

# CAUI-4 Ad hoc

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# Agenda

- Patent Policy: This meeting is an official IEEE ad hoc. Please review the patent policy at the following site prior to the meeting.  
<http://www.ieee802.org/3/patent.html>
- Chip-to-chip discussion
  - Slavick\_01\_121613\_cau
  - anslow\_01\_121613\_cau
  - gustlin\_01\_121613\_cau
  - latchman\_01\_121613

## 20dB Informative channel update

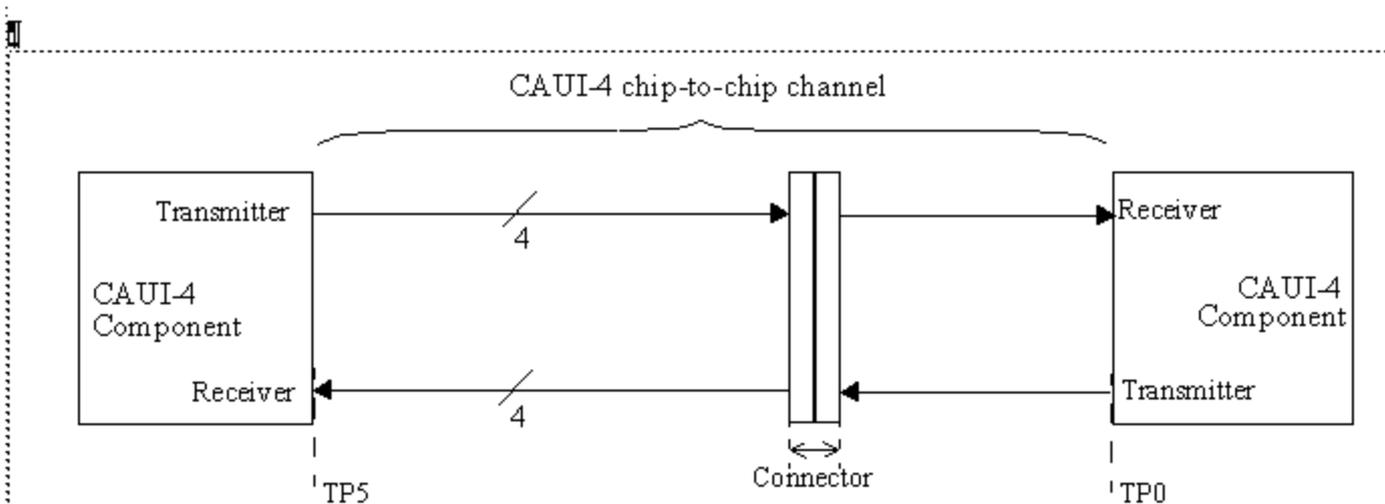
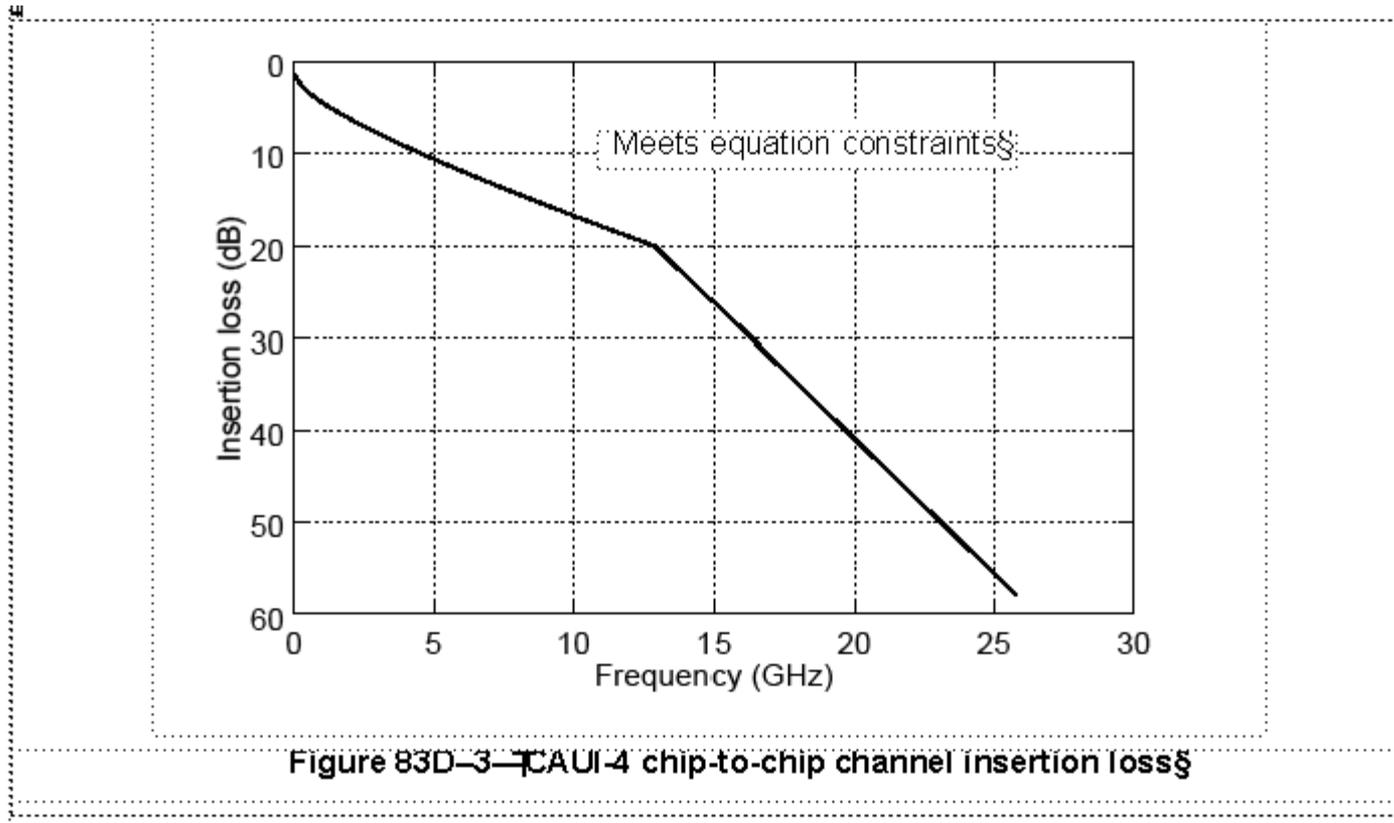


