802.16h Issues

IEEE 802.16

Document Number: IEEE C802.16-09/0007

Date Submitted: 2009-07-16

Source:

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Purpose:

Discuss ongoing issue with the 802.16h PAR and unresolved comments.

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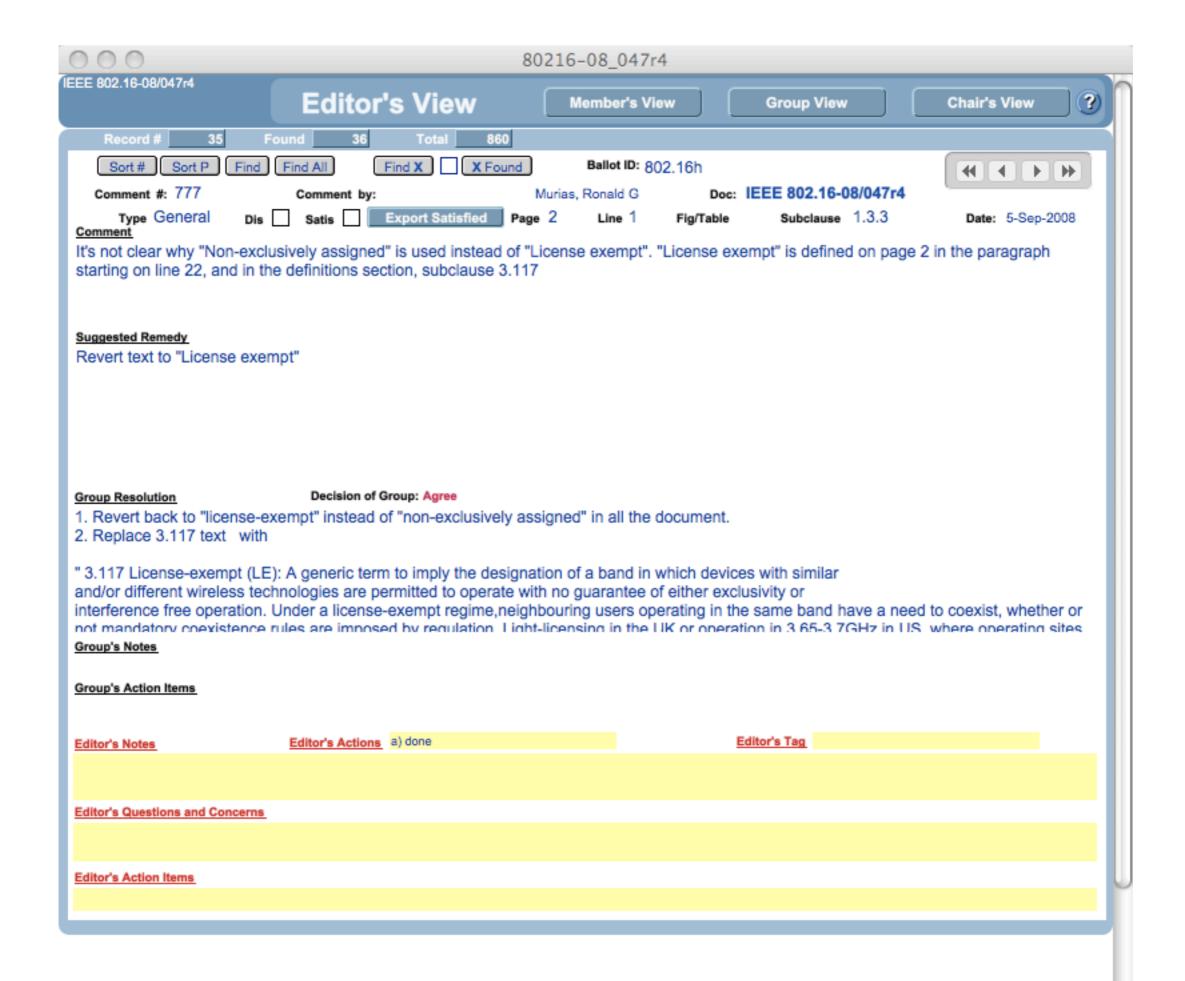
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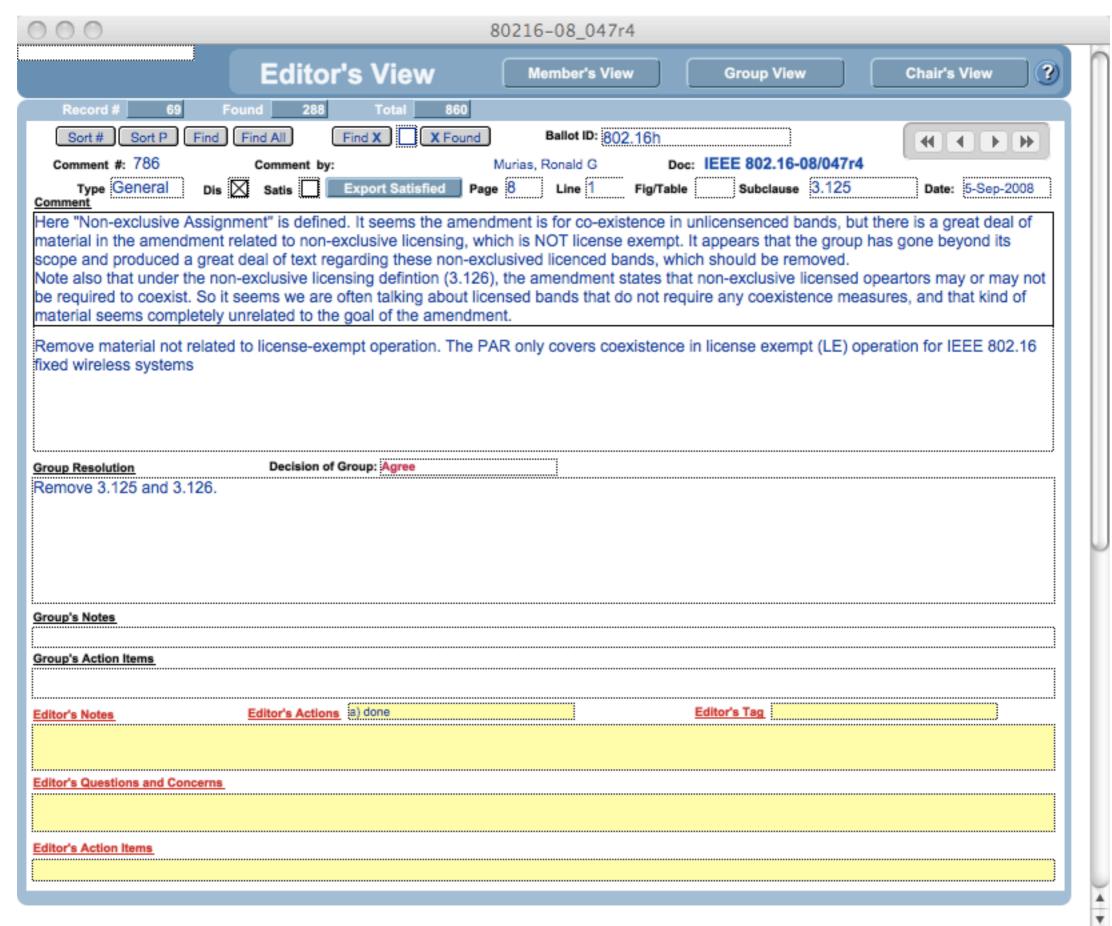
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1.3.3 License-exempt bands frequencies below 11 GHz (primarily 5-6 GHz)

