

Project	<b>IEEE 802.16 Broadband Wireless Access Working Group</b> < <a href="http://ieee802.org/16">http://ieee802.org/16</a> >	
Title	<b>Comments on MS initial ranging in non-transparent RS systems</b>	
Date Submitted	<b>2007-09-09</b>	
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Re:	IEEE 802.16j-07/043: "IEEE 802.16 Working Group Working Group Letter Ballot #28"	
Abstract	This contribution proposes to use "MR-Code-REP header" instead of "RNG-REQ message with MS ranging indicator equal to 1" to request CDMA-Allocation_IE for MS.	
Purpose	Text proposal for 802.16j Draft Document.	
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# Comments on MS initial ranging in non-transparent RS systems

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## Introduction

In P802.16j/D1, MR\_Code-REP header is used to request MR-BS to allocate BW via CDMA-Allocation\_IE for MS sending BR header after RS receiving CDMA BR ranging code, whereas RNG-REQ message is used to request MR-BS to allocate BW via CDMA-Allocation\_IE for MS sending RNG-REQ message after RS receiving CDMA initial and handover ranging codes. However, because of the limitation of T3 timer (60 ms for initial or periodic ranging), the current scheme that utilizes RNG-REQ message cannot be used to request CDMA-Allocation\_IE for non-transparent RS with hop-count more than two. Therefore, the latency of MS requesting CDMA-Allocation\_IE needs to be reduced. In addition, by comparing the response latency and message/header size, using MR\_Code-REP header is a better scheme, which also handles reporting multiple CDMA code more efficiently. Hence, we propose to use “MR\_Code-REP header” instead of “RNG-REQ message” for requesting CDMA-Allocation\_IE for MS.

The message size and response latency of using MR\_Code-REP header and RNG-REQ message are described in Table 1 and Figure 1, respectively. The minimum latencies of 2-hop and 3-hop scenarios using RNG-REQ message are 7 and 13 frames (35 ms and 65 ms for 5-ms frame), respectively. Hence the latency using RNG-REQ message in 3-hop scenario becomes unacceptable since the T3 timer (60 ms for initial or periodic ranging) at MS side has already been expired. The minimum latencies of 2-hop and 3-hop scenarios using MR\_Code-REP header are 5 and 9 frames (25 ms and 35 ms for 5-ms frame), respectively.

In summary, the response latency and message size for using MR\_Code-REP header are less than response latency and message size for using RNG-REQ message. The comparison of response latency of using MR\_Code-REP header and RNG-REQ message are described in Table 2

