

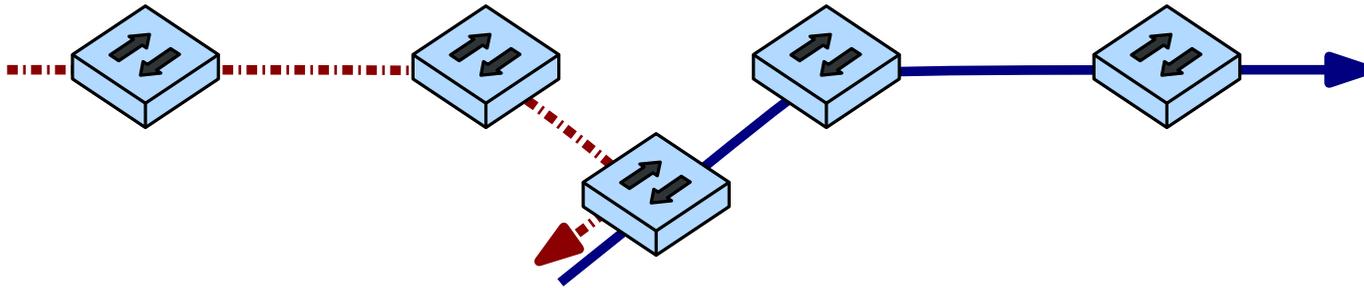


Bridge-Local Guaranteed Latency with Strict Priority Scheduling

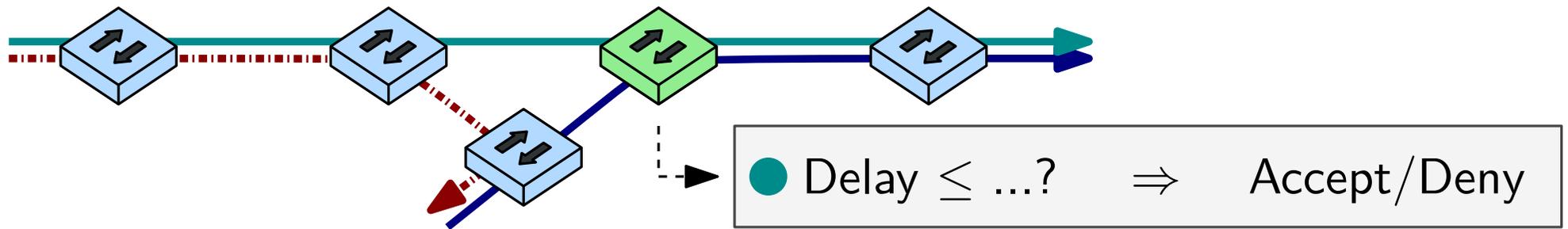
Alexej Grigorjew – March 02, 2020

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Introduction – Distributed Admission Control



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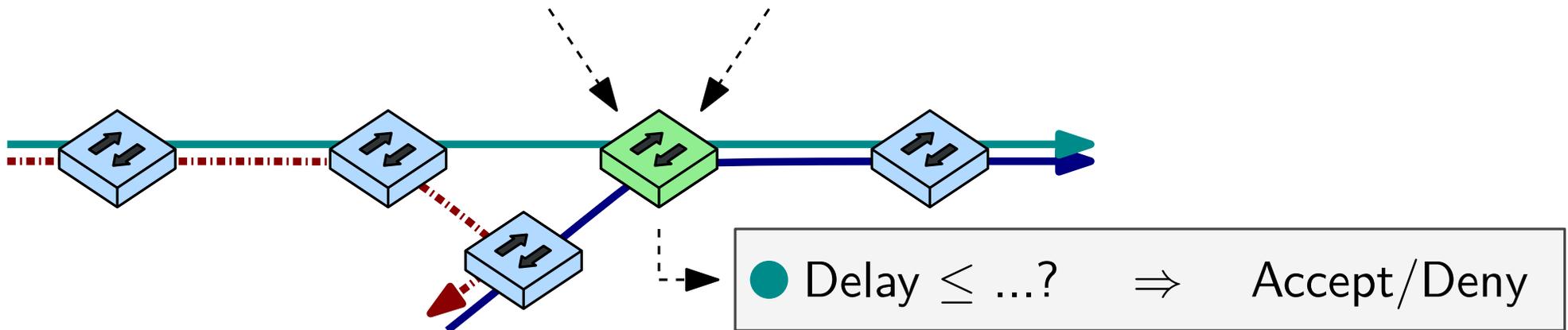
Introduction – Distributed Admission Control

Transmission Selection

SP	CBS	...
ATS	CQF	

Traffic Specification (SRP, RAP)

MaxFrameSize	Interval
MaxFramesPerInterval	...



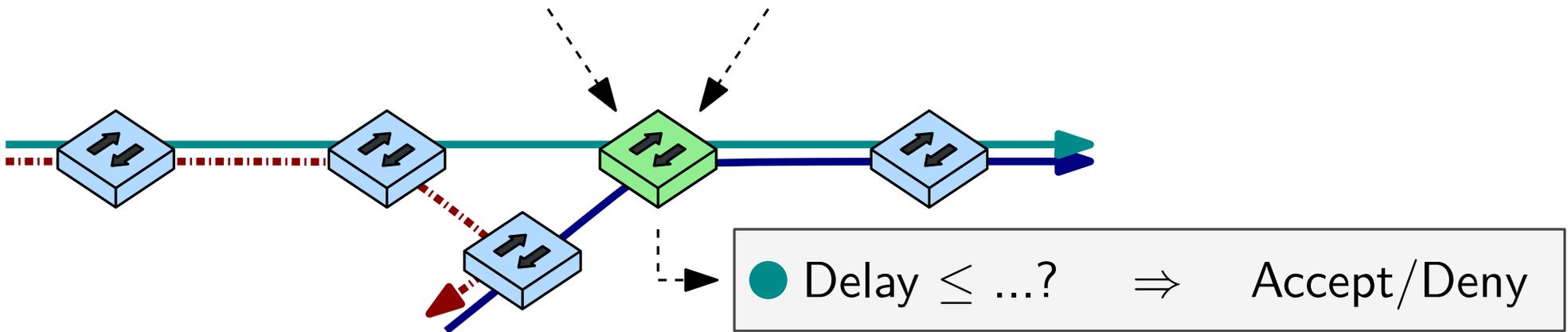
Introduction – Distributed Admission Control

Transmission Selection

SP	CBS	...
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Traffic Specification (SRP, RAP)

MaxFrameSize	Interval
MaxFramesPerInterval	...



Desired Features:

- ▶ Computationally feasible
- ▶ Do not require global information (from ●)
- ▶ Support brownfield installations \Rightarrow SP

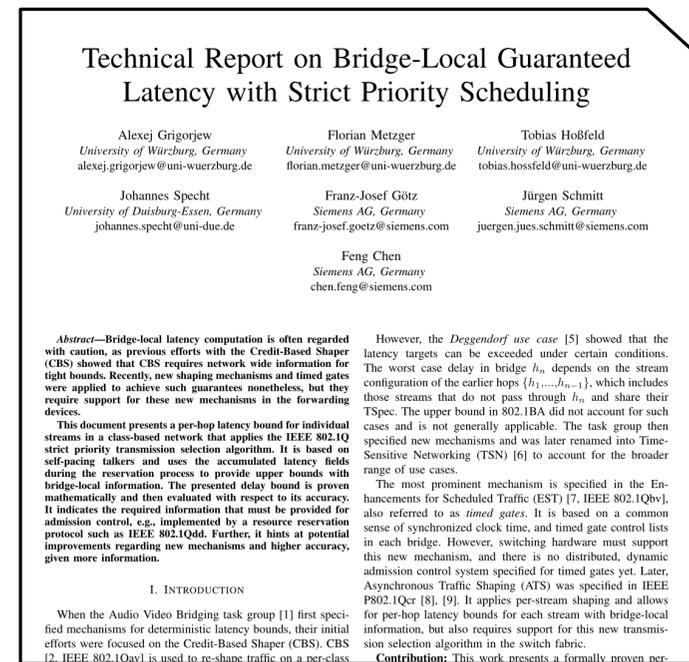
Table of Contents

Preliminaries:

- ▶ Switch delay model
- ▶ Assumptions and constraints
 - Talker characteristics
 - Switch characteristics

Contribution:

- ▶ Overview of required information from the Resource Allocation Protocol (RAP)
- ▶ Proven per-hop latency bound for Strict Priority (SP) transmission selection with only bridge-local information
- ▶ Initial evaluation of network capacity for an admission control system using this bound

