Address Flow Scenarios

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Introduction

- Questions came up at the last meeting in February regarding address translations through the UMT.
- Action item was taken to illustrate L3 and L2 transitions
- This presentation examines two scenarios:
 - L3 UMT with TR-069 as an example
 - L2 UMT with OAM via EPoC FCU based on EPoC
 System Specification project (currently hibernated)
 - With help from Curtis Knittle

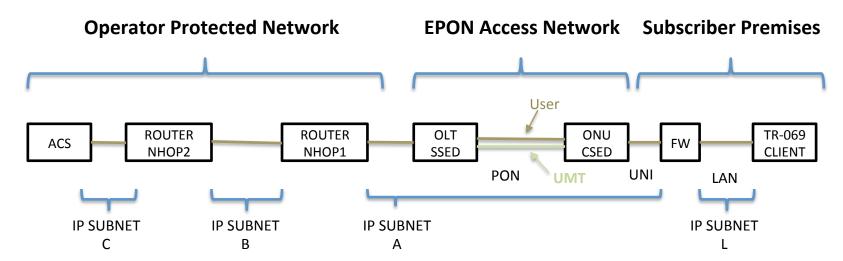
Scenario 1 Setup

- UMT over PON network only
 - Distinguish IP TR-069 with router traversal
- Assumptions
 - Client Side Edge Device is co-located with ONU
 - IP over Ethernet exchanged between ONU and subscriber firewall
 - Client device is located on home LAN
 - Server Side Edge Device is co-located with OLT
 - TR-069 Auto Configuration Service (ACS) is two router hops from OLT

Scenario 1 Questions

- What is the IP and MAC address translations between TR-069 client and ACS?
 - See tf2_1504_laubach_2.pdf
- What must be pre-configured before L3 "flows" are properly distinguished for UMT?
 - What detailed knowledge of service/client address, protocol, ports, etc. must be known in advance?
 - Can any configuration be automatic?
- What can break and/or be misused?

Scenario 1: UMT over PON network only, Distinguish IP TR-069 with router traversal



Address Notations

MAC	M-C-ACS	M-B-NHOP2 M-C-NHOP2	M-A-NHOP1 M-B-NHOP1	M-A-SSED (OLT)	M-A-ONU	M-L-FW M-A-FW	M-L-FW M-L-CLIENT
IP	IP-C-ACS	IP-B-NHOP2 IP-3-NHOP2	IP-A-NHOP1 IP-B-NHOP1			IP-A-FW	IP-L-FW IP-L-CLIENT
Port	443 P3					P2	P1

Further Setup Assumptions for Scenario 1:

- CSED client at ONU with no IP stack
- 2. SSED client at OLT with no IP stack
- 3. Static configuration of UMT clients for match criteria (learning option shown for information for SSED)
 - 1. IP filter match SSED ingress <DST-MAC,SRC-IP,Protocol,SRC-Port> = <M-A-FW,IP-C-ACS,TCP,443>
 - 2. IP filter match for CSED ingress <SRC-MAC,DST-IP,Protocol,DST-Port> = <M-A-FW,IP-C-ACS,TCP,443>

- What is the IP and MAC address translations between TR-069 client and ACS?
 - review tf2_1504_laubach_2.pdf

- What must be pre-configured before L3 "flows" are properly distinguished for UMT?
 - In ONU CSED:
 - Received via UNI from FW to place into UMT:
 - Pre-configured per L3 service; e.g., ACS:
 - » Server destination: <IP address, TCP/UDP, Port #>
 - » Cannot be learned, must match service provider configuration of DHCP, etc.
 - Received via PON to UNI:
 - Automatic
 - Any L3-encapsulated UMT Frame is converted back to L3

- (continued)
 - In OLT SSED (pre-configured):
 - Received via PON (from ONU) to NNI [?]:
 - Automatic
 - Any L3-encapsulated UMT Frame is converted back to L3
 - Received via NNI to place into UMT:
 - Configured per L3 service; e.g., ACS:
 - » Server source: <IP address, TCP/UDP, Port #>
 - » Must match service provider server configuration

