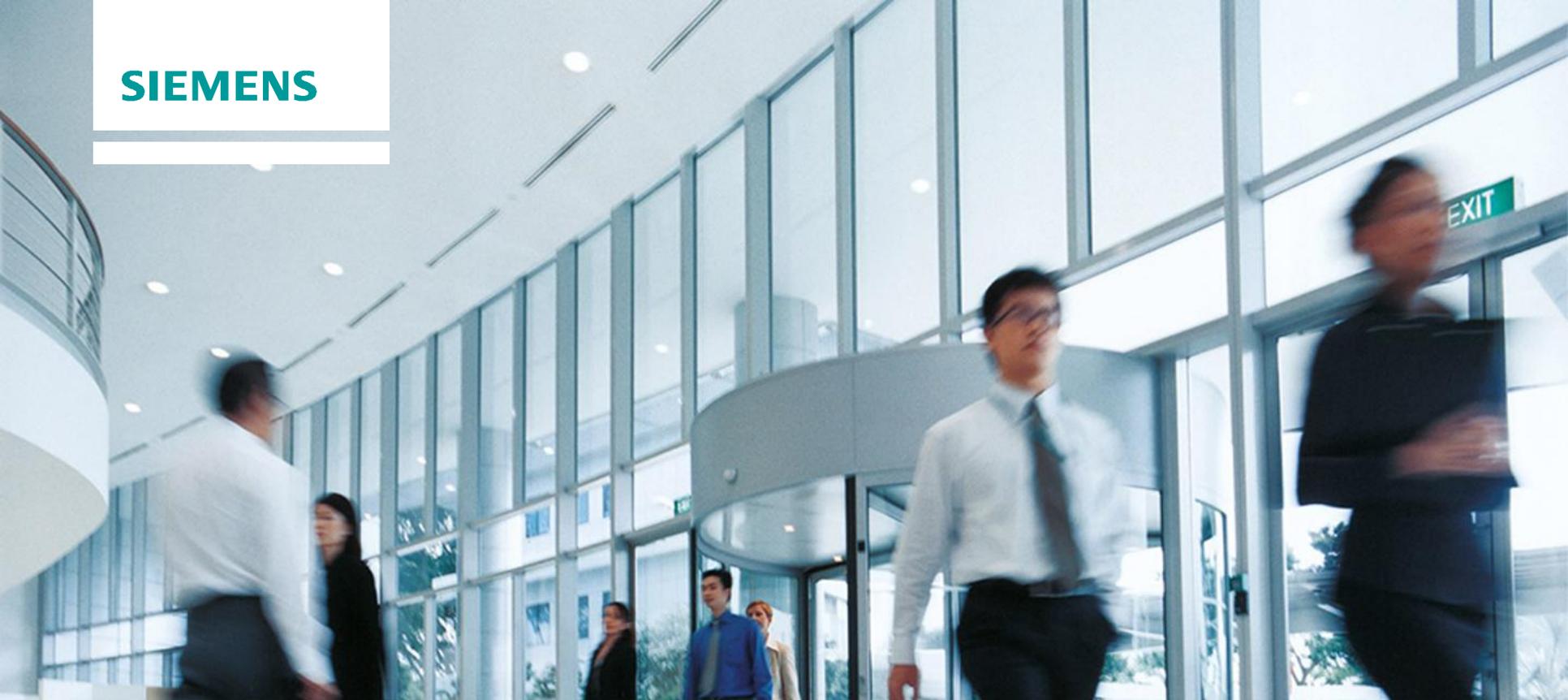




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MSRP++ for Stream Registration and Reservation

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Contents

- Example of a structured industrial fieldbus
- Splitting of static and dynamic stream attributes for registration and reservation (why and how)
- Transport mechanisms for MSRP++
- An extended vectoring mechanism for stream reservation

We show in this presentation our current view on MSRP++ for stream registration and reservation, taking into accounts the comments on the mailing list regarding our last presentation (particularly those from Norm Finn, Mick Seaman, Karl Weber ...).

