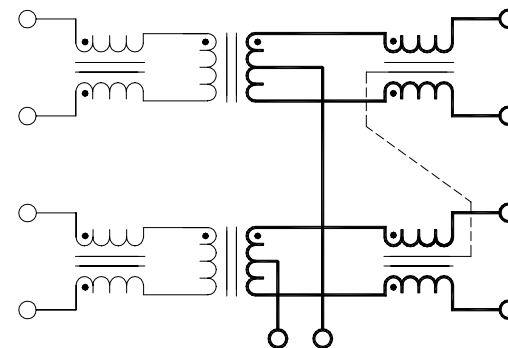


Figure 3.

4 Wire Choke

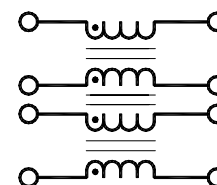


Figure 4.

NOTE: BOLD LINES INDICATE PHANTOM (PoE) CURRENT PATH.

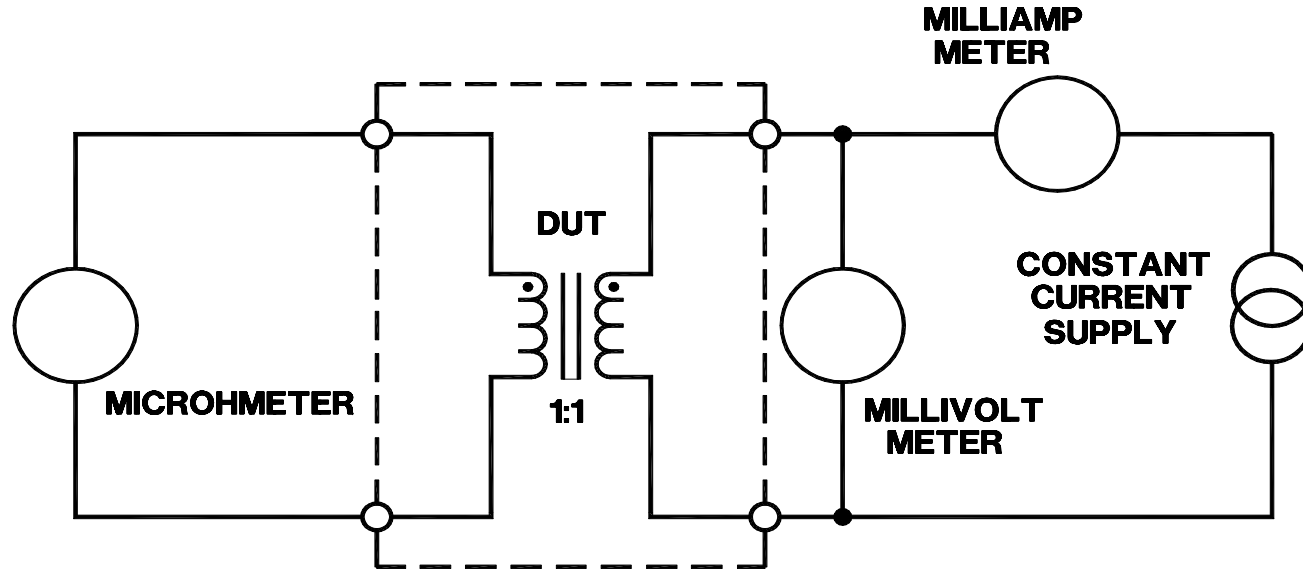


Factors affecting temperature rise

- Current.
- Winding resistance.
 - Core geometry.
 - Wire gauge.
 - Number of turns in winding.
- Encapsulation Material.
- Dimensions of cavity in which the magnetics reside.