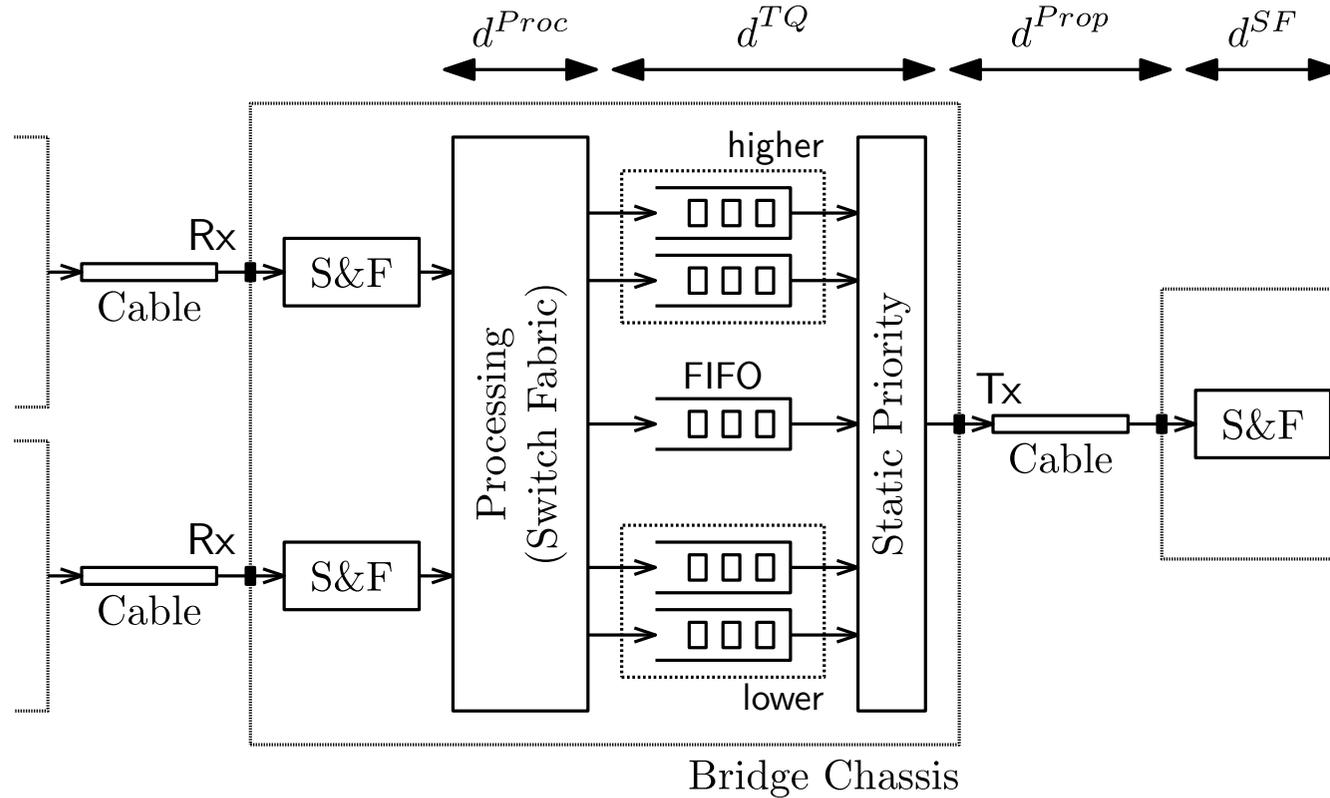


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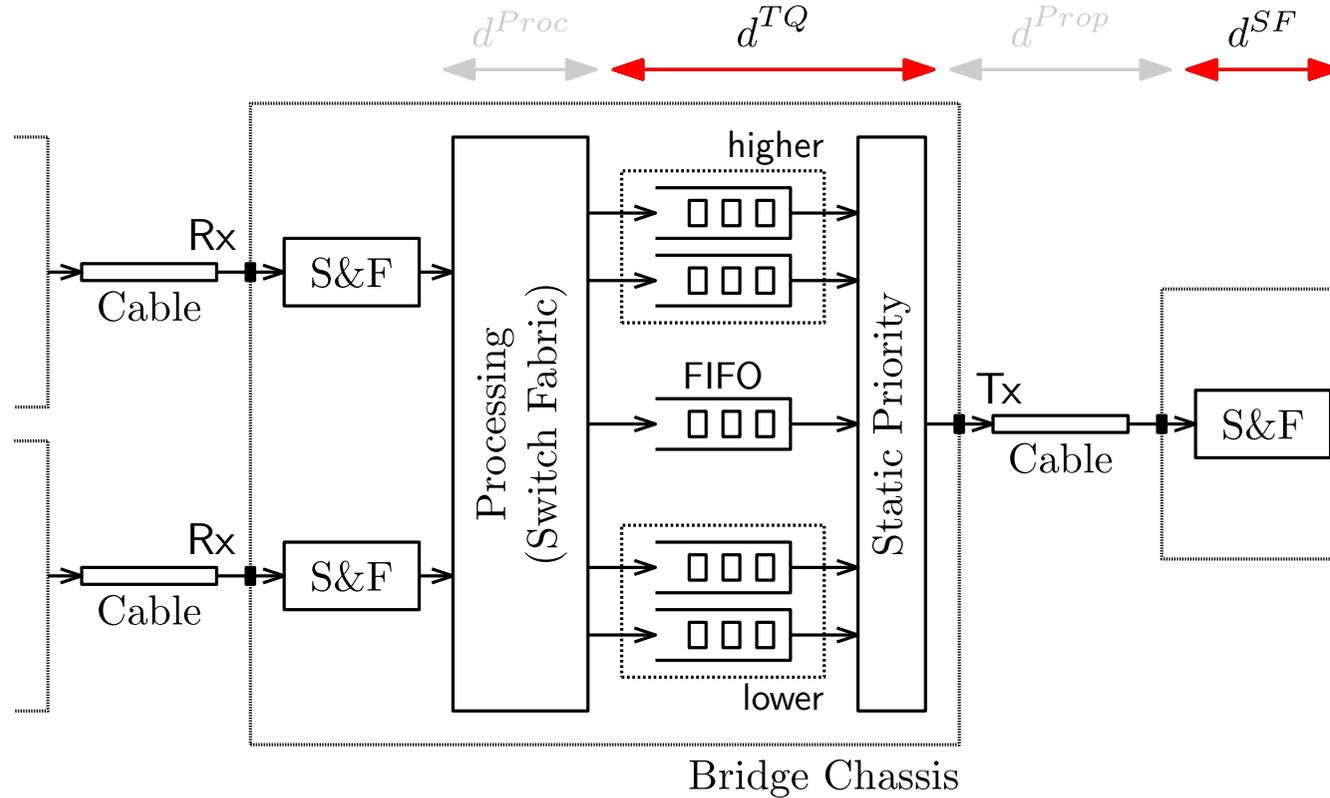
Preliminaries

Switch delay models, assumptions and constraints

Switch Delay Model



Switch Delay Model



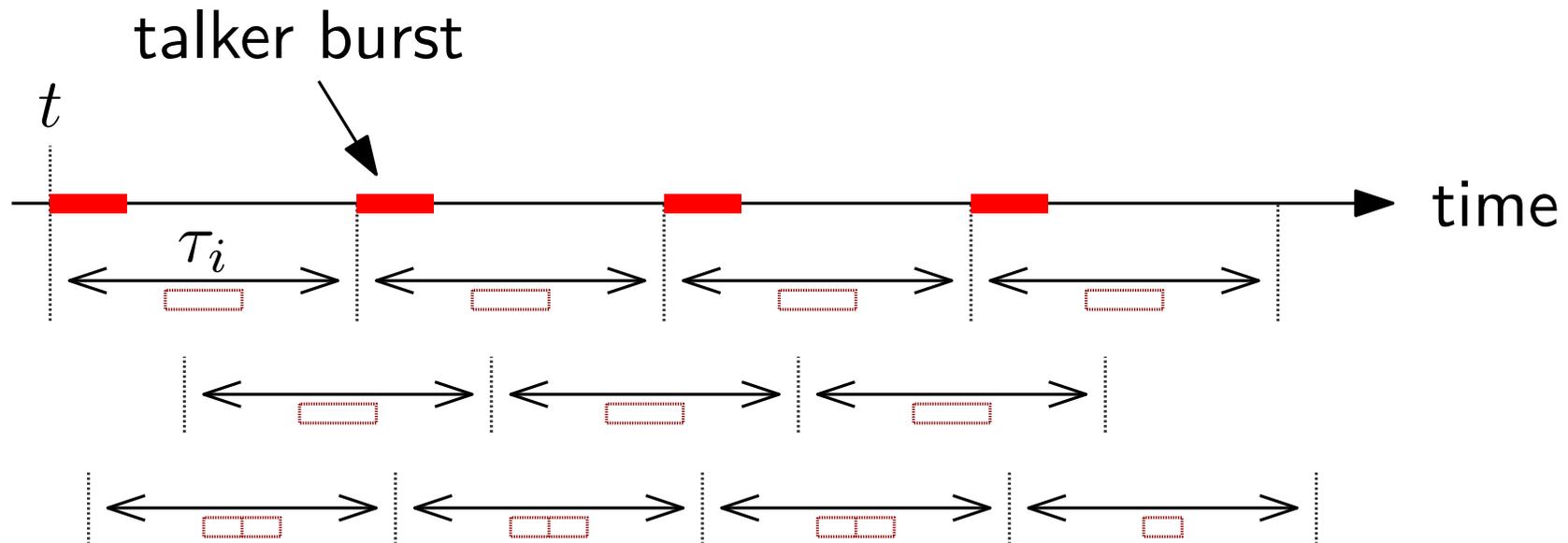
- ▶ Processing delay d^{Proc} is device specific and not considered
- ▶ Propagation delay d^{Prop} is bounded by max cable length
- ▶ Upper bound for $d^{TQ} + d^{SF}$ desired (queuing and transmission delay)