The physical environment for the license-exempt <u>bands</u> below 11 GHz is similar to that of the licensed bands in the same frequency range, as described in 1.3.2. However, the <u>license-exempt non-exclusive</u> nature <u>of the spectrum usage</u> introduces additional interference and coexistence issues, whereas regulatory constraints limit the allowed radiated power <u>as well as imposing other restrictions</u>. In addition to the features described in 1.3.2, the PHY and MAC introduce mechanisms to facilitate the detection and avoidance of interference and the prevention of harmful interference into other users including *Specific Spectrum Users* (SSUs) identified by regulation. This includes a mechanism for regulatory compliance called dynamic frequency selection (DFS). <u>This is specified in subclause 6.4.1.2 concerning coexistence with *Specific Spectrum Users* (SSUs).</u>

It is recognized that some administrations require notification of terminal device location for certain services in some license-exempt bands, which is a form of licensing. Conversely, it is possible to have uncoordinated usage within a licensed allocation. In these and other similar cases the pertinent issues for license-exempt non-exclusive assignment usage remain as described in the preceding paragraph.

change the last paragraph in 1.3.4 as indicated:

Implementations of this standard for license-exempt frequencies subject to non-exclusive assignment below 11 GHz (such as those listed in B.1) use the designations WirelessHUMAN, WirelessMAN-CX and WirelessMAN-UCP, and shall, where appropriate, comply with the WirelessMAN-OFDM PHY as described in 8.3, or the WirelessMAN-OFDMA PHY as described in 8.4. WirelessMAN-UCP provides uncoordinated coexistence mechanisms (6.4) and WirelessMAN-CX provides coordinated coexistence mechanisms(15). They shall further comply with the DFS protocols (6.3.156.4.1.2) (where mandated by regulation) and with 8.5.

26 27 28	3.155 Exclusive Assignment: A situation whereby a channel is occupied by a single (licensed) known operator. This is synonymous with exclusively licensed operation.
29 30 31 32	3.156 Exclusive License: A situation the same as Exclusive Assignment whereby a channel is occupied by a single (licensed) known operator.

3.172 Shared Band: A generic term used to describe bands in which more than one wireless service or application operates in the same geographical location. This term is generally applied to both exclusively assigned and license-exempt bands, including License-Exempt bands.

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Explain why regulatory do	mains that do not allow license-exemp	pt operation are "Relevant" to	o 16h, or remove them fro	m the draft.
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"License-exempt" does not equal "Licensed". 802.16h PAR scope: "This amendment specifies improved mechanisms, as policies and medium access control enhancements, to enable coexistence among license-exempt systems based on IEEE Standard 802.16 and to facilitate the coexistence of such systems with primary users." 16h PAR scope does not include licensed and license-exempt bands, yet draft text is devoted to bands that do not permit license-exempt (as legally defined, not 3.117) operation. Change 16h/D7a text to make ALL discussion of such bands informative, not normative. Per comment								
Group Resolution Instructions to Editor: 1.Transform clause 15.7 into a 2. State that the Annex is information in the second se								
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Editor's Notes superceded by 606, 824, 826,	Editor's Actions (b) none needed 828, 610, 609, 581, 506. indica	ite the deletion of 15.7.	Editor's Tag					
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13. Scope of Proposed Project:

This amendment specifies improved mechanisms, as policies and medium access control enhancements, to enable coexistence among license-exempt systems based on IEEE Standard 802.16 and to facilitate the coexistence of such systems with primary users.

14a. Reason for the standardization project:

This standard will improve the coexistence in license-exempt (LE) operation for IEEE 802.16 fixed wireless systems. It will reduce the potential for interference caused by such systems sharing the same LE bands. The mechanisms specified need to be widely implemented and interoperable for their benefits to be realized, so standardization is required. As result there will be improved user service experience and increased robustness and efficiency of spectrum use. This will expand the market opportunities for enterprise, service provider, and consumer applications.