

Project	IEEE 802.20 Working Group on Mobile Broadband Wireless Access http://ieee802.org/20/	
Title	QFDD Performance Report 1 Presentation	
Date Submitted	2005-10-28	
Source(s)	Jim Tomcik Qualcomm, Incorporated 5775 Morehouse Drive San Diego, CA, 92121 Voice: 858-658-3231 Fax: 858-658-2113 E-Mail: jtomcik@qualcomm.com	
Re:	MBWA Call for Proposals	
Abstract	This contribution (part of the QFDD proposal package for 802.20), contains the QFDD Performance Report 1 Presentation slide set.	
Purpose	For consideration of 802.20 in its efforts to adopt an FDD proposal for MBWA.	
Notice	This document has been prepared to assist the IEEE 802.20 Working Group. It is offered as a basis for discussion and is not binding on the contributing individual(s) or organization(s). The material in this document is subject to change in form and content after further study. The contributor(s) reserve(s) the right to add, amend or withdraw material contained herein.	
Release	The contributor grants a free, irrevocable license to the IEEE to incorporate material contained in this contribution, and any modifications thereof, in the creation of an IEEE Standards publication; to copyright in the IEEE's name any IEEE Standards publication even though it may include portions of this contribution; and at the IEEE's sole discretion to permit others to reproduce in whole or in part the resulting IEEE Standards publication. The contributor also acknowledges and accepts that this contribution may be made public by IEEE 802.20.	
Patent Policy	The contributor is familiar with IEEE patent policy, as outlined in Section 6.3 of the IEEE-SA Standards Board Operations Manual <http://standards.ieee.org/guides/opman/sect6.html#6.3> and in <i>Understanding Patent Issues During IEEE Standards Development</i> <http://standards.ieee.org/board/pat/guide.html> .	

QFDD Performance Report I Presentation

Jim Tomcik
jtomcik@qualcomm.com

Outline

- **Simulation Setups**
- Link level results
- Forward link throughput
- Reverse link throughput

Simulation Numerology

Bandwidth of Operation	2x5	MHz
FFT Size	512	points
Chip rate	4.9152	Mcps
Subcarrier spacing	9.6	kHz
Guard carriers	32	subcarriers
Cyclic Prefix	6.51	µs
Windowing Duration	3.26	µs
OFDM Symbol Duration (For 6.51µs CP)	113.93	µs

Channel Models

- Evaluation report I requires the use of Suburban macro correlation model and Ped B/Veh B multipath profile.
- Suburban macro cell:
 - Option I: Laplacian model, simple.
 - Option II: SCM model, multiple cluster scattering is more realistic.
 - Both models are used in link level simulations, and correlation matrices generated from SCM is used for system level simulations.
- Multipath profiles:
 - Ped B (3 km/h), Veh B (120-250 km/h), Veh A (120-250 km/h)

Link-to-System Interface

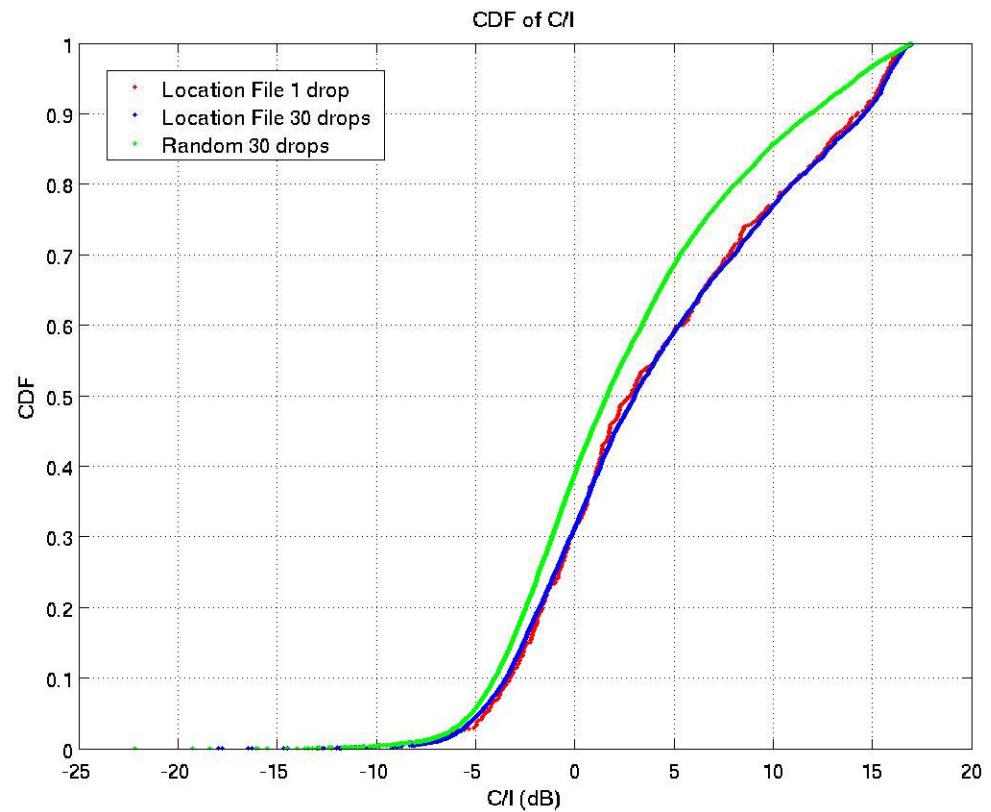
- FER versus effective C/I curves are generated from link simulation, which captures all channel effects and receiver imperfections.
- System simulation computes effective C/I of each packet and looks up the FER link curves.