Assumptions and Constraints – Talkers

1. Frames of stream i do not exceed their **max frame size** \hat{l}_i and **min frame size** \check{l}_i .

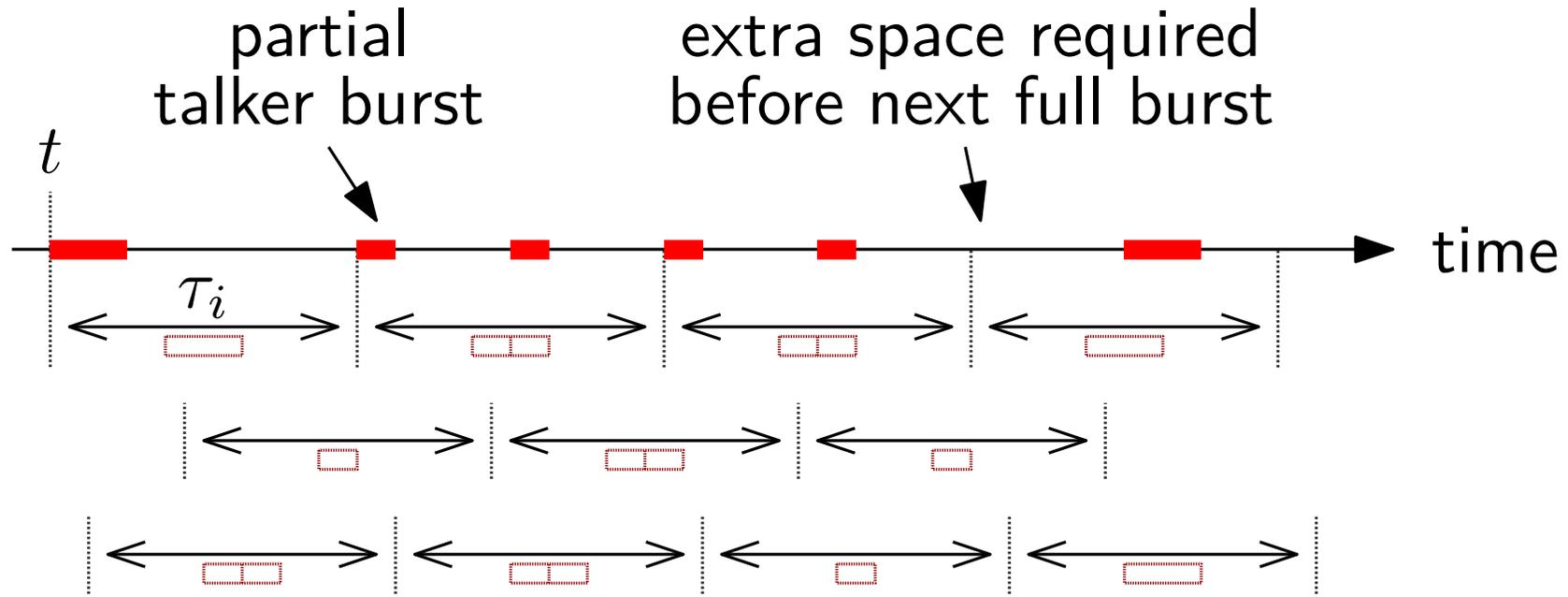
Assumptions and Constraints – Talkers

1. Frames of stream i do not exceed their **max frame size** $\hat{\ell}_i$ and **min frame size** $\check{\ell}_i$.
2. Talkers pace their traffic according to a **burst size** b_i and a **burst interval** τ_i . For any point t in time, the traffic sent by stream i in the time interval $[t, t + \tau_i]$ may not exceed b_i .



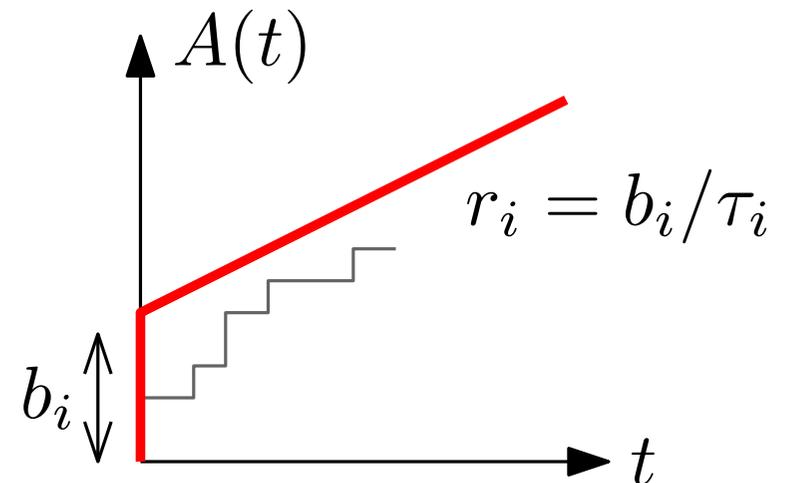
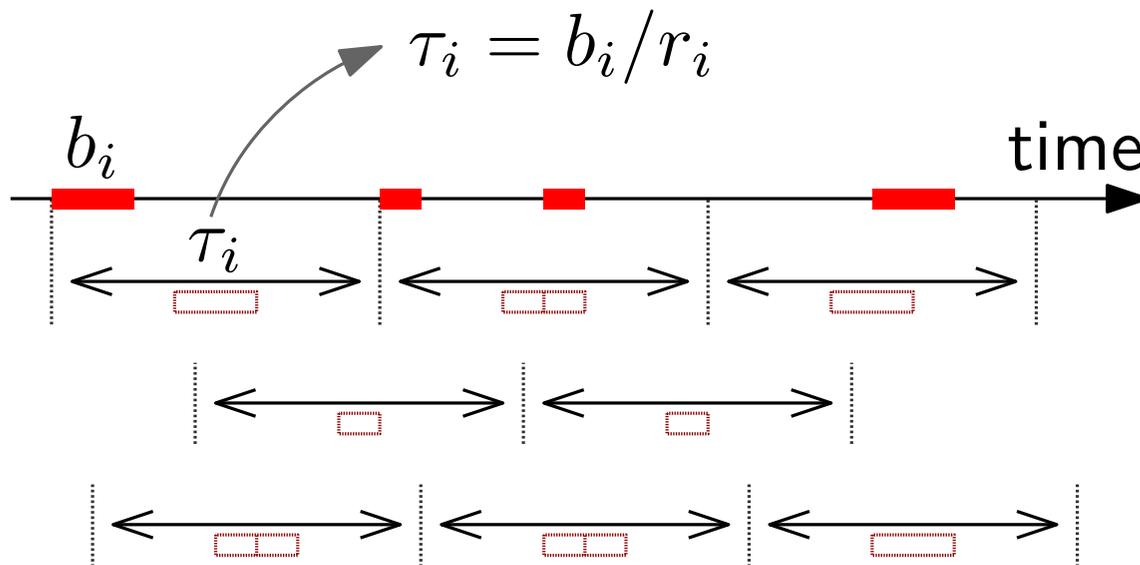
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Assumptions and Constraints – Talkers

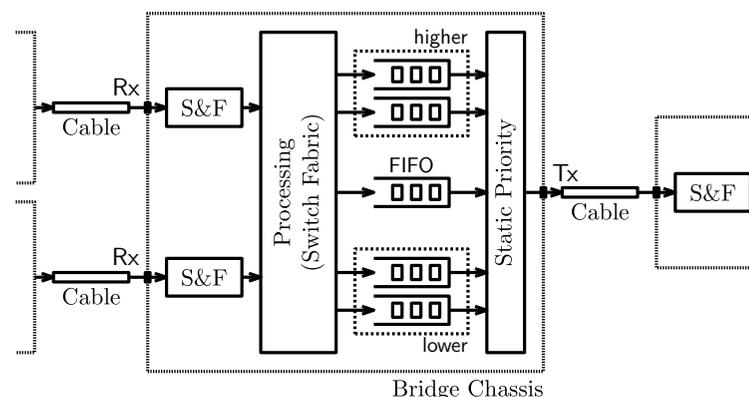
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Assumptions and Constraints – Bridges

3. Bridges use IEEE 802.1Q **priority transmission selection**, i.e., frames with a higher traffic class are always selected for transmission before frames with lower traffic classes.