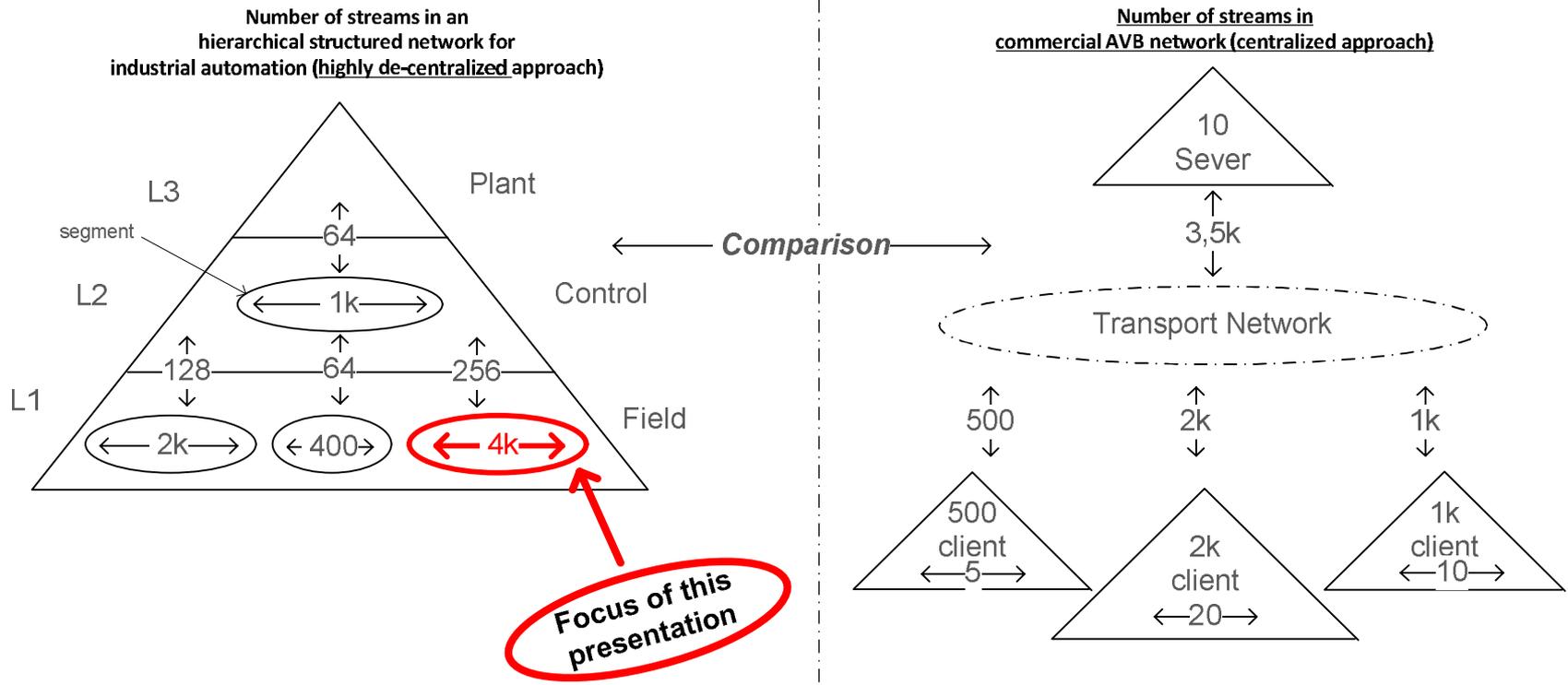
Link to last MSRP++ presentation:

<http://www.ieee802.org/1/files/public/docs2015/new-goetz-MRPv2-1115-v02.pdf>

Recap

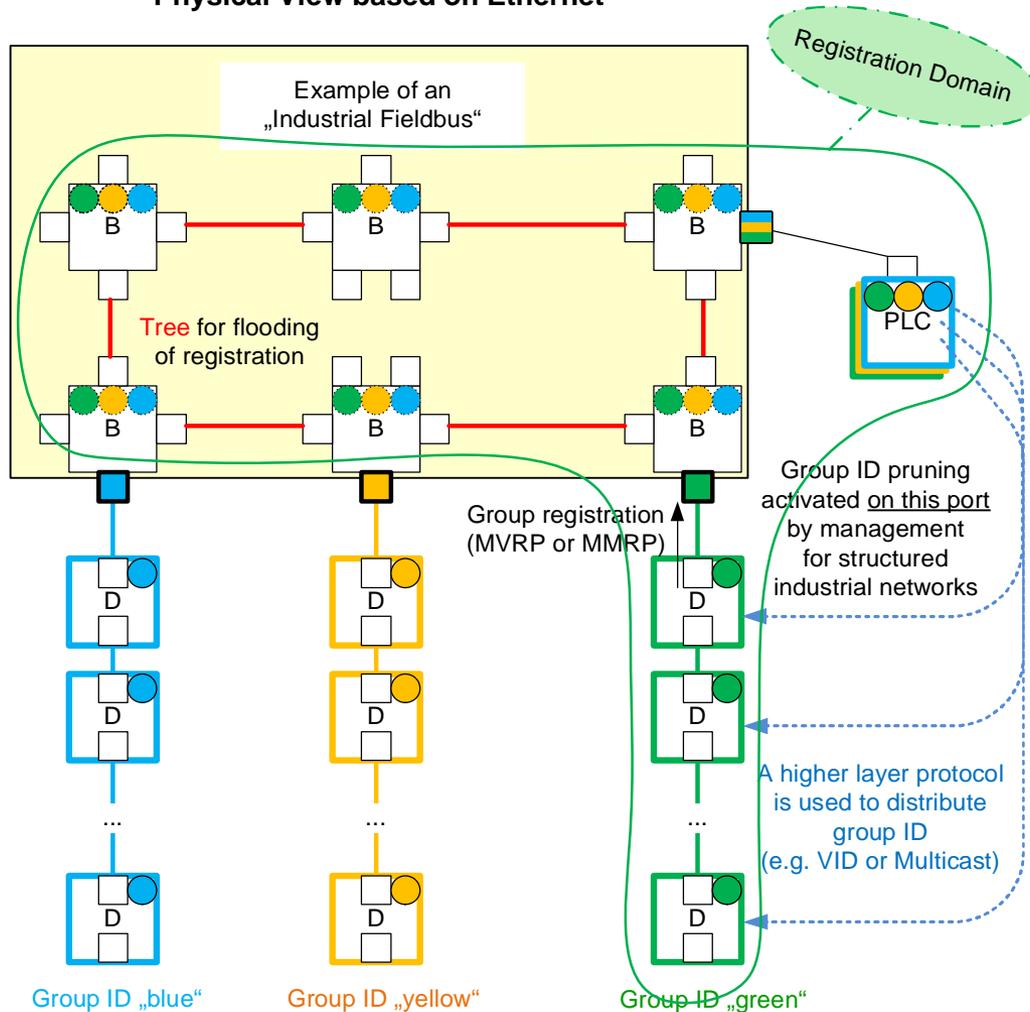
The last presentation showed the flow of streams of a typical industrial use case.