$$SNR_{eff} = C^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^N C(SNR_i) \right)$$

- $C(\cdot)$ denotes the constrained capacity function corresponding to the modulation scheme being used
- When MMSE is used for spatial processing, SNR_i denotes the post MMSE processing SNR.

Location Calibration

- Calibration run is simulated with the exact cell and user locations as specified.
- Observation: highest geometry is 17 dB due to poor antenna pattern with 20 dB front-to-back ratio.



Overhead Channel Modeling

- Overhead
 - FL control overhead 10%.
 - RL control overhead 11%.
- Signaling errors
 - CQI erasure 50%.
 - Power control error 10%.
 - Error events of probability < 1% is not modeled explicitly in system simulation for full buffer simulations.

Outline

- Simulation Setups
- **Link level results**
- Forward link throughput
- Reverse link throughput

FL Packet Formats

Packet Format Index	Spectral efficiency on 1 st transmission	Max number of transmissions	Modulation order for each transmission					
			1	2	3	4	5	6
0	0.2	6	2	2	2	2	2	2
1	0.5	6	2	2	2	2	2	2
2	1.0	6	2	2	2	2	2	2
3	1.5	6	3	2	2	2	2	2
4	2.0	6	4	3	3	3	3	3
5	2.5	6	6	4	4	4	4	4
6	3.0	6	6	4	4	4	4	4
7	4.0	6	6	6	4	4	4	4
8	5.0	6	6	6	4	4	4	4
9	6.0	6	6	6	4	4	4	4
10	7.0	6	6	6	4	4	4	4
11	8.0	6	6	6	6	4	4	4
12	9.0	6	6	6	6	4	4	4
13	10.0	6	6	6	6	6	4	4
14	11.0	6	6	6	6	6	4	4
15	NULL							

RL Packet Formats

Packet format index	Spectral efficiency on 1 st transmission	Max number of transmissions	Modulation order for each transmission					
			1	2	3	4	5	6
0	0.25	6	2	2	2	2	2	2
1	0.50	6	2	2	2	2	2	2
2	1.0	6	2	2	2	2	2	2
3	1.5	6	3	2	2	2	2	2
4	2.0	6	3	3	2	2	2	2
5	2.67	6	4	4	3	3	3	3
6	4.0	6	4	4	3	3	3	3
7	6.0	6	4	4	4	3	3	3
8	8.0	6	4	4	4	4	4	3

FL and RL Peak Rates

Parameter	Bandwidth 2x5 MHz	
	Forward Link	Reverse Link
Required Peak Rate	18 Mbps	9 Mbps
MBWA FDD Proposal	66 Mbps	9.8 Mbps