- (a) Within each traffic class, **FIFO** transmission selection is used.
- (b) **No shaping** mechanisms are used in any considered traffic class. The earliest frame of each class is always regarded eligible for transmission.



4. Each bridge h has a pre-configured maximum per-hop **delay guarantee** δ_p^h for each traffic class p .

- (a) **Admission control** prevents the deployment of new streams that would cause delay violations for any deployed stream.

Latency Bound

Required information, formula and reasoning

Required Information \rightarrow TSpec

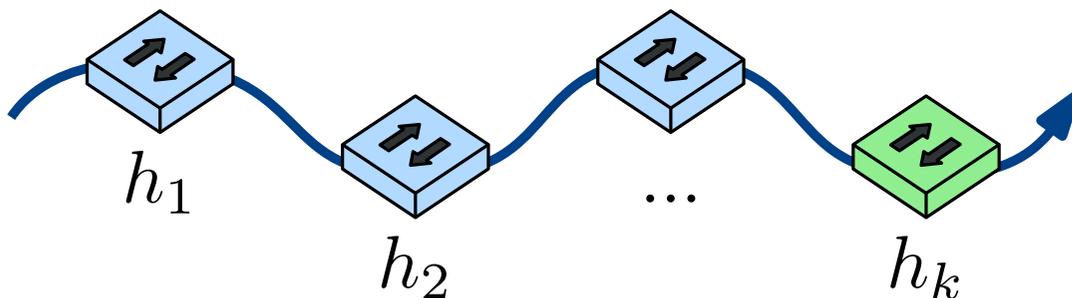
TSpec should include for stream i :

- ▶ Traffic class p_i
 - ▶ Max frame size $\hat{\ell}_i$ (e.g., 1542 B)
 - ▶ Min frame size $\check{\ell}_i$ (e.g., 84 B)
 - ▶ Committed burst size b_i
 - ▶ Burst interval τ_i
- including preamble and IPG

Required Information \rightarrow TSpec

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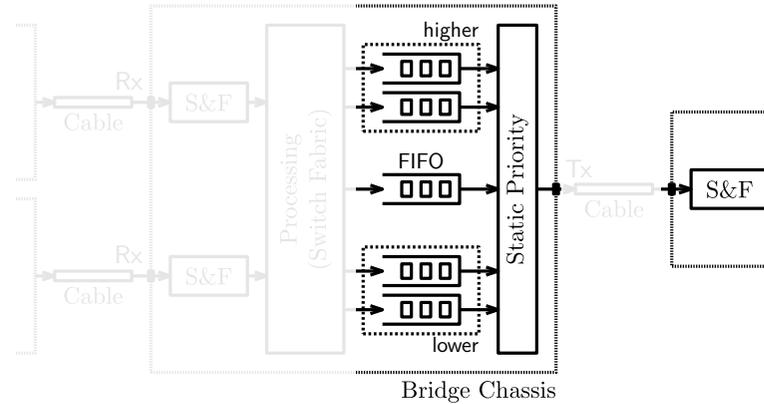
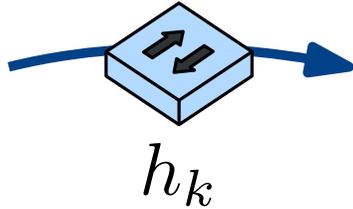
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 - ▶ Committed burst size b_i
 - ▶ Burst interval τ_i
 - ▶ Accumulated max latency $accMaxD_i^{h_k}$
 - ▶ Accumulated min latency $accMinD_i^{h_k}$
- including preamble and IPG



$$accMaxD_i^{h_k} = \sum_{j=1}^k \delta_{p_i}^{h_j}$$

$$accMinD_i^{h_k} = \sum_{j=1}^k \frac{\check{\ell}_i}{link\ speed_{h_j}}$$

Latency Bound

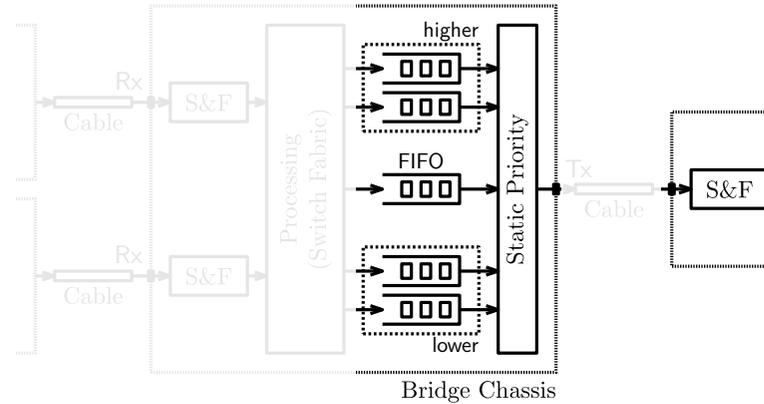
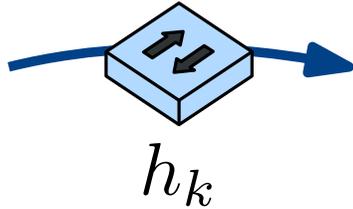


p_i	traffic class
\hat{l}_i	max frame size
\check{l}_i	min frame size
b_i	burst size
τ_i	burst interval
$\delta_{p_i}^{h_k}$	delay guarantee
r	link speed
\mathcal{S}	set of all streams

► Worst case latency of stream i at bridge h_k is bounded by:

$$d_i^{TQ, SF} \leq \sum_{\{x \in \mathcal{S} | p_x > p_i\}} y_{i,x} b_x / r + \sum_{\{x \in \mathcal{S} | p_x = p_i\}} z_x b_x / r + \max_{\{x \in \mathcal{S} | p_x < p_i\}} \hat{l}_x / r$$

Latency Bound



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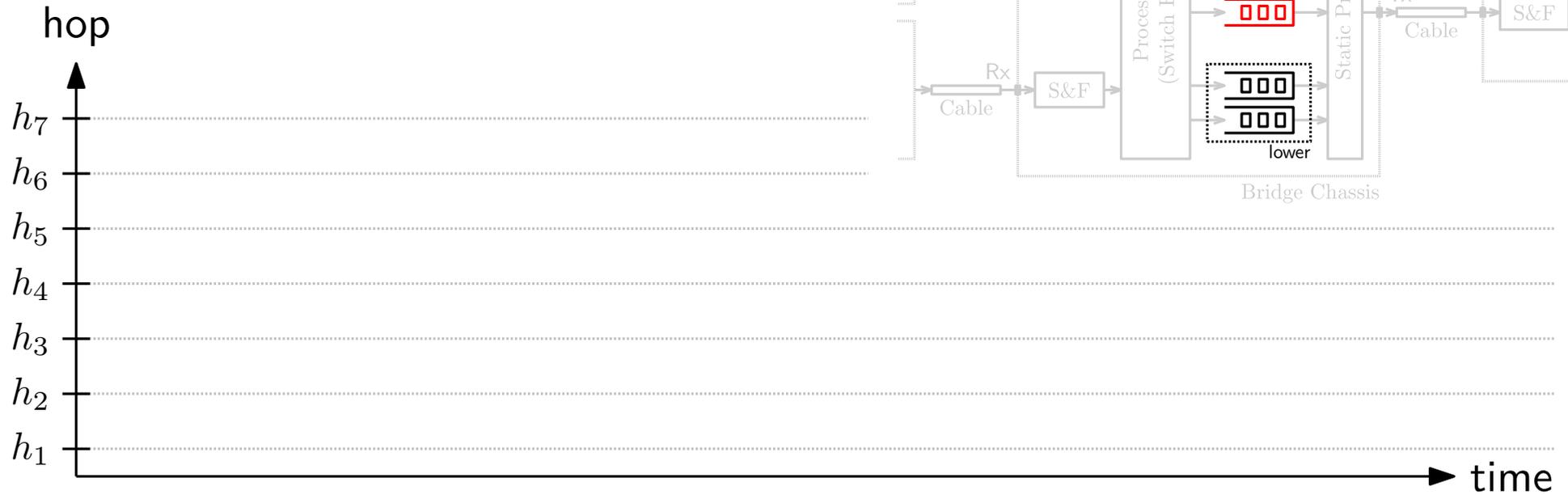
$$d_i^{TQ,SF} \leq \sum_{\{x \in \mathcal{S} | p_x > p_i\}} y_{i,x} b_x / r + \sum_{\{x \in \mathcal{S} | p_x = p_i\}} z_x b_x / r + \max_{\{x \in \mathcal{S} | p_x < p_i\}} \hat{l}_x / r$$