This presentation gives a perspective on how MSRP++ can help to scale up to more streams.

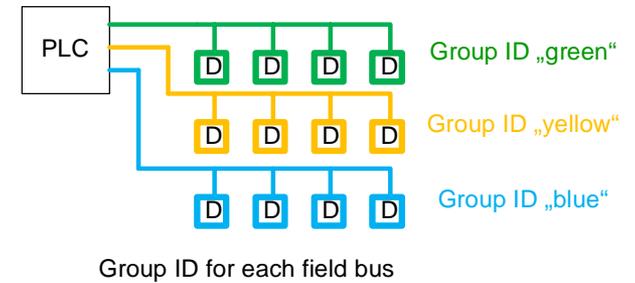


Logical and Physical View of structured Industrial Fieldbus

Physical View based on Ethernet



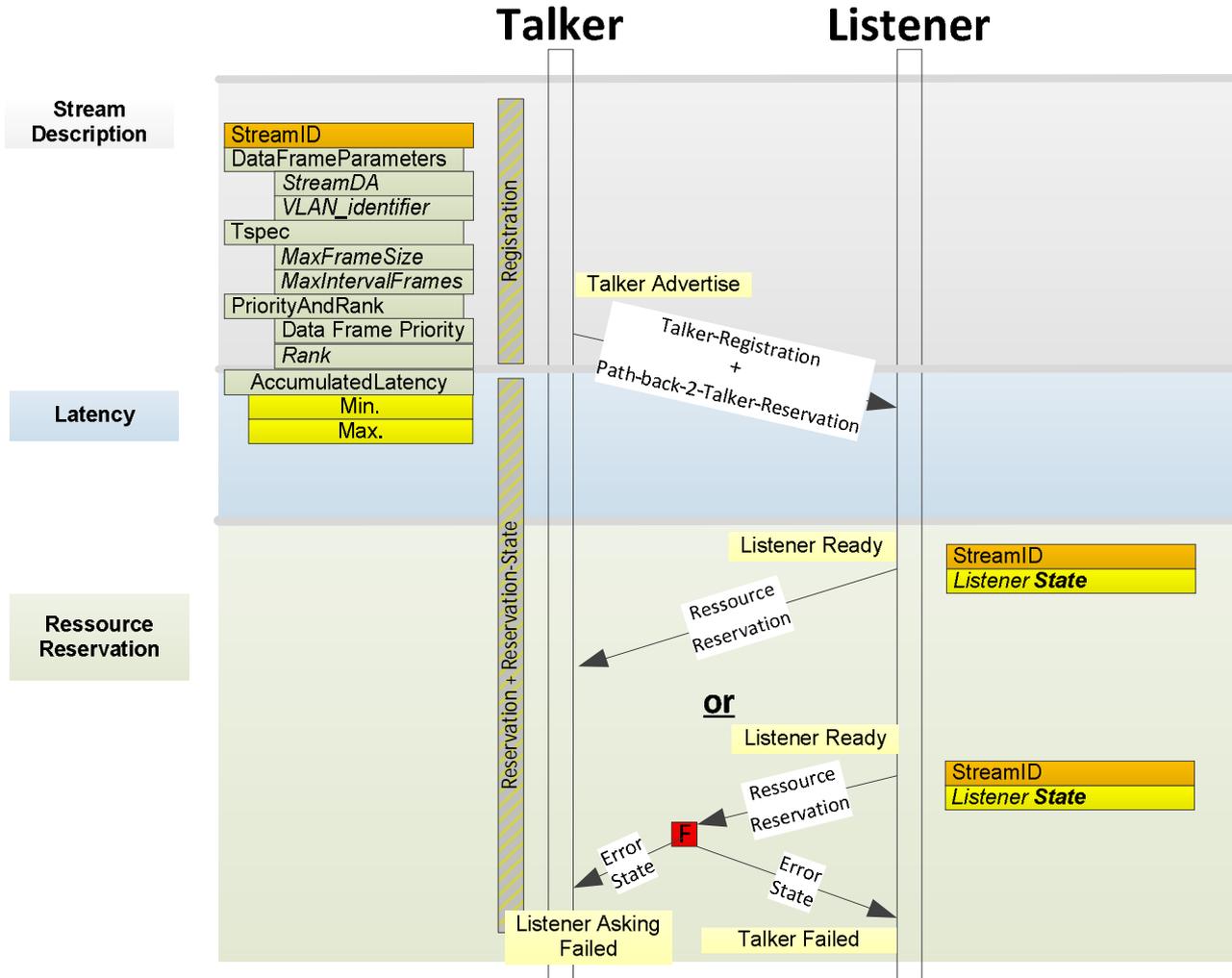
Logical view of the membership for the registration „to map „dedicated Industrial Fieldbuses“



-  Bridge / 2-Port-Device is active member of the group
-  Port is border - member of the group
-  Group information is stored in the device

