Diversity Issues with the DLRU Subchannelization (Section 15.3.5.2.1 and 15.3.8.2.1)

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Venue: Session #64 - Atlanta Meeting

Re: P802.16m/D2 comments for LB30a

Area: Section 15.3.5.3.1 – DL PHY Structure and Section 15.3.8.3.1 – UL PHY Structure

Purpose:

In the PHY structure, when the maximum number of sub-band CRUs is allocated, the location of the PRUs allocated to be DRUs is not well suited for frequency diversity.

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Diversity issues with the DLRU subchannelization DL: Section 15.3.5.2.1 UL: Section 15.3.8.2.1

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Problem Statement

- The A-MAP is required to be transmitted in DRUs
- All subframes are required to have an A-MAP
- When the PHY structure is configured for the maximum allowable number of sub-bands (e.g., the UMi/InH configuration), only a small number of PRUs are allocated to be DRUs
- Those small number of DRUs are poorly placed given the intent to maximize diversity.

Review:

Key Variables for Configuring the DL PHY structure

- **DSAC** = DL Sub-band Allocation Count
 - Determines Number of Sub-bands Ksb according to Tables 768-770
- **DFPC** = DL Frequency Partition Configuration
 - Determines number of Frequency Partitions and the split of PRUs across the partitions (Tables 771 – 773)
 - Determines Frequency Partition Count (FPCT)
 - Currently 1, 3, 4 are allowed
- **DFPSC** = DL Frequency Partition Sub-band Count
 - Determines number of sub-bands in the non-zero partitions
- **DCASsb,0** = Number of Sub-band CRUs in FP0 (units are subbands)
 - Signaled explicitly in SFH
- **DCASmb,0** = Determines Number of Mini-band CRUs in FP0
 - Signaled in SFH: table-lookup is used (Tables 774-776)
- **DCASi** = Number of allocated CRUs (SB- and MB-) in the nonzero partitions (units are sub-bands)

Configuring the PHY for Maximum Number of Subband LRUs for one Frequency Partition (10MHz)

- $10MHz \rightarrow 48 PRUs \rightarrow Maximum of 12 Sub-bands$
- DSAC=10 → Sets the number of Sub-bands to be 10 (the maximum allowed according to Table 769)
- DFPC = $0 \rightarrow$ One Frequency Partition (Table 772)
- DFPSC = $0 \rightarrow$ No subbands in non-zero partitions
- DCASsb0 = 10 → Number of sub-band CRUs in FP0 set equal to the total number of sub-bands
- DCASmb0 = $0 \rightarrow$ No mini-band CRUs in FP0
- DCASi = $0 \rightarrow$ No CRUs in non-zero partitions

PHY Structure with maximum allowed number of SLRUs in 10MHz, FPCT=1

- UMi /InH configuration
- The A-MAP is confined to the DRUs
- Frequency Diversity order is essentially 2
 - Need diversity order higher than 2!
- The same problem occurs on the UL for the mini-tile-based DLRUs
- How to fix?

	3	-										
	2.5		Ksb=10			FPCT=1						
		_	Lsb=40			FPS=[48	8 0 0	0]				
			Kmb=8									
			Lmb=8									
	2	_										
ition	1.5		Ksb_fp=	[10 0 0	0]							
Frequency Partition		_	Kmb_fp=	=[8 0 0 0]							
ency			Lsb_fp=	[40 0 0	0]							
-requ			Lmb_fp=	[8 0 0 0]	l							
	1	1										
	0.5		Lcru_sb	_fp=[40 0	0 0]							
			Lcru_mb_fp=[0 0 0 0]				Red S	Red Squares = Sub-band-CRU				
			Lcru_fp=[40 0 0 0]				Blue A	Blue Asterix = Mini-band-CRU				
			Ldru_fp=[8 0 0 0]				Green	Green Diamonds = DRU				
	0											$\diamond \diamond \diamond \diamond$
				[I	I		I				/
		0	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40		45

Physical PRU

BW=10, DSAC=10, DFPC=0, DFPSC=0, DCASsb_fp0 = [10], DCASmb_fp0 = [0], DCAS_fpig0=0

Configuring the PHY for Maximum Number of Mini-Band CRUs for one Frequency Partition (10MHz)

- $10MHz \rightarrow 48 PRUs \rightarrow Maximum of 12 Sub-bands$
- DSAC=0 \rightarrow Sets the number of Sub-bands to be 0
- DFPC = $0 \rightarrow$ One Frequency Partition (Table 772)
- DFPSC = $0 \rightarrow$ No Sub-bands in non-zero partitions
- DCASsb0 = 0 \rightarrow Number of sub-band CRUs in FP0
- DCASmb0 = 15 → 42 mini-band CRUs in FP0 (Table 775) (the remaining 6 are DRUs)
- DCASi = $0 \rightarrow$ No CRUs in non-zero partitions

Example – 10MHz Maximum allowed number of NLRUs

- UMa / RMa Configuration
- One Frequency Partition
- DRUs are distributed across the bandwidth
 - OK for Diversity



Proposed Text

• Need a harmonized solution to this problem!