Test Setup



1. TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT OF RESISTANCE IN COPPER WIRE

$$\text{RESISTANCE (R)} = R_{20} \bullet (1.00393) \bullet (T - 20))$$

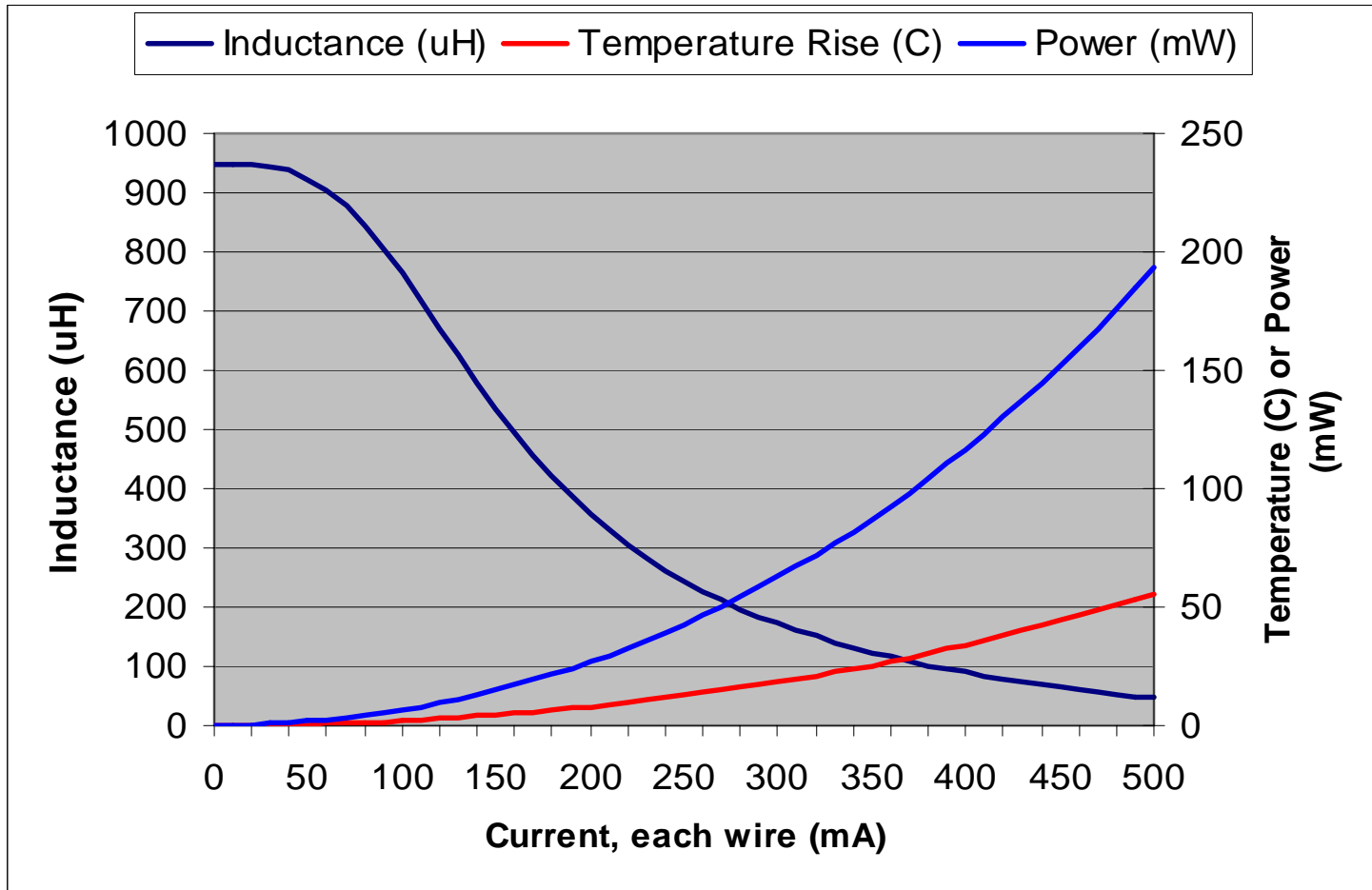
WHERE: T = TEMPERATURE IN °C

R₂₀ = RESISTANCE AT 20 °C

2. CAVITY DIMENSIONS = .500W x .485L x .225H
3. DUT = 1 to 4 TRANSFORMERS

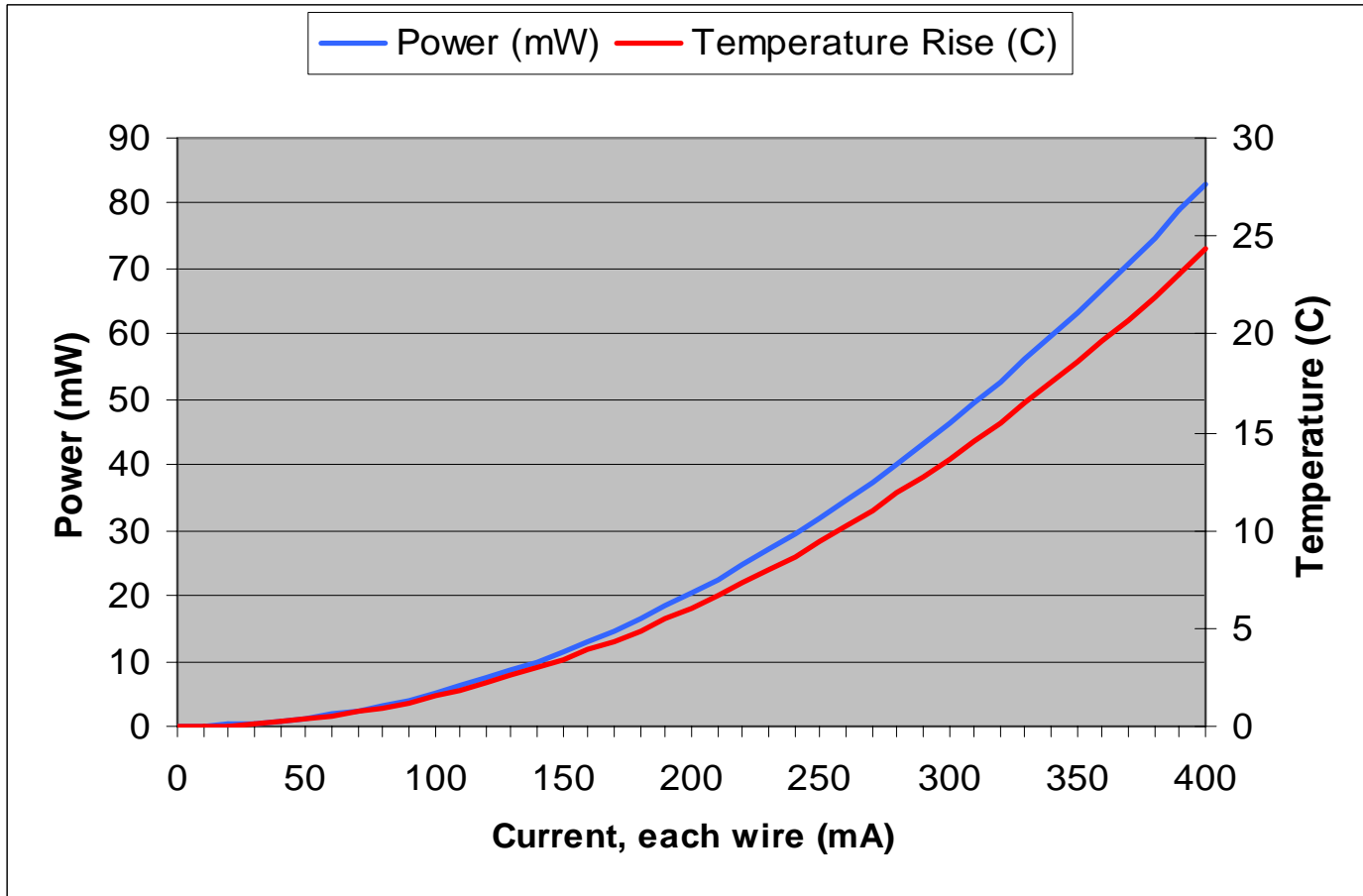