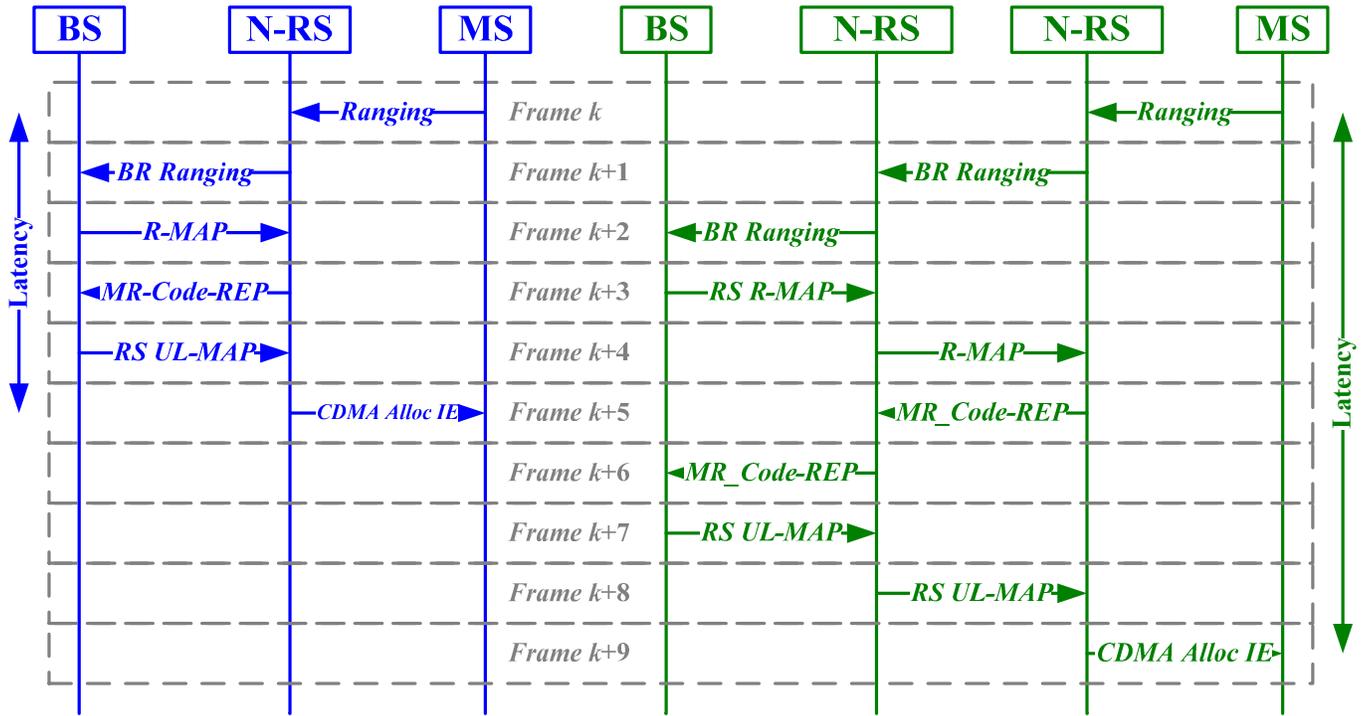
Table 1 Message sizes for RNG-REQ message and MR\_Code-REP header

Size	Message	RNG-REQ (bytes)	MR-Code-REP (bytes)
Generic MAC header		6	6
Message body	Fix part	2	0
	Variable part	$14 \times Nr$	0
CRC		4	0
Total		$12 + 14 \times Nr$	6

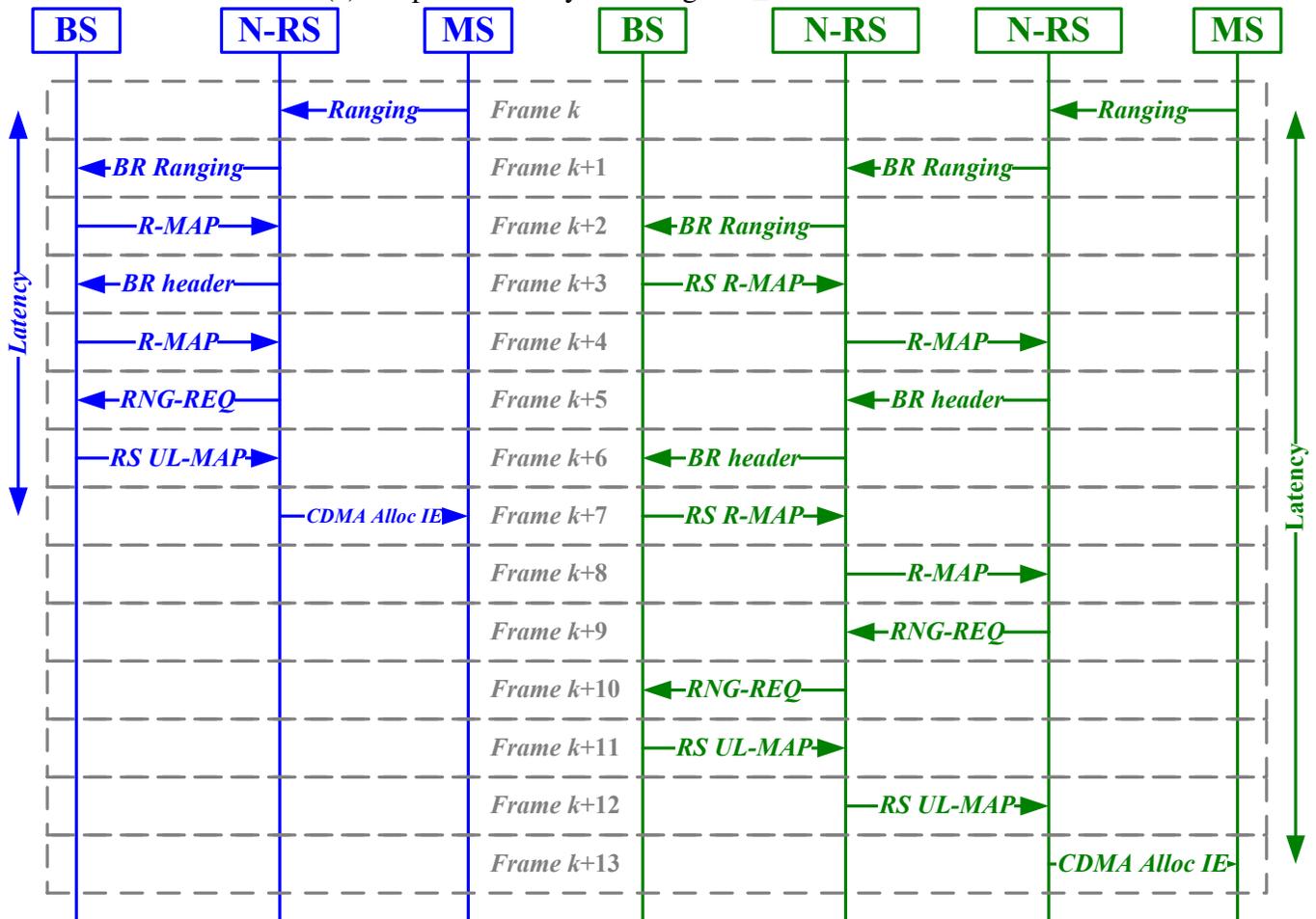
*Nr*: Number of CDMA ranging code in a RNG-REQ message or an MR\_Code-REP header