Figure 83D-2—Typical CAUI-4 chip-to-chip application§

The normative channel compliance is through CAUI-4 COM as described in 83D.4. Actual channel loss could be higher or lower due to the channel ILD, return loss, and crosstalk.¶

$$Insertion\_loss(f) \leq \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} 1.083 + 2.543\sqrt{f} + 0.761f & 0.01 \leq f < 12.89 \\ -17.851 + 2.936f & 12.89 \leq f < 25.78 \end{array} \right\} \text{ (dB)} \quad \text{¶} \quad (83D-1)$$

# Updated Insertion Loss Figure



# Transmitter

- With addition of DFE, implementation can be more similar to CL93
  - Output waveform
  - Output jitter definition

# Transmitter

## 83D.3 CAUI-4 chip-to-chip electrical characteristics¶

### 83D.3.1 CAUI-4 transmitter characteristics¶

A CAUI-4 chip-to-chip transmitter shall meet the specifications defined in Table 83D-1 when measured at TP0a. While the CAUI-4 chip-to-chip transmitter requirements are similar to those in Clause 93, they differ in that they do not assume transmitter training or a back-channel communications path. Also, the transmit output waveform is not manipulated via a PMD control function (see 93.7.12). ¶

A test system with a fourth-order Bessel-Thomson low-pass response with 33 GHz 3 dB bandwidth is to be used for all transmitter signal measurements, unless otherwise specified. ¶

### 83D.3.2 CAUI-4 receiver characteristics¶

A CAUI-4 chip-to-chip receiver shall meet the specifications defined in Table 83D-2 when measured at TP5a. ¶