number of bursts from interfering streams

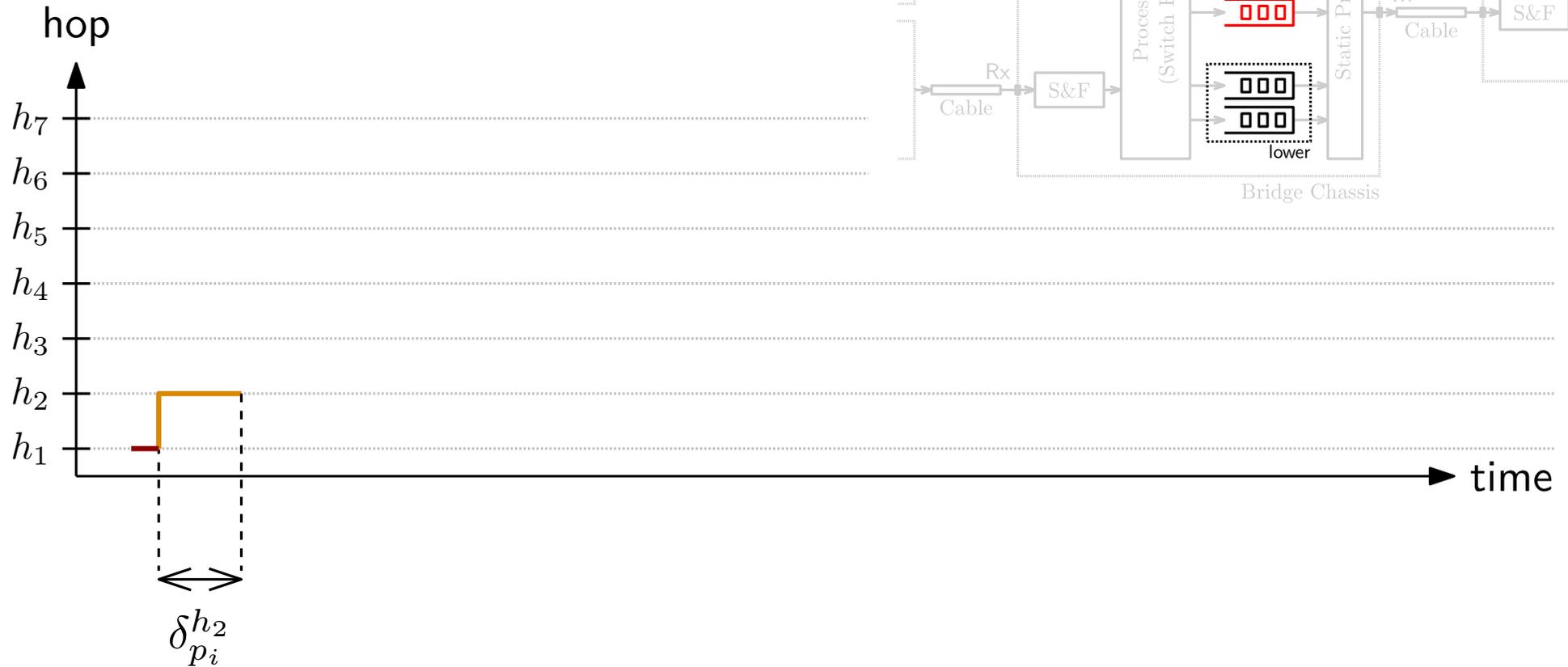
$$y_{i,x} \geq \left\lceil \frac{\text{accMax}D_x^{h_k} - \text{accMin}D_x^{h_k-1} + \delta_{p_i}^{h_k}}{\tau_x} \right\rceil$$

$$z_x \geq \left\lceil \frac{\text{accMax}D_x^{h_k} - \text{accMin}D_x^{h_k-1}}{\tau_x} \right\rceil$$

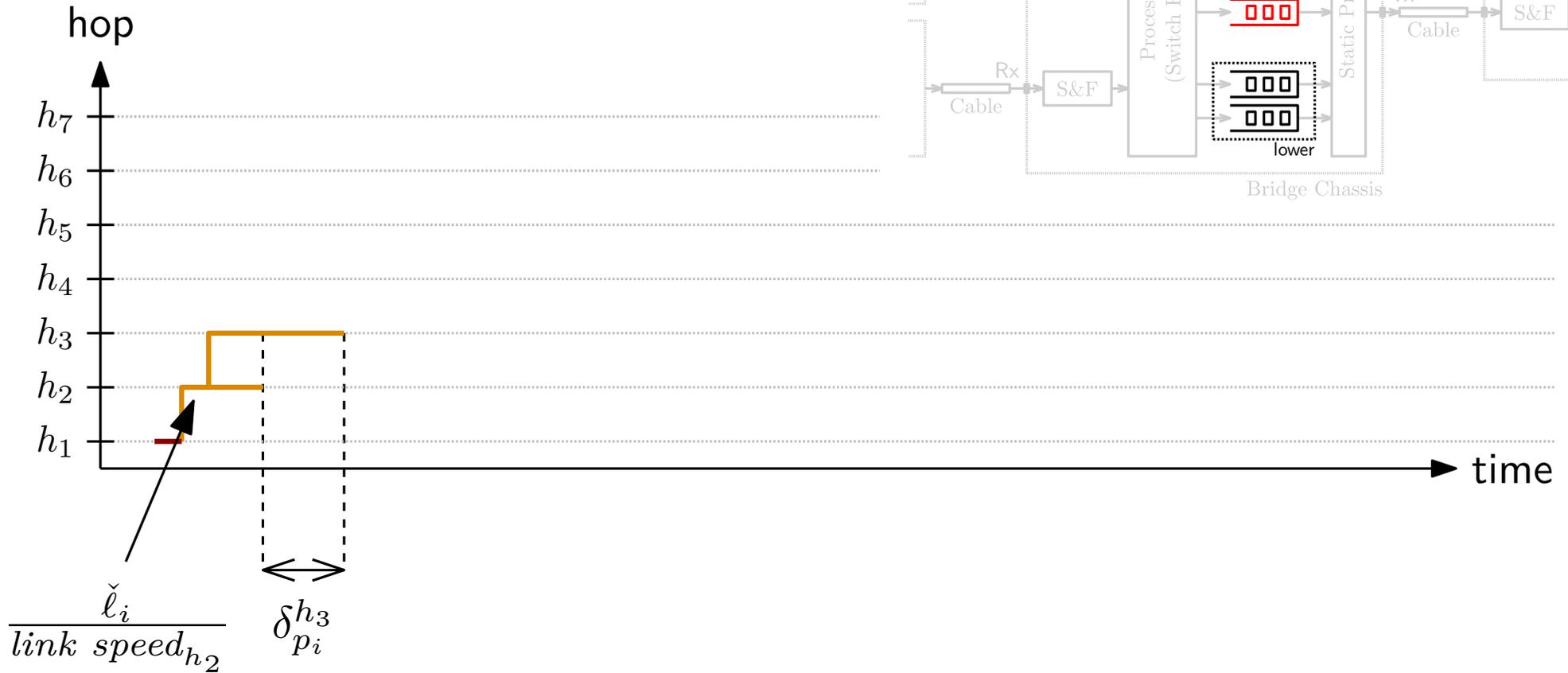
Reasoning – Residence Times of Frames in TQ