Table 2 Minimum latency for multi-hop systems

Hop count	Latency (5-ms frame)			
	RNG-REQ		MR-Code-REP	
	frame	ms	frame	ms
2	<b>7</b>	<b>35</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>25</b>
3	13	65	<b>9</b>	<b>45</b>
4	19	95	13	65



(a) Response latency for using MR\_Code-REP header



(b) Response latency for using RNG-REQ message

Figure 1 Response latencies of 2-hop and 3-hop scenarios

In order to facilitate the incorporation of this proposal into IEEE 802.16j standard, specific changes to the draft standard P802.16j/D1 are listed below.

## Specification Changes

### 6.3.2.1.2.2.2.5 MR\_Code-REP header

[Change the following table in line 24 of page 15 as indicated]

Table xxx Description of fields in MR\_Code-REP header

Name	Length	Description
HT	1 bit	= 1
EC	1 bit	= 1
Type	1 bit	= 1
Extended Type	3 bits	= 5
<u>Frame Number Index</u>	<u>4 bits</u>	<u>LSBs of relevant frame number</u>
<u>Number of Received IR CDMA Codes</u>	<u>4 bits</u>	<u>Number of CDMA initial ranging code that requires no correction</u>
<u>Number of Received HR CDMA Codes</u>	<u>4 bits</u>	<u>Number of CDMA handover ranging code that requires no correction</u>
Number of Received BR CDMA Codes	6 bits	Number of CDMA bandwidth request ranging code
<del>Reserved</del>	<del>12 bits</del>	
Basic CID	16 bits	RS basic CID
HCS	8 bits	Header Check Sequence (same usage as HCS entry in Table 5).