10/100 or Gigabit Transformer



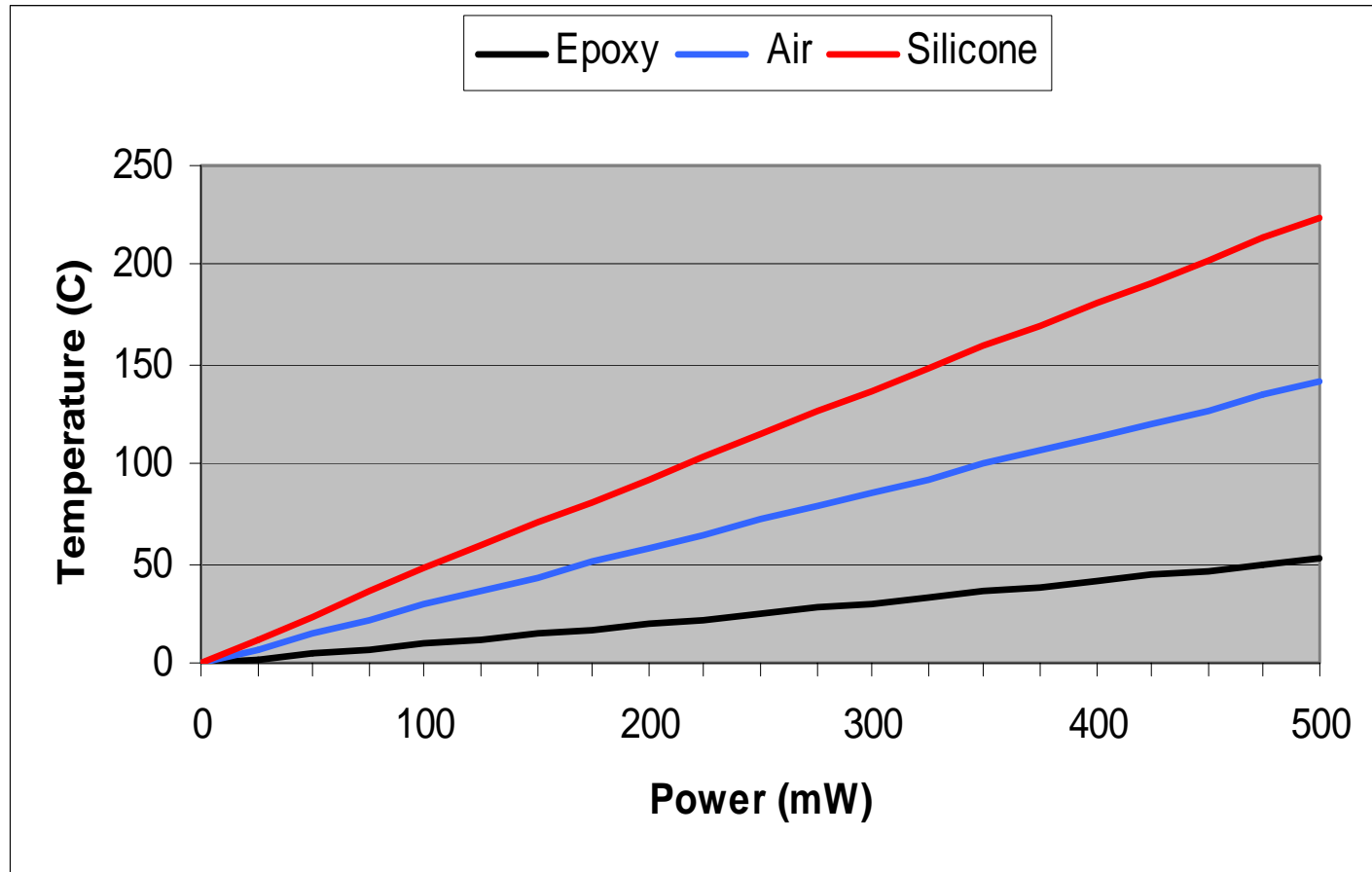


4 Wire Choke





Encapsulation Medium





“Thermal” spreadsheet

- Tool for predicting temperature rise and transformer inductance resulting from PoE phantom currents.
- Results based on experimental data.
- Shows effect of changing wire gauge and/or core geometries has on temperature rise and space requirements.



Summary

- 175 mA over 4 pairs should result in a 12 °C worst case increase in internal temperature with 37 AWG wire.
- 350 mA over 2 pairs should result in a 25 °C worst case increase in internal temperature with 37 AWG wire.
- A more serious problem is the impact increasing PoE current has on the transformer's inductance.