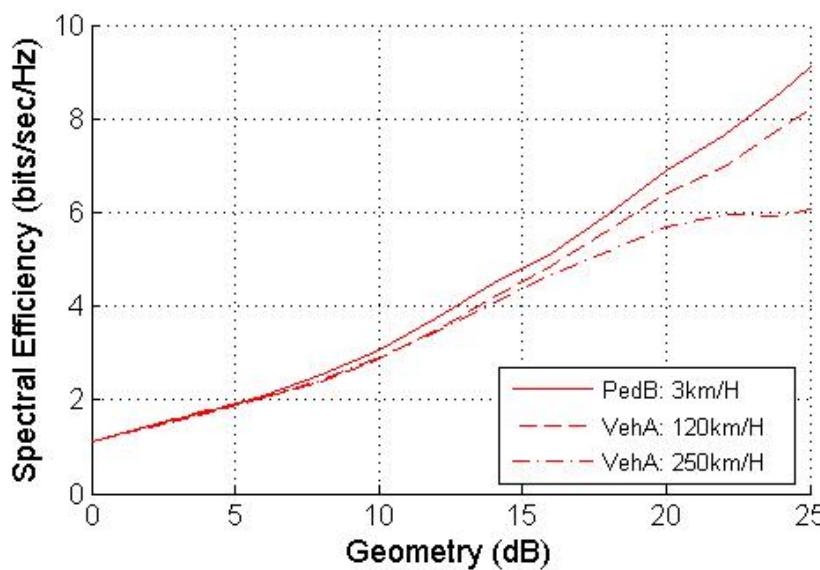
FL Mobility

- MIMO performance is more sensitive to the channel estimation errors due to mobility and multipath delay.
- Experiments assuming 4x4 MIMO SCW with linear MMSE receiver.
- Simulations capture the loss due to channel estimation error, coding, and hybrid ARQ.
- Spectral efficiency takes into account the pilot overhead.
- Correlation models
 - Laplacian AS distribution.
 - BS: AoD 50°, AS 2°, MS: AoA 67.5°, AS 35 °
 - SCM
 - BS: AoD 50 °, AS 2°, MS: average AoA, AS AS 35 °

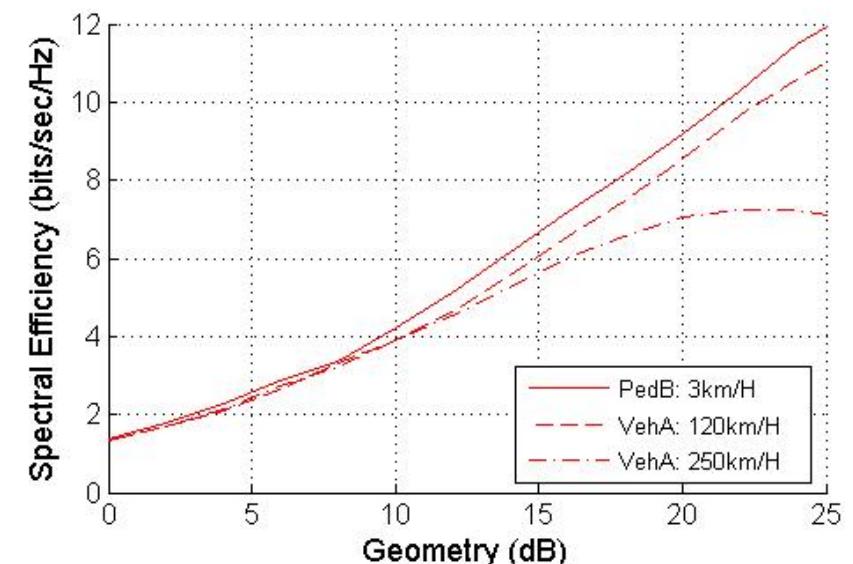
* Spectral efficiency takes into account the pilot overhead.

FL Mobility

- Slight performance degradation up to 120 km/h.
- Support > 6 bps/Hz at 22 dB with vehA 250 km/h.
- Laplacian model results in unrealistic high channel correlation.