- (continued)
 - In OLT SSED (learned):
 - Received via PON (from ONU) to NNI:
 - Automatic
 - Any L3-encapsulated UMT Frame is converted back to L3
 - Learned FW source: <IP address, TCP/UDP, Port #>
 - Received via NNI to place into UMT:
 - Received L3 matching FW IP source is placed into UMT

- What can break and/or be misused?
 - If CSED or SSED filter rules are not in place (or are stale and not following server changes) any L3 management traffic would not be placed in UMT
 - Nothing breaks, this is today's behavior
 - Accounted in user traffic
 - Can the service be misused?
 - Yes, by "clever" subscriber
 - Any Ethernet frame received at ONU via UNI from subscriber with ETYPE of 0x8UMT should be discarded

Scenario 2

- UMT over PON network only
 - Distinguish L2 OAM with EPoC FCU traversal

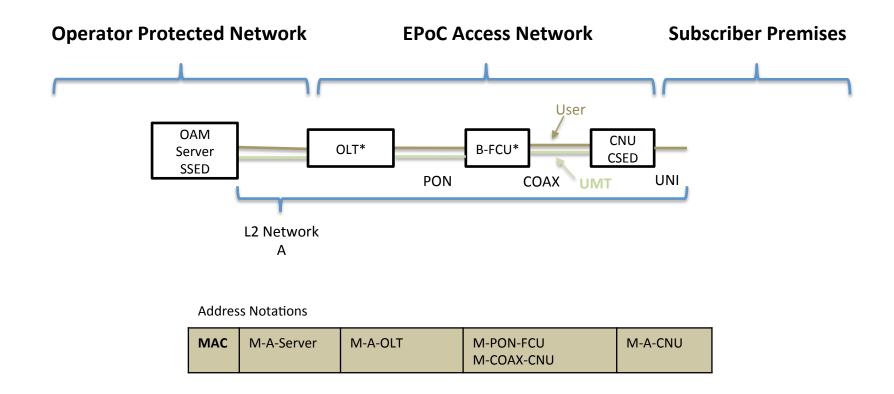
Scenario 2 Setup

- UMT over PON network only
 - Distinguish L2 OAM with EPoC FCU traversal
- Assumptions
 - Client Side Edge Device with CNU
 - Server Side Edge Device with OAM Server
 - EPoC System Specification B-FCU bridge model
 - Unicast DA's for OAM

Scenario 2 Questions

- What are the L2 address translations?
- What must be pre-configured before L2 "flows" are properly distinguished for UMT?
 - What detailed knowledge of service/client address, protocol, ports, etc. must be known in advance?
 - Can any configuration be automatic?
- What can break and/or be misused?

Scenario 2: UMT for EPoC System FCU



Assumptions for Scenario 2:

- CSED client at both CNU
- 2. SSED client at OAM Server
- 3. *B-FCU and OLT may place UMT Ethertype into a different aggregate service flow (e.g. one PON LLID to carry all UMT traffic)
 Not learned.

- What are the L2 address translations?
 - Existing OAM runs as-is
 - None for Ethertype 0x8UMT traffic
- What must be pre-configured before L3
 "flows" are properly distinguished for UMT?
 - CNU configured for UMT CSED support
 - eOAM is directly encoded in/out UMT in the CSED stack
 - OAM server configured for UMT SSED support
 - eOAM is directly encoded in/out of UMT in SSED stack

- What must be pre-configured (continued)
 - B-FCU and OLT may place UMT Ethertype into a different aggregate service flow (e.g. one PON LLID to carry all UMT traffic)
 - Not learned.
 - Configured by the service provider outside of UMT
 - B-FCU and OLT must bridge (forward) Ethertype
 0x8UMT traffic

- What can break and/or be misused?
 - OLT bridge table must know of CNU Coax MAC address for forwarding from OAM server to PON
 - Can the service be misused?
 - Yes, by "clever" subscriber
 - Any Ethernet frame received at ONU via UNI from subscriber with ETYPE of 0x8UMT should be discarded

Summary

- UMT approach works as expected for the L3 and L2 scenarios presented
 - EPoC System Specification B-FCU model appears to be fully supported by UMT Scenario 2
 - We just need IEEE P802.3bn to get into ballot and CableLabs project restarted

THANK YOU