Recap

Registration and Reservation of current MSRP



Static and Dynamic Stream Attributes

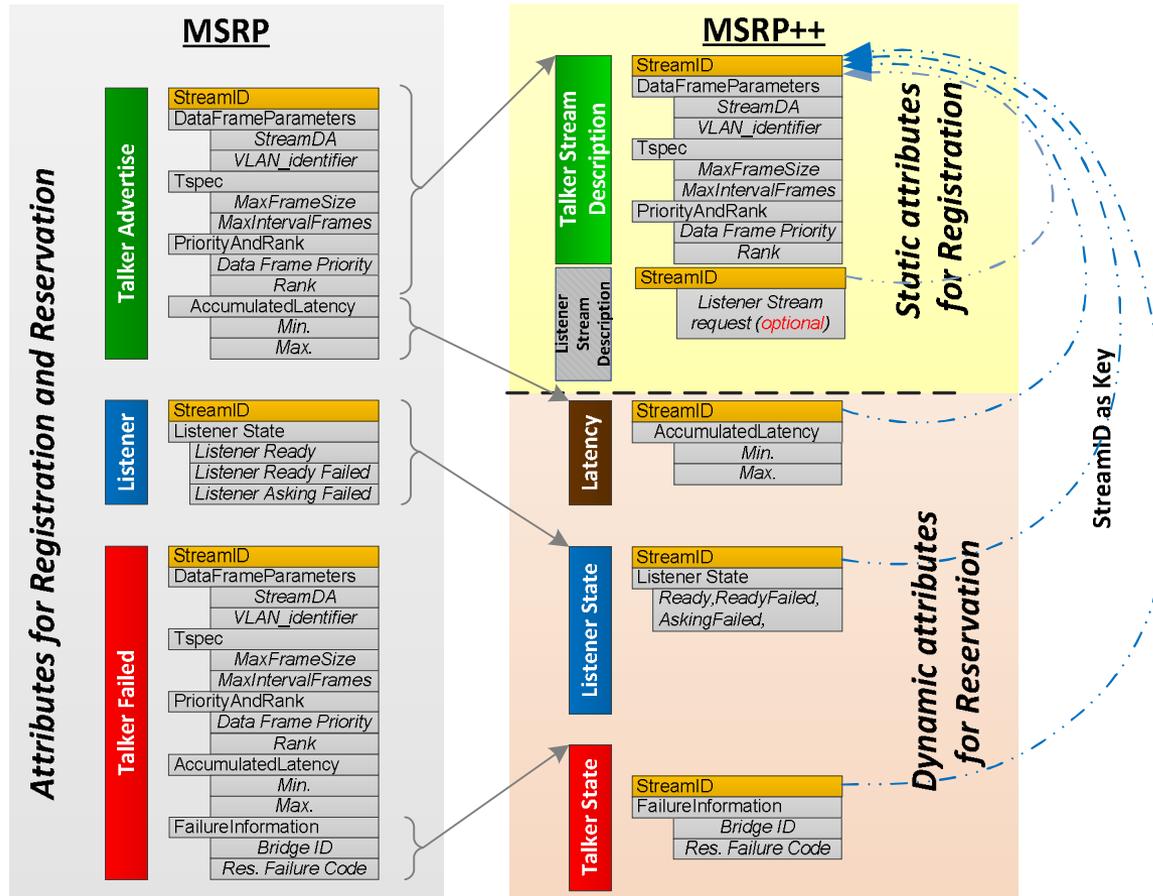
Why splitting attributes into static (for registration) and dynamic (for reservation)?

- **Static Stream attributes – stream registration info**
 - independent of stream forwarding path → **can be flooded on a spanning tree**
 - **Don't get changed** by bridges (constant)
- **Dynamic Stream attributes – stream reservation info**
 - dependent of stream forwarding path → **has to be distributed on tree(s) of a data plane**
 - **Can be changed** by bridges

	Static Attributes	Dynamic Attributes
Timing requirements	can be refreshed slowly	must be propagated fast
Topology changes	unaffected, no changes	changes applied to the entire affected stream forwarding path
Size of attributes	huge	small

Due to the different natures of static and dynamic stream information, MSRP++ aims to apply different improvements to stream registration and reservation.

Proposal for Splitting of Attributes into Static Registration and Dynamic Reservation information



Using the Stream ID as a Key for referencing the Stream Description is important:

- to split dynamic and static information
- to gain smaller attributes for reservation

Transport Mechanisms for MSRP++

Proposal:

Introducing different transport mechanisms which respect the different natures of stream attributes