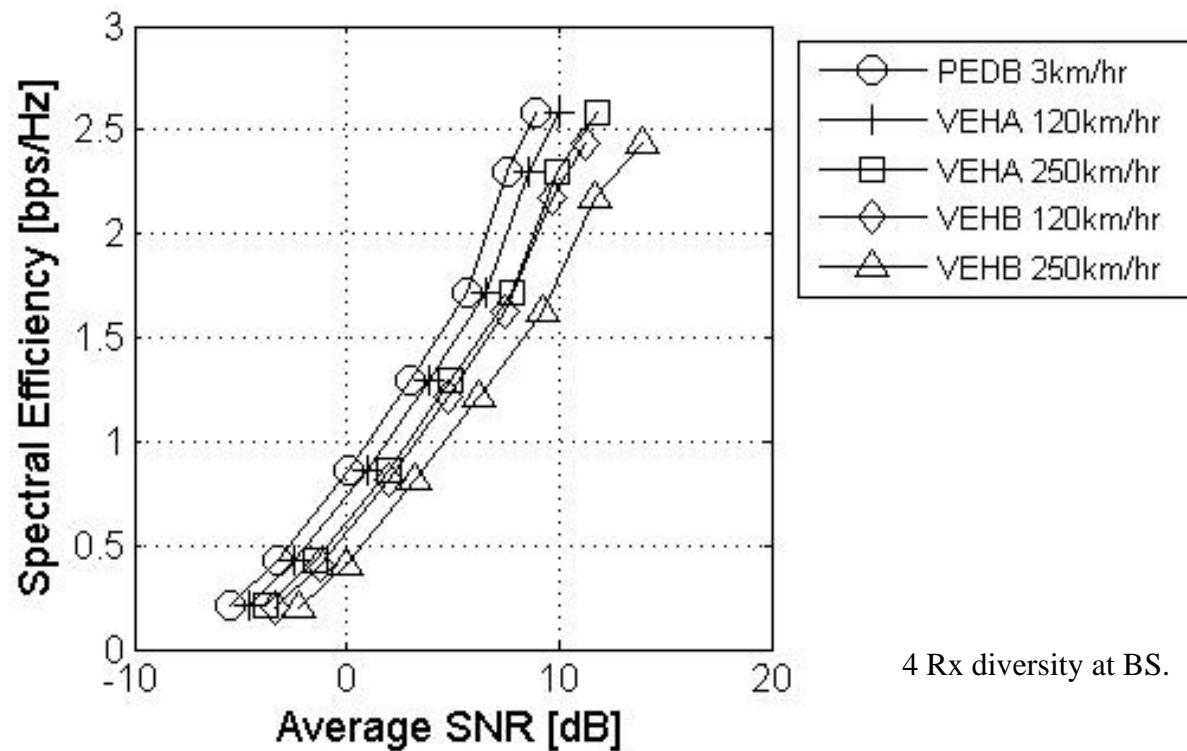
Laplacian Model



SCM Model

RL Mobility

- For each packet format, an average SNR is obtained to meet the 1% FER.
- Spectral efficiency takes into account the pilot overhead and 1% loss in throughput due to packet error.
- Slight performance degradation at 120 km/h.
- Support approximately 2.5 bps/Hz at 250 km/h.



Forward Link Budget

- Mobile station 2 Rx, mobile throughput 1.92 Mbps

CHANNEL	Maximum pathloss (dB)	Maximum range (meters)
I (ped-A)	138.7	1156
II (veh-A)	142.2	1455
III (ped-B)	141.7	1408
IV (veh-B)	142	1436

Reverse Link Budget

- Base station 4 Rx, mobile data rate 64 Kbps

CHANNEL	Maximum pathloss (dB)	Maximum range (m)
I (ped-A)	138.5	1140
II (veh-A)	140.6	1313
III (ped-B)	140.3	1287
IV (veh-B)	139.9	1254

Outline

- Simulation Setups
- Link level results
- **Forward link throughput**
- Reverse link throughput

Forward link Spectral Efficiency

- MIMO 4x4 suburban macro spectral efficiency 1km BS to BS

	PedB 3km/hr	VehA 120km/hr
Required (b/s/Hz/sector)	2.0	1.5
QFDD (b/s/Hz/sector)	2.20	1.96