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# Transmitter

Table 63D-1—CAUI-4 transmitter characteristics at 1P0a<sup>§</sup>

Parameter <sup>§</sup>	Sub clause reference <sup>§</sup>	Value <sup>§</sup>	Units <sup>§</sup>
Signaling rate per lane (range) <sup>§</sup>	93.8.1.2 <sup>§</sup>	25.78125 ± 100 ppm <sup>§</sup>	Gb/s <sup>§</sup>
Differential peak-to-peak output voltage (max) Transmitter disabled <sup>¶</sup> Transmitter enabled <sup>§</sup>	93.8.1.3 <sup>§</sup>	< 30 <sup>¶</sup> 1200 <sup>§</sup>	< mV <sup>¶</sup> mV <sup>§</sup>
Common-mode voltage (max) <sup>§</sup>	93.8.1.3 <sup>§</sup>	1.9 <sup>§</sup>	V <sup>§</sup>
Common-mode voltage (min) <sup>§</sup>	93.8.1.3 <sup>§</sup>	0 <sup>§</sup>	V <sup>§</sup>
Common-mode AC output voltage (max, RMS) <sup>§</sup>	93.8.1.3 <sup>§</sup>	12 <sup>§</sup>	mV <sup>§</sup>
Differential output return loss (min) <sup>§</sup>	93.8.1.4 <sup>§</sup>	Equation <sub>(93-3)</sub> <sup>§</sup>	dB <sup>§</sup>
Common-mode output return loss (min) <sup>§</sup>	93.8.1.4 <sup>§</sup>	Equation <sub>(93-4)</sub> <sup>§</sup>	dB <sup>§</sup>
Output waveform <sup>¶</sup> Steady state voltage $v_p$ (max) <sup>¶</sup> Steady state voltage $v_p$ (min) <sup>¶</sup> Linear fit pulse peak (min) <sup>¶</sup> Normalized coefficient step size (min) <sup>¶</sup> Normalized coefficient step size (max) <sup>¶</sup> Pre-cursor full scale range (min) <sup>¶</sup> Post-cursor full scale range (min) <sup>§</sup>	93.8.1.5 <sup>§</sup>	< 0.6 <sup>¶</sup> < 0.4 <sup>¶</sup> 0.71 × $v_p$ <sup>¶</sup> 0.0083 <sup>¶</sup> < 0.05 <sup>¶</sup> 1.54 <sup>¶</sup> 4 <sup>§</sup>	< V <sup>¶</sup> < V <sup>¶</sup> < V <sup>¶</sup> — <sup>¶</sup> — <sup>¶</sup> — <sup>¶</sup> — <sup>§</sup>
Signal-to-noise-and-distortion ratio (min) <sup>§</sup>	93.8.1.6 <sup>§</sup>	27 <sup>§</sup>	dB <sup>§</sup>
Output Jitter (max) <sup>¶</sup> Even-odd jitter <sup>¶</sup> Effective bounded uncorrelated jitter, peak-to-peak <sup>¶</sup> Effective random jitter, RMS <sup>§</sup>	93.8.1.7 <sup>§</sup>	< 0.03 <sup>¶</sup> 0.1 <sup>¶</sup> < 0.01 <sup>§</sup>	< UI <sup>¶</sup> UI <sup>¶</sup> < UI <sup>§</sup>

<sup>§</sup>State of the transmit equalizer is controlled by management interface.

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# Interference Tolerance

Table 83D-2—CAUI-4 receiver characteristics at TP5a

Parameter	Subclause reference	Value	Units
Differential input return loss (min)	§	Equation (93-3)	dB
Differential to common mode input return loss	§	Equation (93-5)	dB
Interference tolerance	83D.3.2.1	Table 83D-3	—

## 83D.3.2.1 Receiver interference tolerance

The receiver shall satisfy the requirements for interference tolerance defined in Table 83D-3. The interference tolerance test leverages the test setup and method described in 93.8.1.7 using the parameters defined in Table 83D-3.

Table 83D-3—Receiver interference tolerance parameters

Parameter	Test 1 values		Test 2 values		Units
	Min	Max	Min	Max	
§	Min	Max	Min	Max	§
Bit error ratio <sup>a</sup>	—	$10^{-15}$	—	$10^{-15}$	—
Insertion loss at 12.89 GHz <sup>b</sup>	—	20	—	10	dB
Coefficients of fitted insertion loss <sup>c</sup>	<	<	§	§	<
$a_{01}$	-1	2			dB
$a_{11}$	0	14.914			dB/GHz <sup>1/2</sup>
$a_{21}$	0	41.228			dB/GHz
$a_{41}$	0	19.728			dB/GHz <sup>2</sup>
RSS_DFE4	0.05	—	0.05	—	—
COM including effects of broadband noise	—	2	—	2	dB

<sup>a</sup>Bit error ratio replaces the RS symbol error ratio measurement in 93.8.1.7

<sup>b</sup>Measured between TP1 and TP5 (see Figure 93C-4)

<sup>c</sup>Coefficients are calculated from the insertion loss measured between TP1 and TP5 (see Figure 93C-4) using the method in 93A.3 with  $f_{min} = 0.05$  GHz, and  $f_{max} = 25.78125$  GHz, and maximum  $\Delta f = 0.01$  GHz

# COM

## 83D.4 CAUI-4 chip-to-chip channel characteristics

The channel operating margin (COM) computed using the procedure in Annex 93A (with the exception that the continuous time filter (CTLE) is as defined in Equation (83D-2) and with coefficients given in Table 83D-7) and the parameters in Table 83D-4 shall be greater than or equal to 2 dB using any combination of discrete transmit equalizer and continuous time filter shown in Table 83D-4. This minimum value allocates margin for practical limitations on the receiver implementation as well as the allowed transmitter equalization settings.