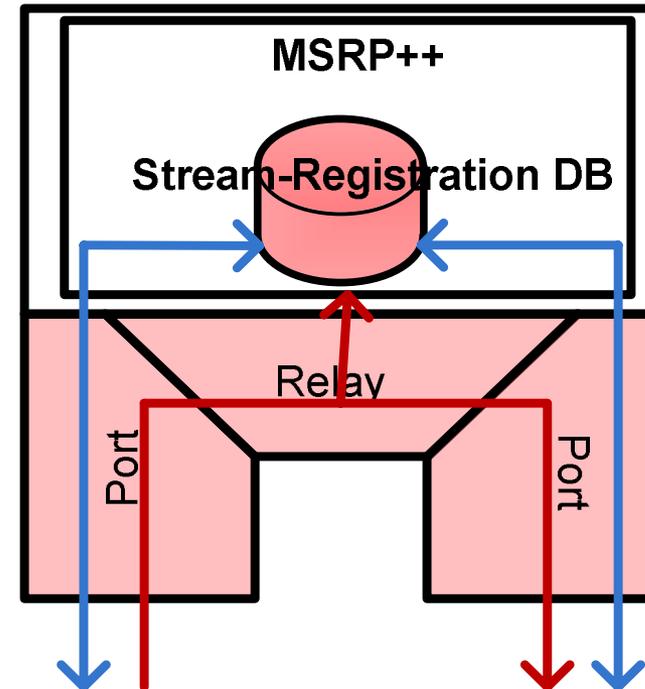
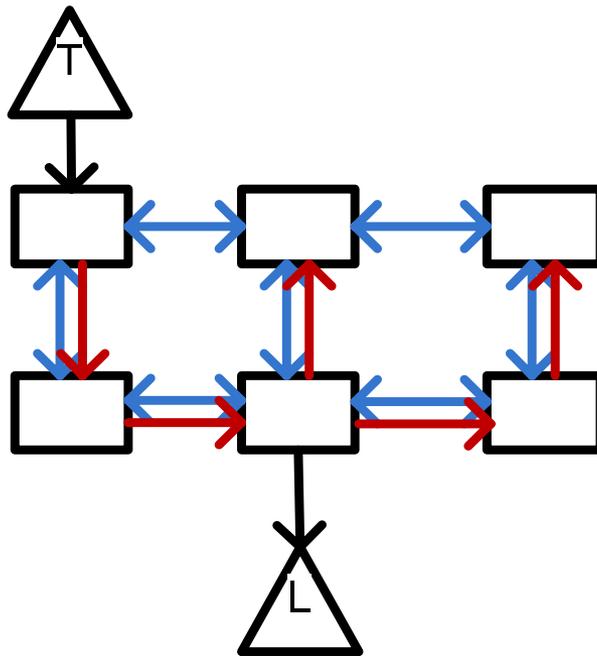
IS-IS like:

A flooding mechanism on a spanning tree + CSNP, PSNP like mechanism as link-layer for additional synchronization on link

LL-IS-IS (Link-Local-IS-IS):

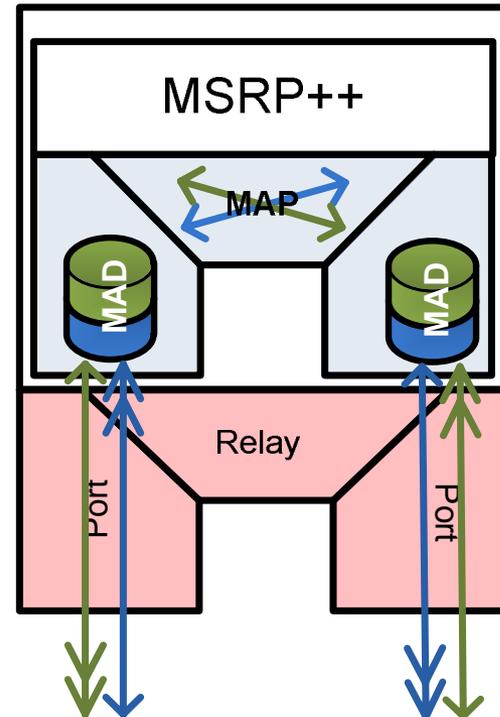
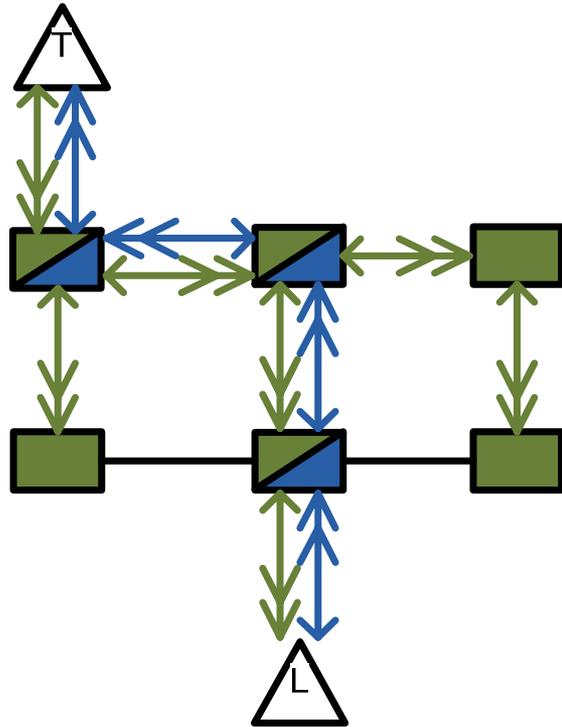
An improved attribute synchronization mechanism between two ports (link-local) utilizing some mechanism of IS-IS (e.g. hold time, checksum,...)