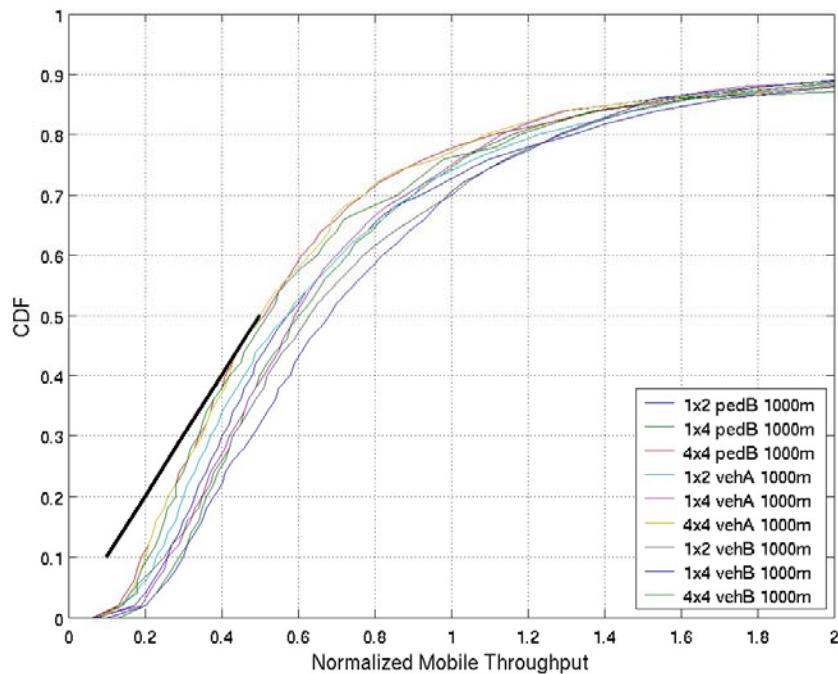
- MIMO 4x4 suburban macro throughput

Sector Throughput (kbps)	PedB 3km/hr	VehA 120km/hr	VehB 120km/hr
1km BS to BS	10857	9580	6751
2.5km BS to BS	9084	7707	5695

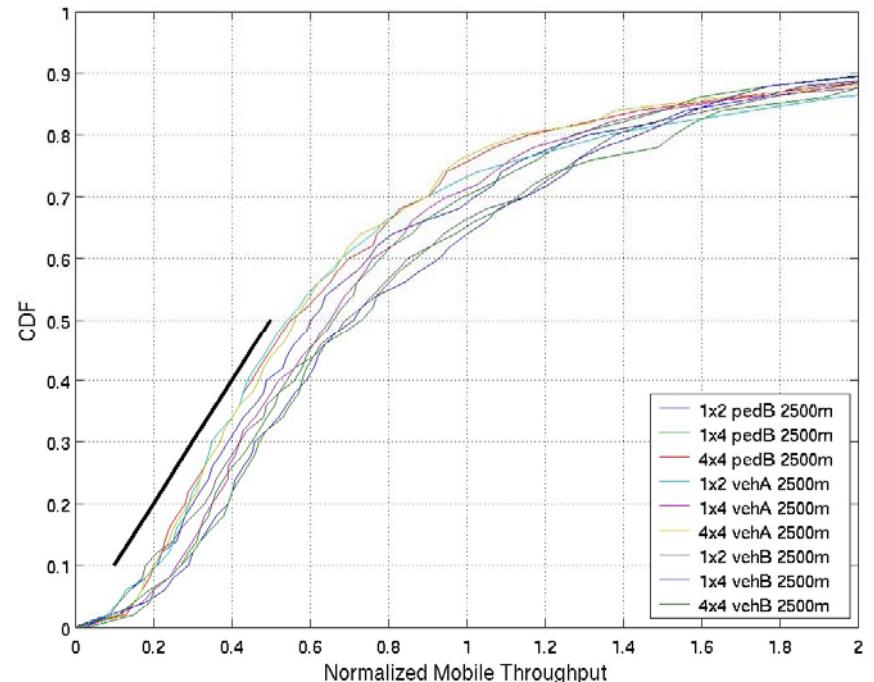
Forward link Data Throughput

Sector Throughput (Kbps)		1x2	1x4	4x4
1km BS to BS	pedB 3km/h	5912	7740	10857
	vehA 120km/h	5366	7072	9580
	vehB 120km/h	3103	4751	6751
2.5km BS to BS	pedB 3km/h	5110	7000	9084
	vehA 120km/h	4640	6233	7707
	vehB 120km/h	2756	4299	5695