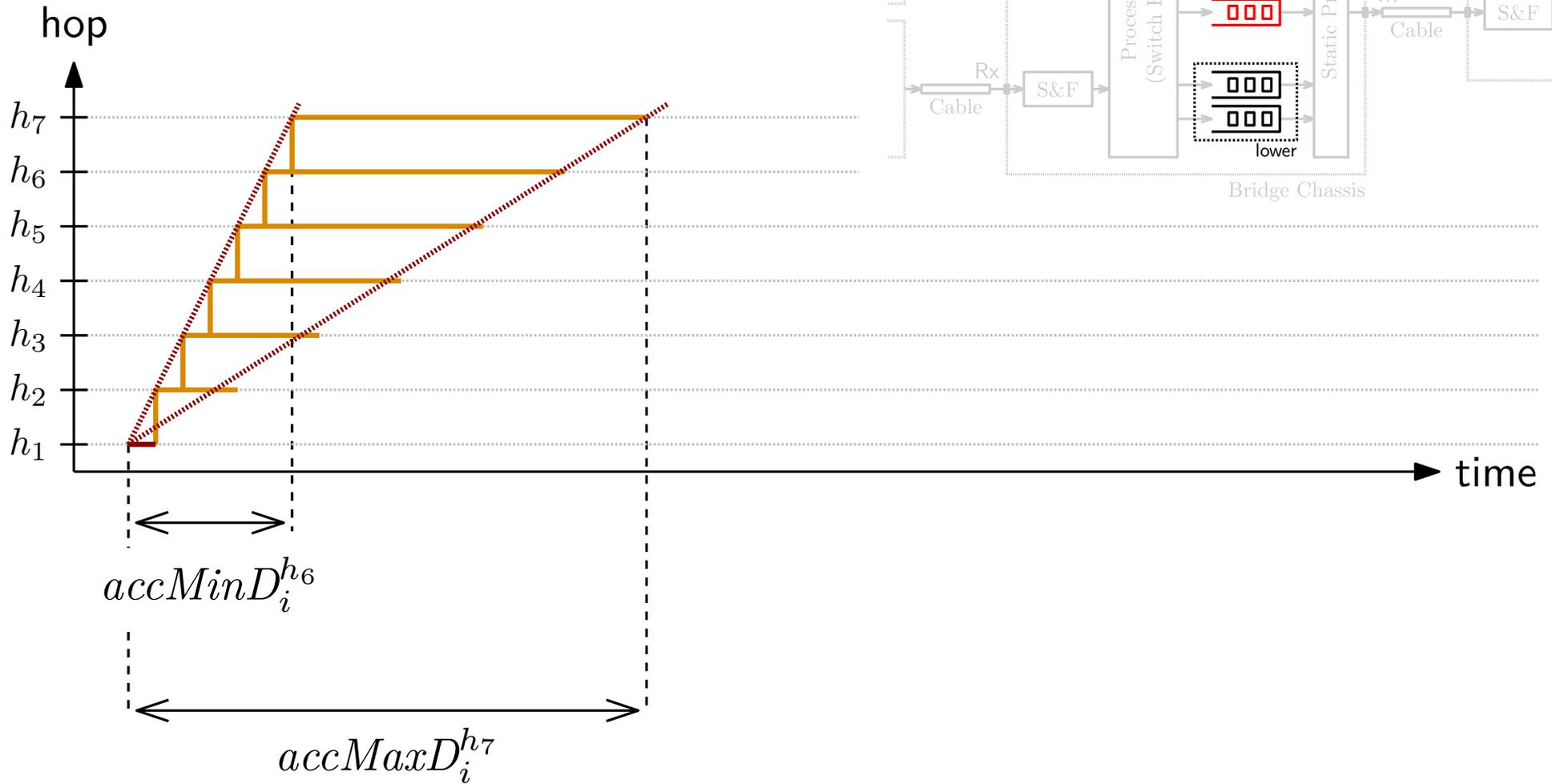
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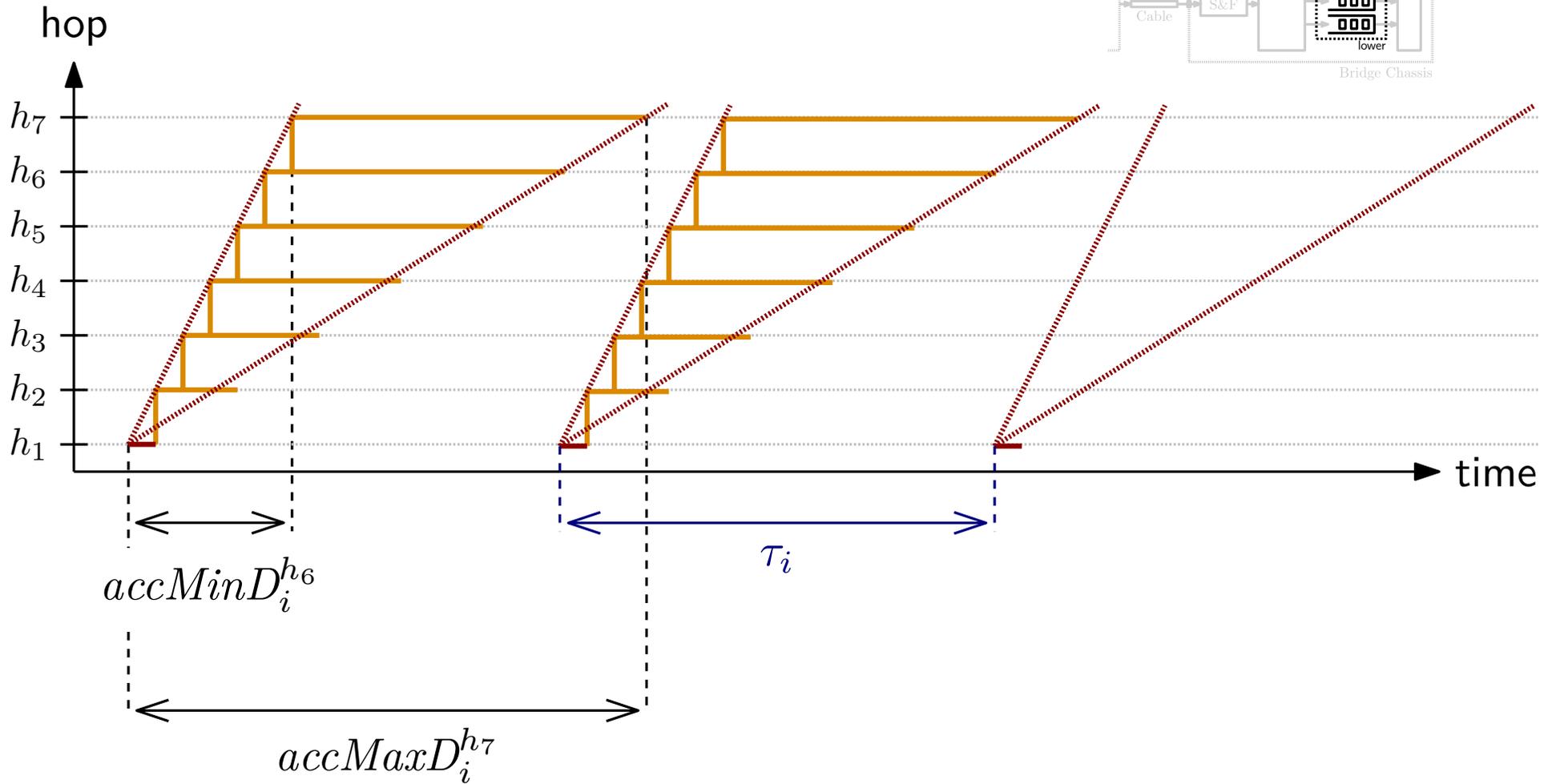
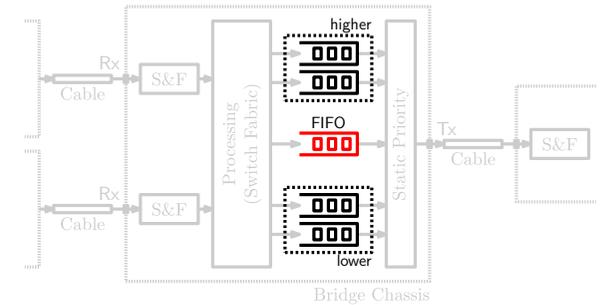
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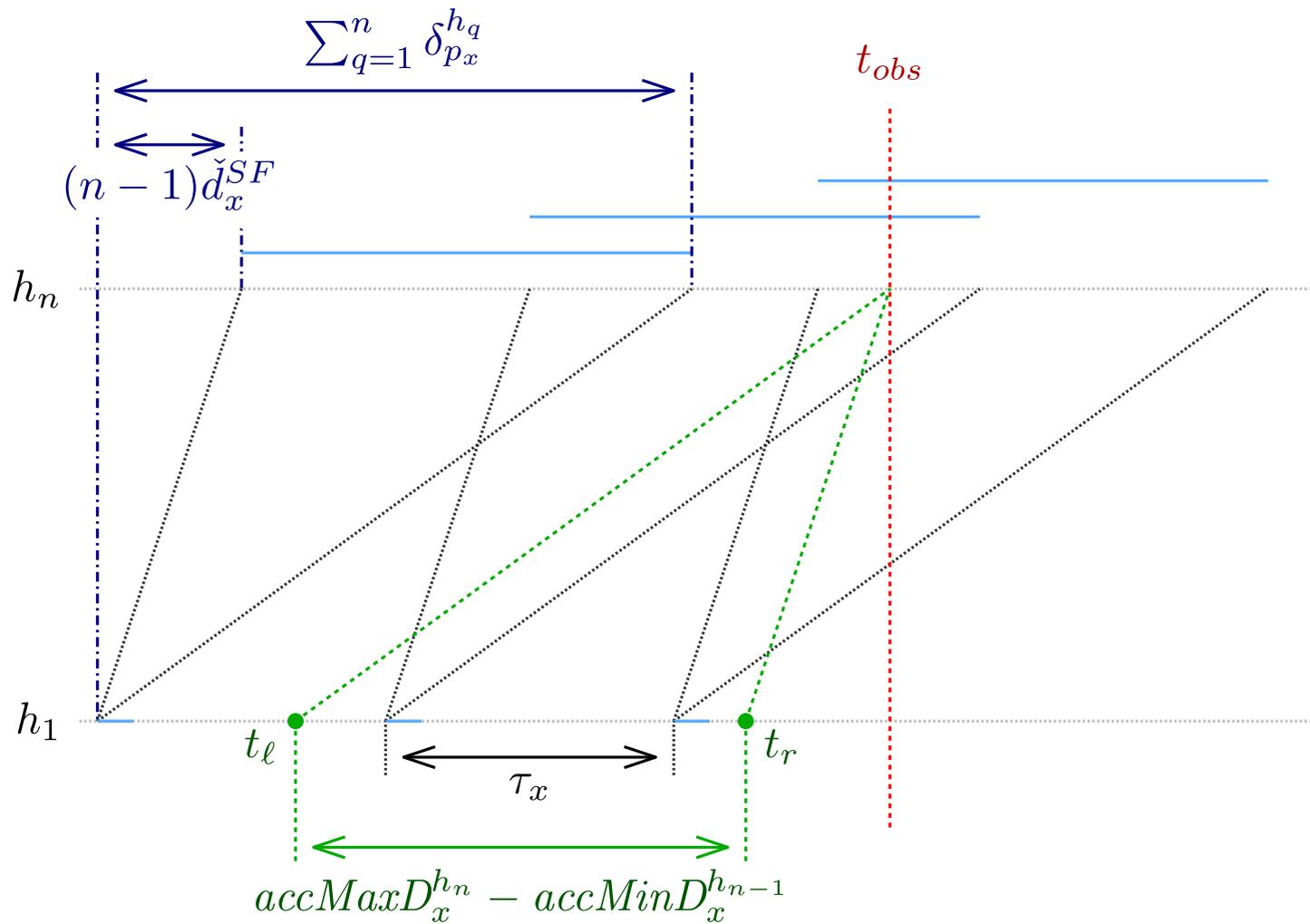
Reasoning – Residence Times of Frames in TQ