### 6.3.9.16.2.1 Non-transparent RS with Centralized scheduling

[Change the following subclause in line 55 of page 93 as indicated]

Once a RS receives the ~~CDMA initial ranging~~ code that requires no adjustment, it transmits an ~~RNG-REQ~~ MR\_Code-REP header with the RS basic CID to the MR-BS, containing ~~ranging code attributes~~ number of CDMA initial ranging code that requires no correction. ~~In addition, the value of MS ranging indicator of the RNG-REQ is set to 1. When the RS successfully receives multiple codes in a frame, the RS sends a RNG-REQ message which contains information of multiple received codes.~~

When the MR-BS receives the ~~RNG-REQ with MS ranging indicator equal to 1~~ MR\_Code-REP header, it may send an RS\_BW-Alloc IE with Type equal to 1 to RS for broadcasting RNG-RSP message containing abort status ~~and the value of MS ranging indicator equal to 1 to the RS~~ according to its policy. ~~RNG-RSP contain ownlink frequency override~~ Otherwise, ~~instead of sending RNG-RSP with success status,~~ the MR-BS shall provide ~~BW~~ bandwidth allocation for the MS by ~~sending a RS\_UL-MAP to the RS including a inserting~~ CDMA\_Allocation-IE with certain fields zeroed out into the UL-MAP that it assigns to that RS to broadcast on the access link (see 6.3.6.7.2.1 for detail). Sending an RS\_BW-Alloc IE with Type equal to 1 to RS for broadcasting RNG-RSP message with status "Success" is optional.

~~After receiving the RNG-RSP, which the value of MS ranging indicator is equal to 1, the RS sets the value of MS ranging indicator to zero and then relays the message with the initial ranging CID. Upon receiving RS\_BW-Alloc IE, the RS shall broadcast RNG-RSP message with ranging CID, which contains status success or abort. If the INC\_DFO is 1, the RNG-RSP message shall also contain downlink frequency override given by MR-BS.~~

Upon receiving a message UL-MAP containing CDMA\_Allocation IE with zeroed out fields, the RS shall fill in the corresponding ranging code and transmit region information into the appropriate fields of the CDMA\_Allocation IE and then broadcast this updated UL-MAP on the access link.

[Change the following Table 199b in page 84 as indicated]

Table 199b—Ranging and automatic adjustments procedure in ~~MR-non-transparent~~ mode  
[Replace "RNG-REQ" by "MR-Code-REP header" in line 23 ~ 27 of page 95 (Table 199b)]

[Merge figure 95e and figure 95f as following indicated:]