Forward Link Fairness

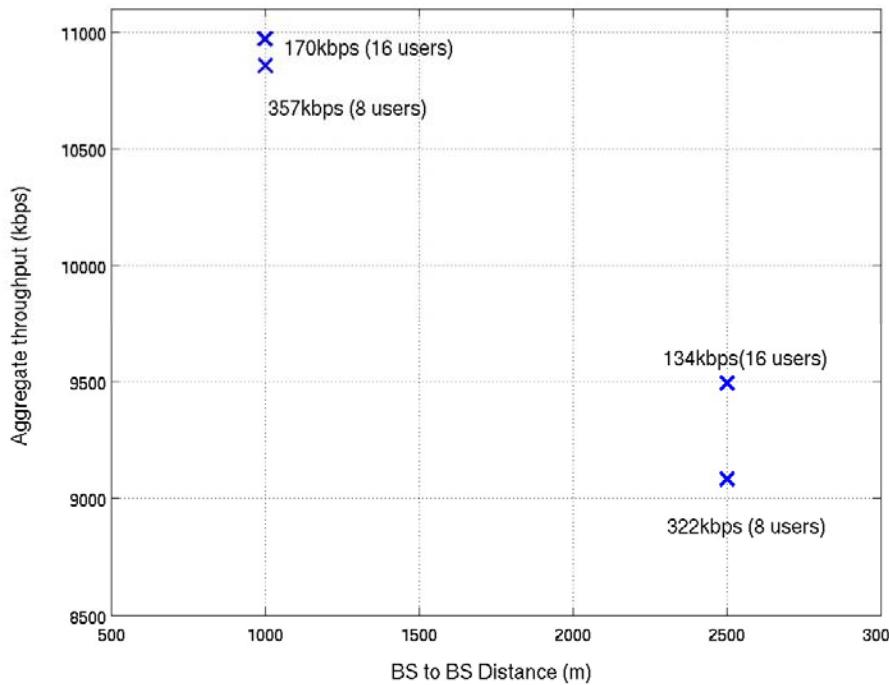


MIMO 4x4, 1000m BS to BS

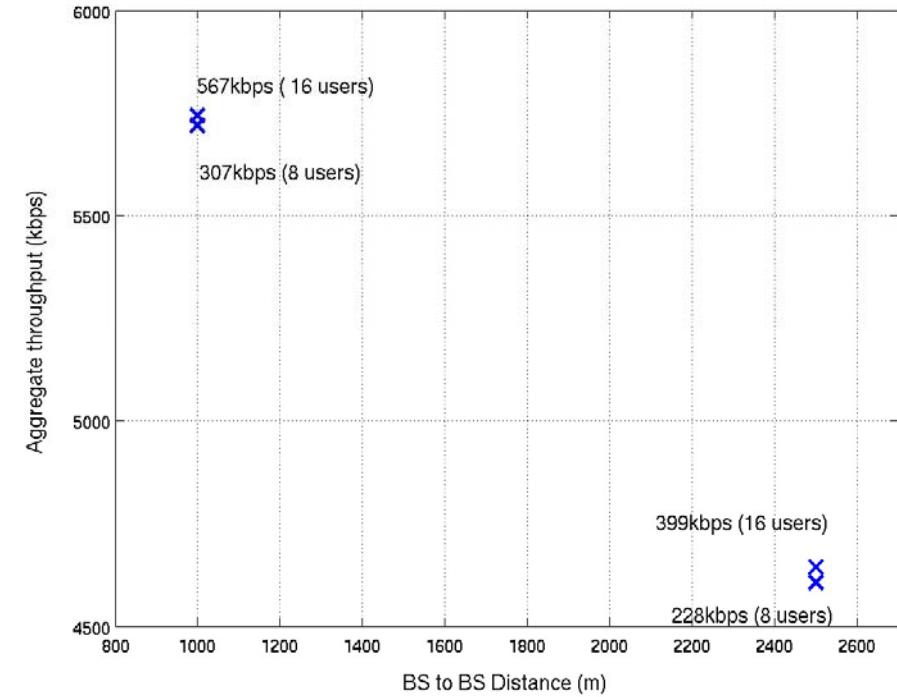


MIMO 4x4, 2500m BS to BS

Forward Link Coverage Tradeoff



802.20 Fairness Scheduling



Equal Grade of Service Scheduling

Minimum service level (80% user data rate) for a 4x4 MIMO system

Outline

- Simulation Setups
- Link level results
- Forward Link throughput
- **Reverse Link throughput**