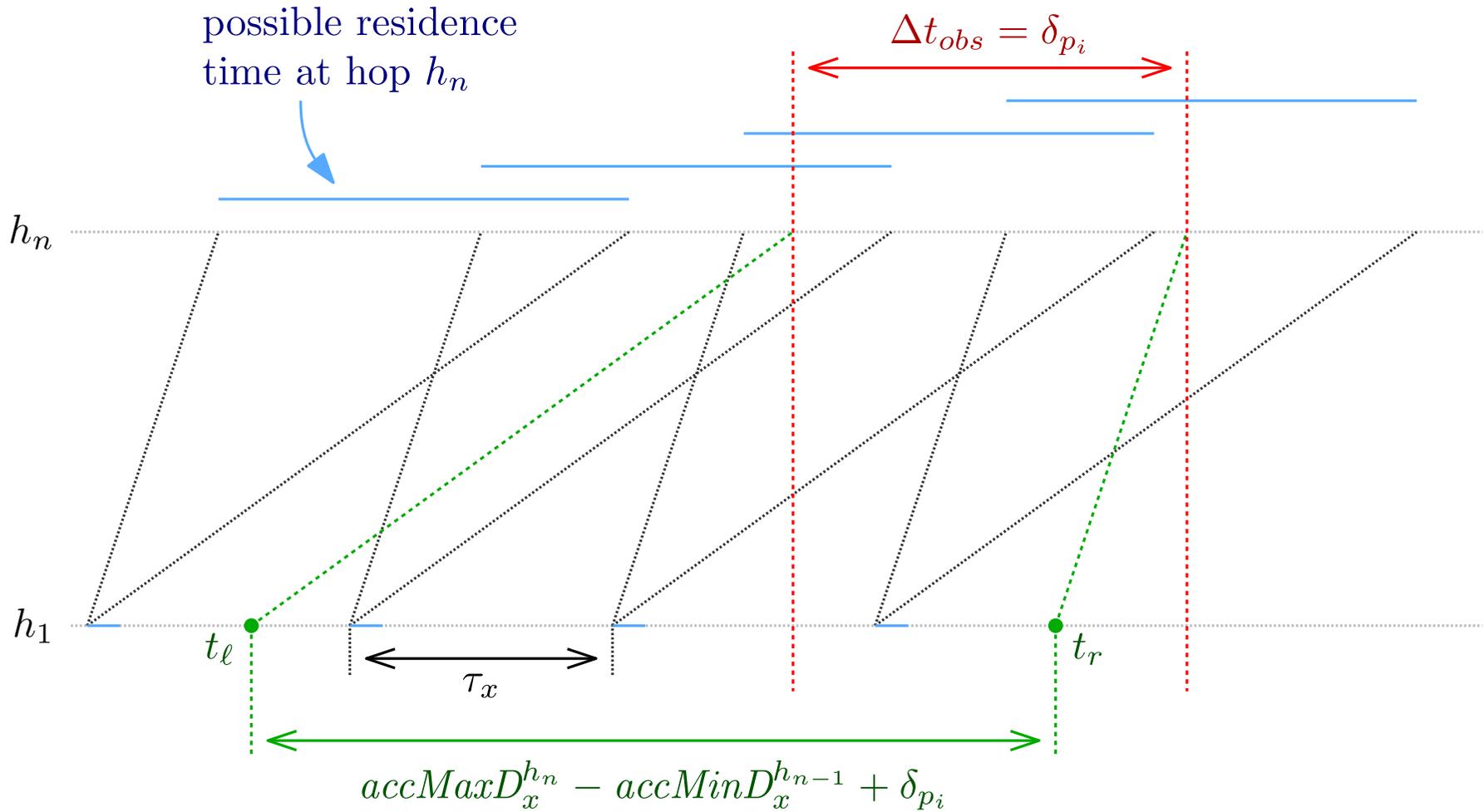
Reasoning – Residence Times of Frames in TQ