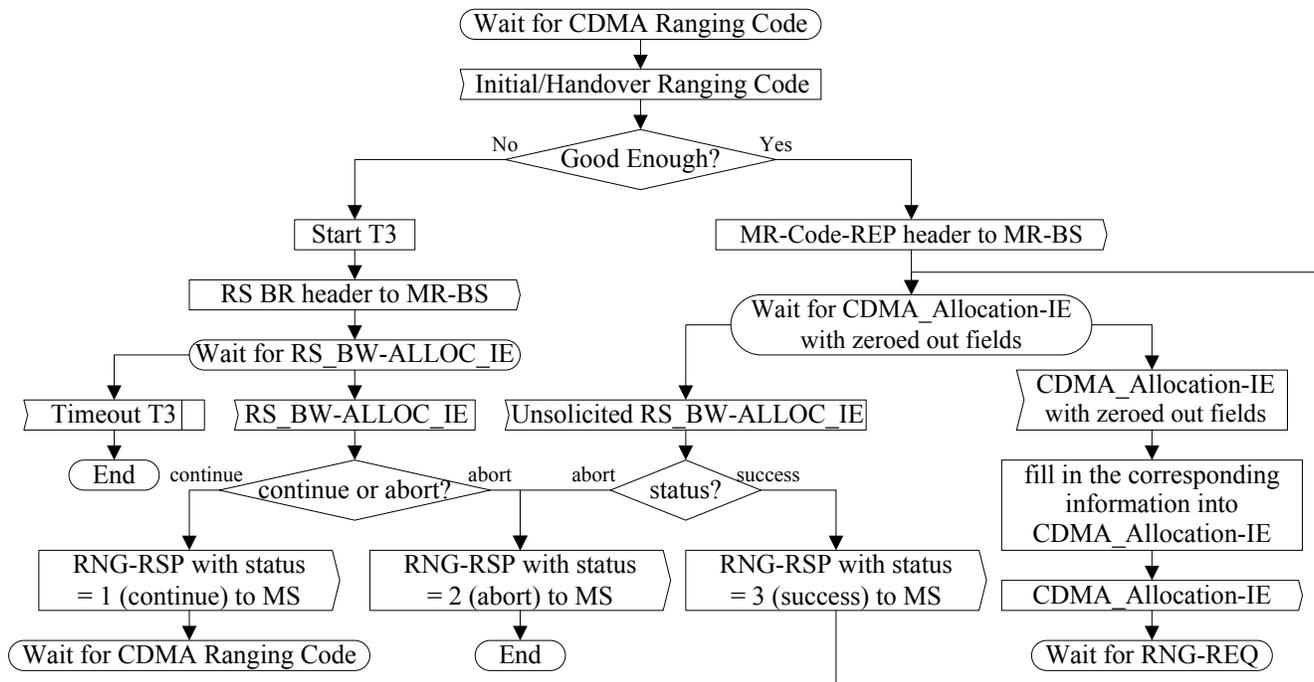


Figure 95e—Handling CDMA initial ranging code at a non-transparent RS

[Replace figure 95g as following indicated:]

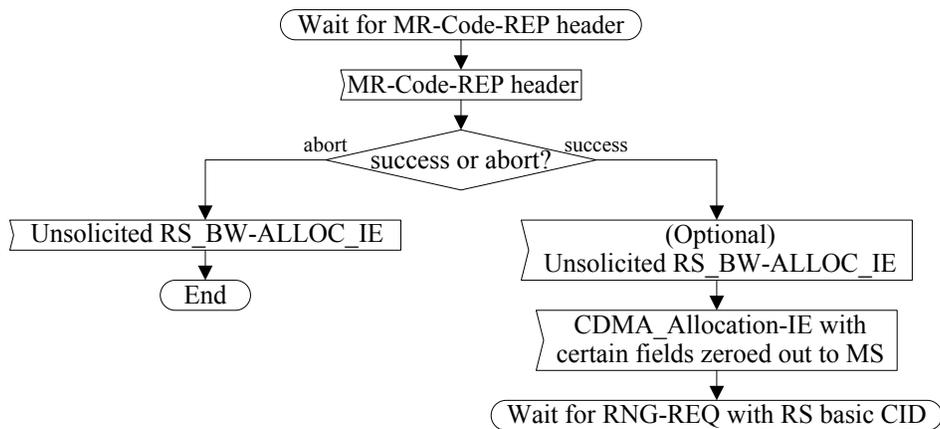


Figure 95g Handling **RNG-REQ MR Code-REP** in non-transparent mode at MR-BS **(Part 1)**

[Change the title of figure 95i as following indicated:]

Figure 95i—Handling RNG-REQ in non-transparent mode at an MR-BS **(Part 2)**

#### 8.4.5.9.3 RS Bandwidth Allocation IE (RS\_BW-ALLOC\_IE)

Table xxx—RS\_BW-ALLOC\_IE format

Name	Length	Description
RS_BW-ALLOC_IE {	=	=
Type	5 bits	0x01
Length	4 bits	variable
RCID_IE()	4,8,12,16 bits	RS basic CID in RCID_IE format (see 8.4.5.3.20.1)

<u>Type</u>	<u>1 bit</u>	<u>0b0: Response for RS BR header</u> <u>0b1: For RS broadcasting RNG-RSP</u>
<u>If (Type == 0x0) {</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
<u>TID</u>	<u>4 bits</u>	<u>Transaction ID</u>
<u>} else if (Type == 0x1) {</u>		
<u>Frame Number Index</u>	<u>4 bits</u>	<u>LSBs of relevant frame number</u>
<u>Number of successes</u>	<u>5 bits</u>	<u>Number of RNG-RSP message with status “Success”</u>
<u>Number of aborts</u>	<u>5 bits</u>	<u>Number of RNG-RSP message with status “Abort”</u>
<u>INC_DFO</u>	<u>1 bit</u>	<u>Include downlink frequency override (0b0: no, 0b1: yes)</u>
<u>}</u>		
DL-MAP IE index	8 bits	RS shall transmit message on the burst described by the $k$ -th DL-MAP IE within the DL-MAP message broadcasted by the RS, where $k$ is the DL-MAP IE index
}	-	-