Reverse Link Spectral Efficiency

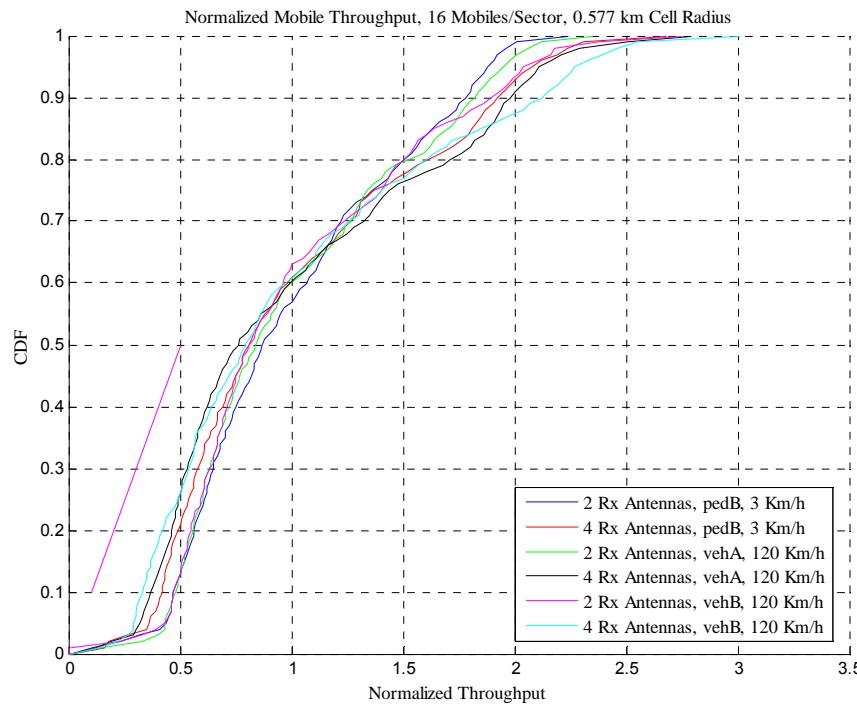
- Suburban macro spectral efficiency with 4 Rx and 1 km BS to BS

Parameter	PedB 3km/hr	VehA 120km/hr
Required (b/s/Hz/sector)	1.0	0.75
QFDD (b/s/Hz/sector)	1.42	1.25

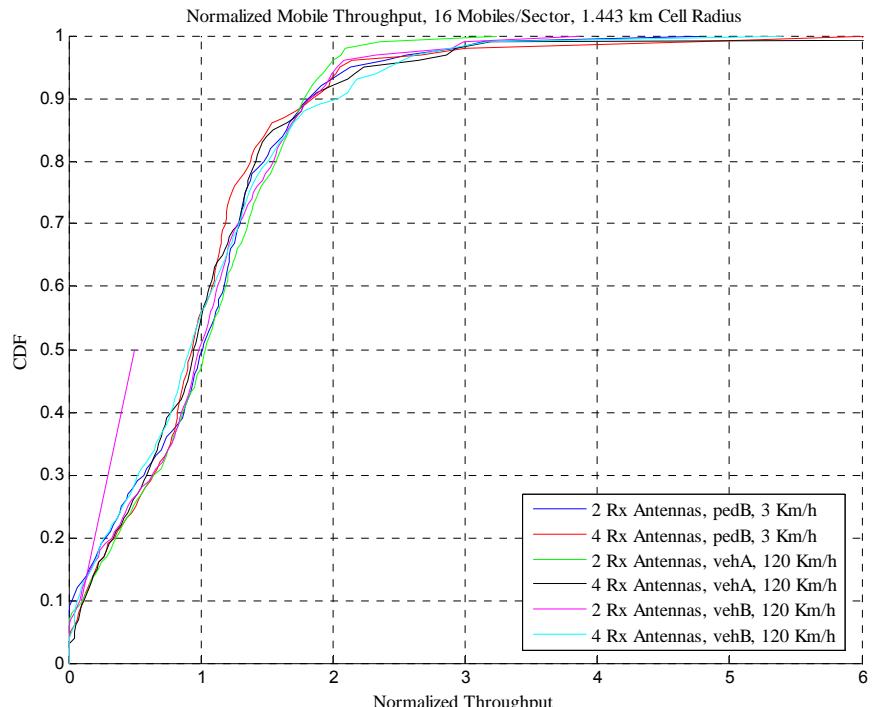
Reverse Link Data Throughput

Sector Throughput (Kbps)		1x2	1x4
1km BS to BS	pedB 3km/h	4109	6921
	vehA 120km/h	3853	5883
	vehB 120km/h	3235	5361
2.5km BS to BS	pedB 3km/h	3449	5109
	vehA 120km/h	3058	4919
	vehB 120km/h	2717	4472