IS-IS like Transport Mechanism



-  Flooding static information (e.g. stream description) on a spanning tree within the „registration domain“
-  Additional Sync on link with PSNP/CSNP like mechanism

LL-IS-IS (Link-Local-IS-IS) Transport Mechanism



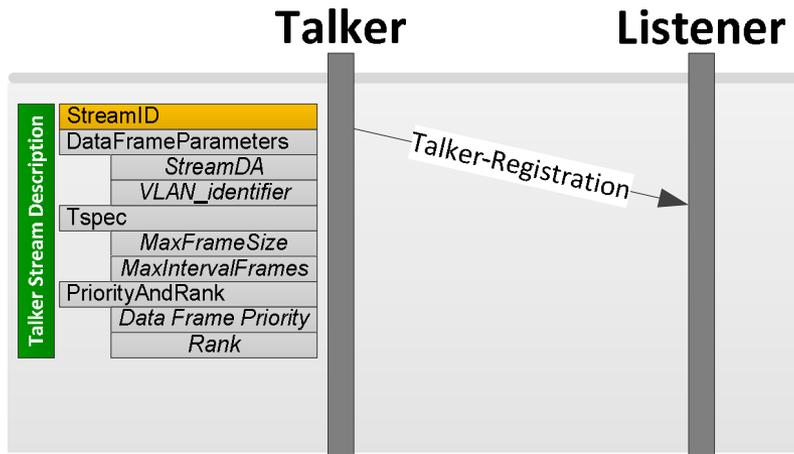
- Distributing dynamic stream information for Path-Reservation (e.g. Talker state)
- Can be also used to distribute static stream information (e.g. Registration)



- Distributing dynamic stream information for Resource-Reservation (e.g. Listener state)

Transportation Mechanisms for Stream Registration

LL-IS-IS



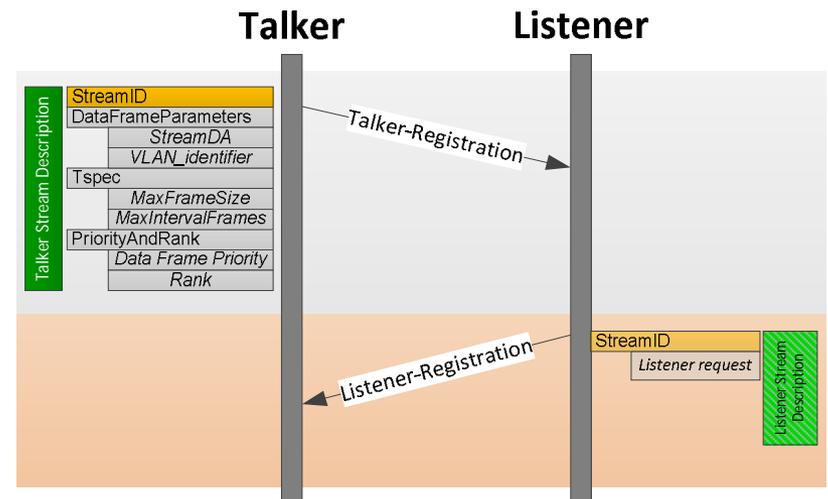
Basic operation:

- Without pruning the Stream description will be distributed on tree(s) of a data plane

Optional

- Stream registration can be pruned by
 - MVRP
 - MMRP
 - ...

IS-IS like



Basic operation:

- The Talker and Listener stream registration will be flooded a spanning tree within the „registration domain“ + PSNP/CSNP mechanism for synchronization on link

LL-IS-IS Protocol for Stream Reservation

❑ Path-Reservation

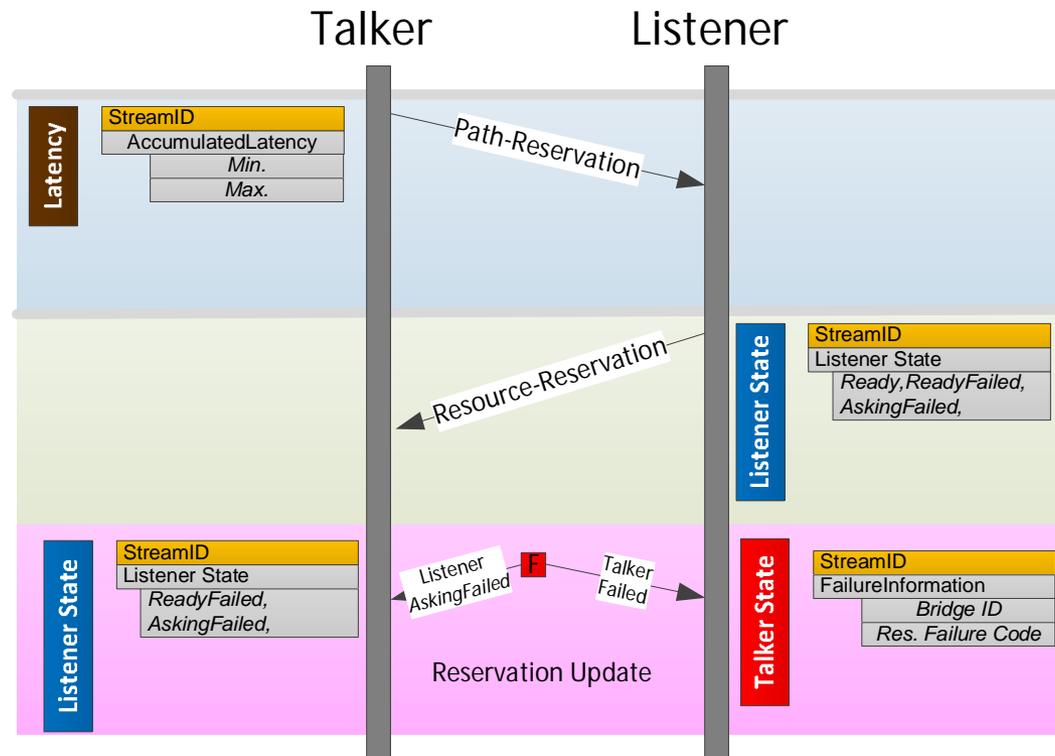
- ❑ Latency (optional) + Talker state is distributed on tree(s) of a data plane