Reasoning – z_x



Reasoning – $y_{i,x}$



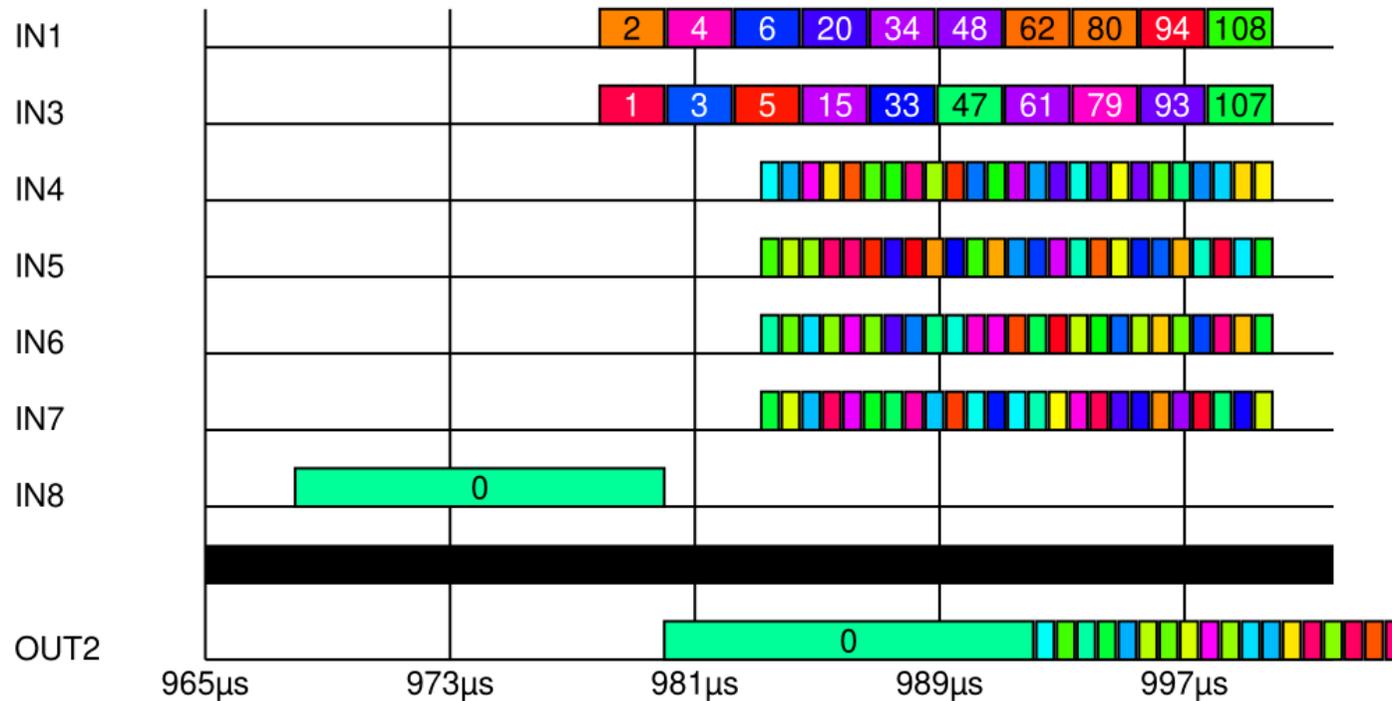
Evaluation

Inaccuracies and comparison to ATS

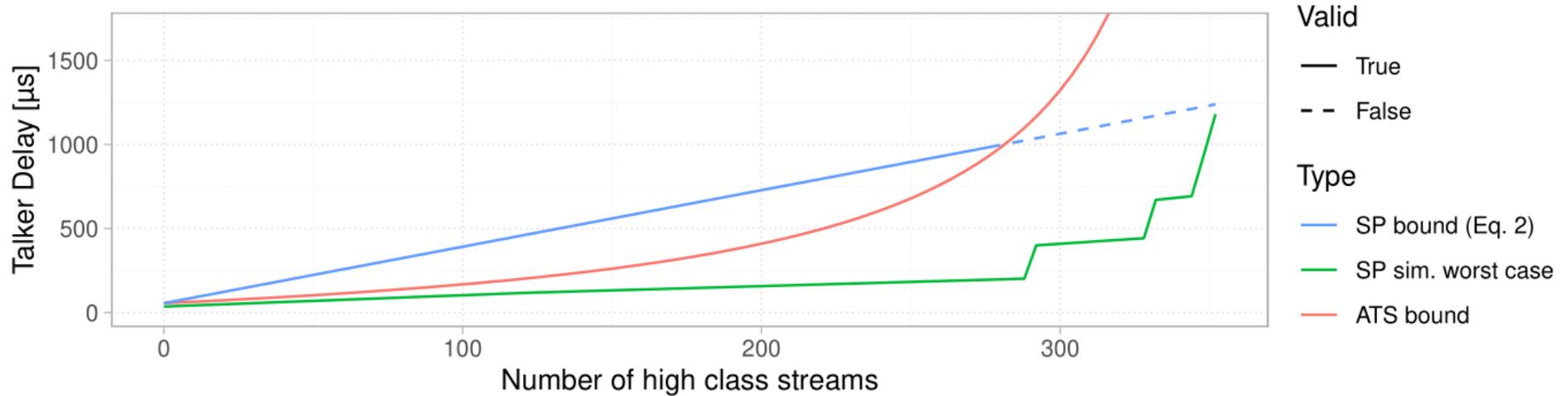
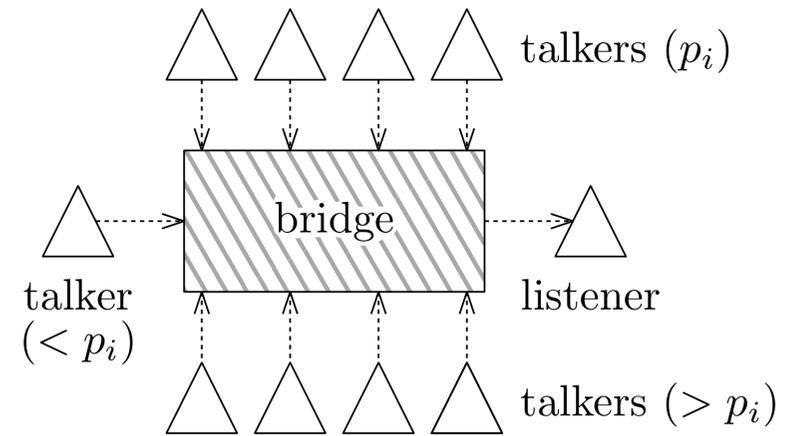
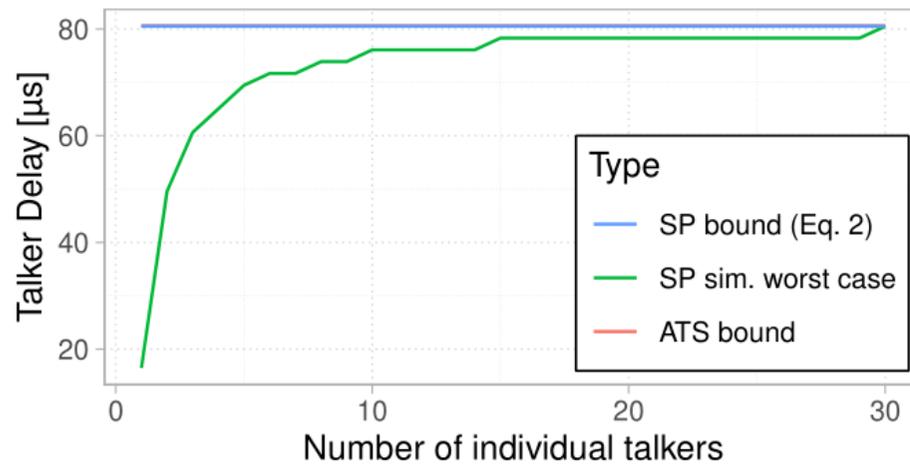
Worst Case Scenario Simulation

Table II
BURST AND INTERVAL PARAMETERS FOR THE THREE CONSIDERED CLASSES IN THE WORST-CASE SCENARIO.

Traffic class p_x	Burst b_x	Interval τ_x	Per-hop delay δ_{p_x}
lower ($< p_i$)	1500 B	100 ms	100 ms
same (p_i)	256 B	1 ms	1 ms
higher ($> p_i$)	64 B	250 μ s	250 μ s



Sources of Inaccuracy



Comparison of Network Capacities

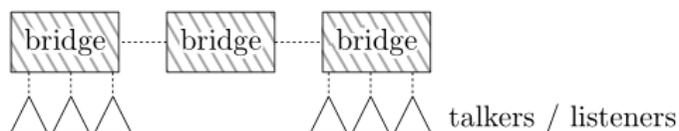
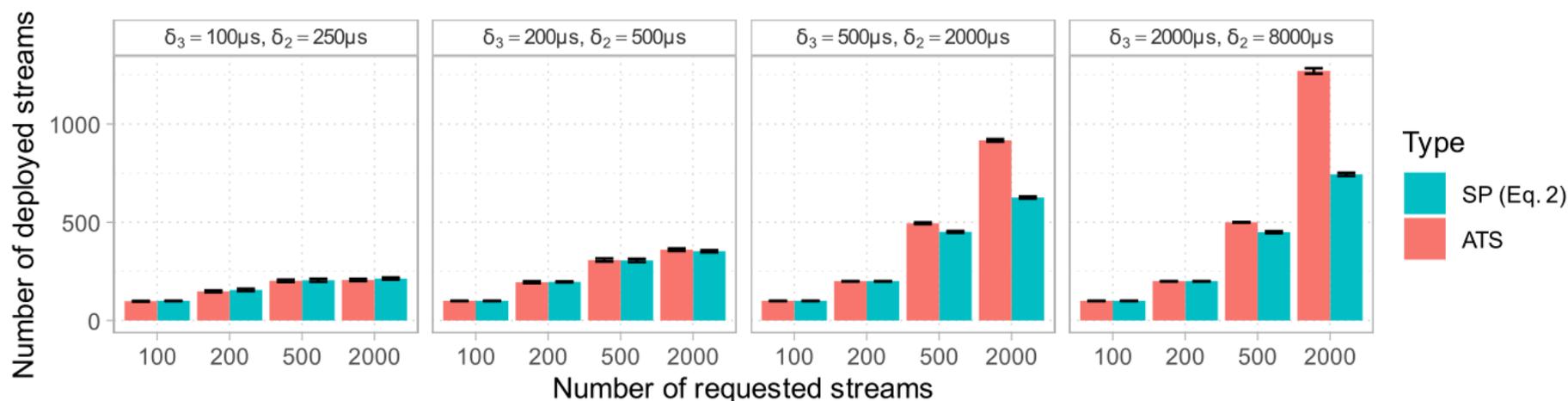


Figure 9. Evaluation topology for capacity comparisons. Talker and listener of each stream is chosen at random. Every link has a data rate of 1 Gbit/s.

Table III
STREAM PARAMETERS FOR THE CAPACITY COMPARISON.

Traffic class p_x	Burst $b_x = \hat{\ell}_x$	Burst interval τ_x
3 (high)	128 B	250 μ s
3 (high)	256 B	500 μ s
3 (high)	512 B	1000 μ s
2 (low)	1024 B	2000 μ s
2 (low)	1522 B	4000 μ s



Conclusion

- ▶ Bridge-local bounded latency with SP possible
 - Bound only applicable in admission control scenarios
 - Streams whose latency exceeds their guarantee **must** be denied
- ▶ Feasible, but not as efficient as per-hop reshaping
- ▶ Requirements (self pacing talkers) similar to other mechanisms
- ▶ Most required information is already contained in TSpec fields of Qcc
 - + accMinLatency
 - + minFrameSize