Reverse Link Fairness

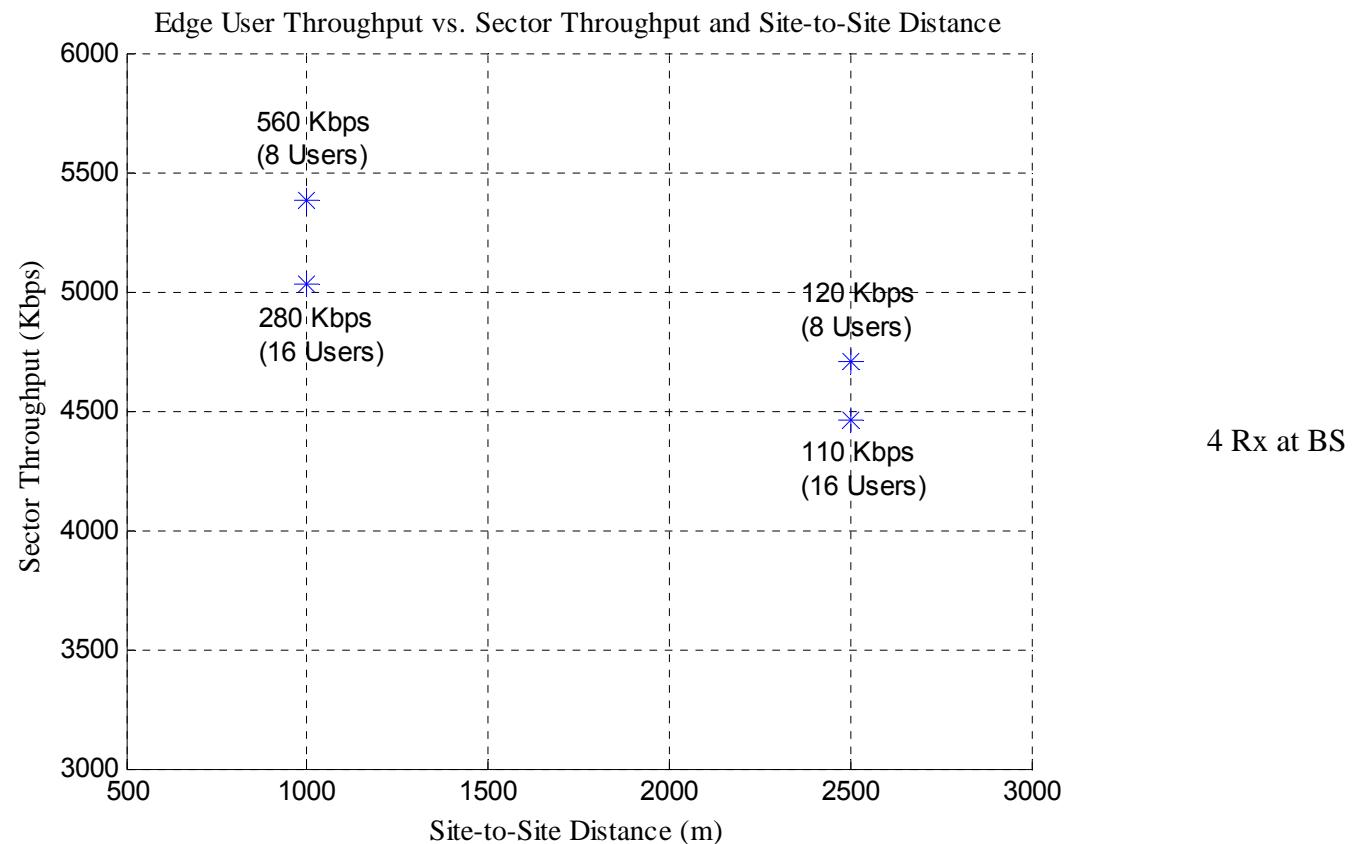


1000m BS to BS



2500m BS to BS

Reverse Link Coverage



Minimum service level (80% user data rate) for a 4 Rx diversity system