❑ Resource-Reservation

- ❑ Listener state is reversely distributed on tree(s) of a data plane (Listener → Talker)

❑ Reservation-Update

- ❑ Talker- and Listener-State-Changes along the reserved path



MSRP++ Stream Registration / Reservation Models

Model		typical usage by Bridges Network				typical usage by End Stations part of UNI			
		1	2	3	4		5		
Mechanism									
Registration / Reservation Elements	IS-IS like	Talker Registration	X	X	X	X			
	IS-IS like	Listener Registration	X	X	X				
	LL-IS-IS	Talker-Registration						X	
	LL-IS-IS	Path-Reservation				X		X	
	LL-IS-IS	Resource-Reservation			X	X		X	
	LL-IS-IS	Reservation- Update		X	X	X		X	

Model 1: Stream registration with implicit reservation

Model 4: Stream registration IS-IS like flooded on a spanning tree with LL-IS-IS reservation distributed on tree(s) of data plane

Model 5: Stream LL-IS-IS registration and LL-IS-IS reservation on link (Bridge \leftrightarrow End-Station \cong part of UNI)

How to improve scalability for optional Reservation (LL-IS-IS)?

Proposed methods to compress dynamic reservation information:

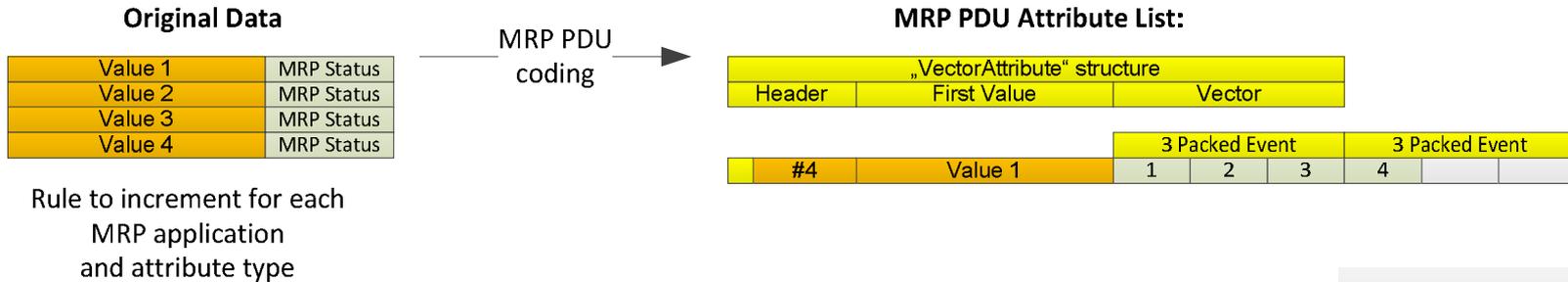
- Periodical checksum exchange on link (not the focus of this presentation)
- Using *Stream ID* as KEY for referencing to static Stream Description
- Introducing a more effective vectoring mechanism (compared to current MSRP version)

Recap

Vectoring mechanism of current MSRP version

Current MSRP version uses a vectoring mechanism to reduce the size of PDUs.

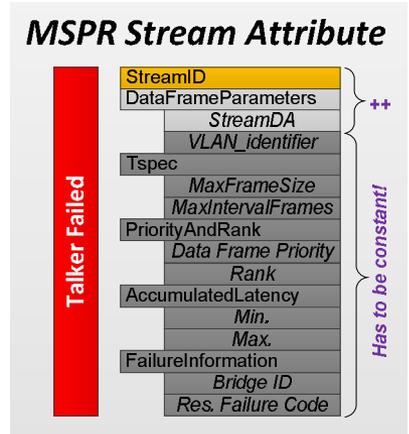
Principle: If the values follows a given known pattern, then they can be combined in an vector



Problem:

- **Huge Stream attributes prevent usage of vectoring mechanism**
→ The vector mechanism relies on ascending Stream attributes without gaps*
- **The usability highly depends on the application model**
→ Stream ID ++, Stream DA++ and constant Stream description with status are highly unlikely

*) Current MSRP version introduces an “ignore” value for the Listener status to enable gaps