Table 83D-4 Channel operating margin parameters

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Units
Signaling rate	$f_{\delta}$	25.78125	GBd
Maximum start frequency	$f_{min}$	0.05	GHz
Maximum frequency step	$\Delta f$	0.01	GHz
Transmitter package modeK Single-ended device capacitance Transmission line length Single-ended board capacitance	$C_{dl}$ $Z_{pr}$ $C_{br}$	$2.5 \times 10^{-4}$ 12 $1.8 \times 10^{-4}$	$nF$ mm $nF$
Receiver package modeK Single-ended device capacitance Transmission line length Single-ended board capacitance	$C_{dl}$ $Z_{pr}$ $C_{br}$	$2.5 \times 10^{-4}$ 12 $1.8 \times 10^{-4}$	$nF$ mm $nF$
Single-ended reference resistance	$R_o$	50	ohms
Single-ended termination resistance	$R_d$	55	ohms
Receiver 3 dB bandwidth	$f_r$	$0.75 \times f_{\delta}$	GHz

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# COM

Table 83D-4 Channel operating margin parameters (continued)

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Units
Transmitter equalizer, pre-cursor coefficient	$c(-1), c(0), c(1)$	Table 83D-5	< — —
Transmitter equalizer, post-cursor coefficient	$c(-1), c(0), c(1)$	Table 83D-6	< — —
Continuous time filter, DC gain	$CTLE$	Equation (83D-2) Table 83D-7	< dB dB dB
Transmitter differential peak output voltage Victim Far-end aggressor Near-end aggressor	$A_v$ $A_{e1}$ $A_{ne}$	< 0.4 0.4 0.6	< V V V
Number of signal levels	$L$	2	—
Level separation mismatch ratio	$R_{LM}$	1	
Transmitter signal to noise ratio	$SNR_{TX}$	27	dB
Number of samples per unit interval	$M$	32	—
Decision feedback equalizer (DFE) length	$N_D$	5	UI
Normalized DFE coefficient magnitude limit	$b_{max}$	0.3	—
Random jitter, RMS	$\sigma_{RJ}$	0.01	UI
Dual-Dirac jitter, peak	$A_{DD}$	0.05	UI

# COM

One-sided noise spectral density§	$\eta_o§$	$5.2 \times 10^{-4}§$	$V^2/GHz§$
Target detector error ratio§	$DER_0§$	$10^{-15}§$	—§

Table 83D-5— $\Pi$  transmit equalizer pre-cursor coefficients§

Pre-cursor equalization setting§	$c(-1)§$	$c(0)§$	$c(1)§$
0§	0§	1§	0§
1§	-0.05§	0.95§	0§
2§	-0.1§	0.9§	0§
3§	-0.15§	0.85§	0§

Table 83D-6— $\Pi$  transmit equalizer post-cursor coefficients§

Post-cursor equalization setting§	$c(-1)§$	$c(0)§$	$c(1)§$
0§	0§	1§	0§
1§	0§	0.95§	-0.05§
2§	0§	0.9§	-0.1§
3§	0§	0.85§	-0.15§
4§	0§	0.8§	-0.2§
5§	0§	0.75§	-0.25§

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$$H(f) = \frac{GP_1P_2}{Z_1} \times \frac{j2\pi f + Z_1}{(j2\pi f + P_1)(j2\pi f + P_2)} \quad (83D-2)$$

where

- $H(f)$  is the CTLE transfer function
- $G$  is the CTLE gain
- $P_1, P_2$  are the CTLE poles in Grad/s
- $Z_1$  is the CTLE zero in Grad/s
- $j$  is the square root of  $-1$
- $f$  is the frequency in GHz

Table 83D-7—Reference CTLE coefficients

Peaking (dB)	G	$\frac{P_1}{2\pi}$	$\frac{P_2}{2\pi}$	$\frac{Z_1}{2\pi}$
1	0.89125	18.6	14.1	8.364
2	0.79433	18.6	14.1	7.099

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# COM

Table 83D-7—Reference CTLE coefficients

Peaking (dB)	G	$\frac{F_1}{2\pi}$	$\frac{F_2}{2\pi}$	$\frac{Z_1}{2\pi}$
3	0.70795	15.6	14.1	5.676
4	0.63096	15.6	14.1	4.9601
5	0.56234	15.6	14.1	4.358
6	0.50119	15.6	14.1	3.844
7	0.44668	15.6	14.1	3.399
8	0.39811	15.6	14.1	3.012
9	0.35481	15.6	14.1	2.672
10	0.31623	15.6	14.1	2.3728
11	0.28184	15.6	14.1	2.109
12	0.25119	15.6	14.1	1.8755

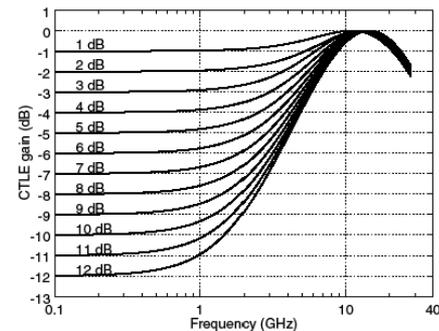


Figure 83D-4—Selectable continuous time linear equalizer (CTLE) characteristics

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