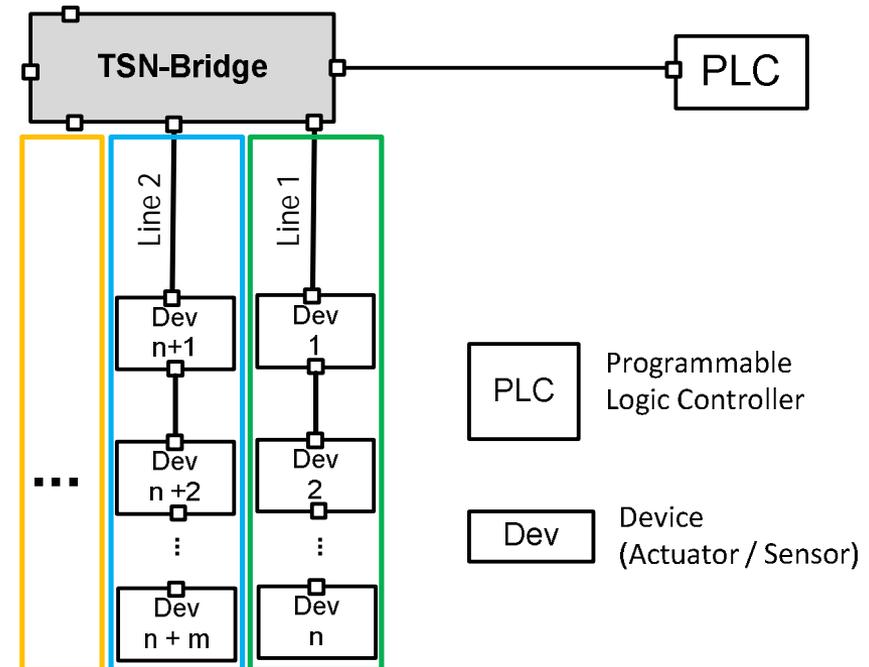
Example (PLC \leftrightarrow Actuator / Sensor) for Reservation with Vectoring Mechanism in structured Industrial Networks

Vectoring mechanism can be used to pack streaming reservation information in structured industrial networks

PLC \leftrightarrow Actuator / Sensor (Device)

Assumption:

- Bidirectional PLC \leftrightarrow Device communication
- Structured network
 - by topology e.g. daisy-chain, ring, comb, spoke, ring with uplink, ...
- Max number of streams
 - Per line (e.g 256 streams)
(is scaling issue for 2-port-devcies)
- Max number of streams per PLC
(e.g. 256, 512, ... 4096 streams)
 - **PLC is responsible for Stream ID generation (PLC \leftrightarrow Dev [1, n+m])
=> SA part of Stream ID meets PLC System ID**
 - **Stream ID generation is topology dependent**



MSRP++ Reservation with an Extended Vectoring Scheme

Proposal:

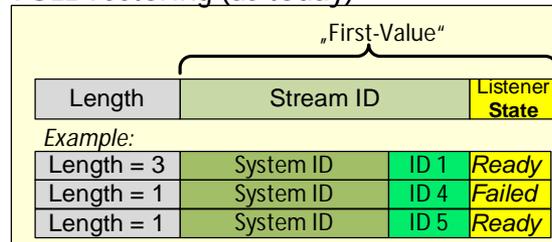
Use an extended vectoring scheme for encoding of reservation attributes.

Example encoding: Listener State

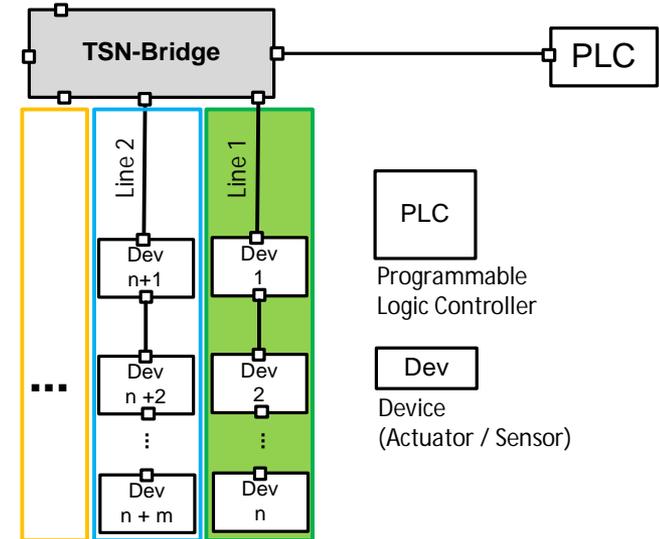
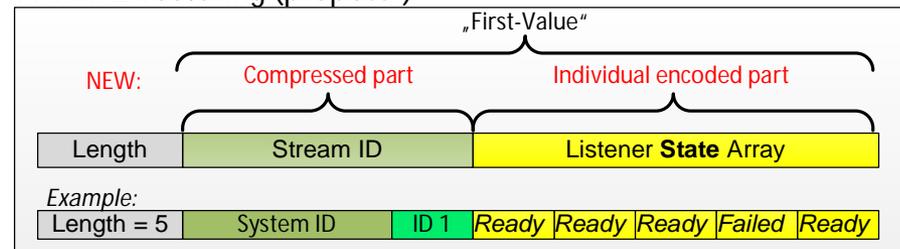
No Vectoring Mechanism

StreamID	Listener State
System ID	ID 1 Ready
System ID	ID 2 Ready
System ID	ID 3 Ready
System ID	ID 4 Failed
System ID	ID 5 Ready

FULL vectoring (as today)



PARTIAL vectoring (proposal)



Reservation attributes can be encoded more efficiently using an extended vectoring mechanism, thus improving the scalability of MSRP++.

Next Steps!

Industrial automation has a strong requirement for scalable and performance optimized registration and reservation protocol to support dynamic network configuration.

Our proposals:

- **Step 1:**
 - Detach the items that are not treated from the existing .1Qcc
- **Step 2:**
 - Start a new PAR for the items not covered in the existing .1Qcc PAR
 - Work on MSRP++ to improve scalability and performance

A decision is needed to start the protocol work fulfilling the enhanced requirements of professional Audio/Video and Industrial Automation on MSRP!

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