

HINOC: PHY Introduction

Hui Zhao

School of Electronics Engineering and Computer Science

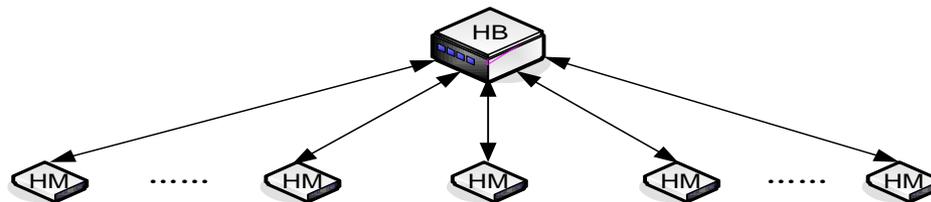
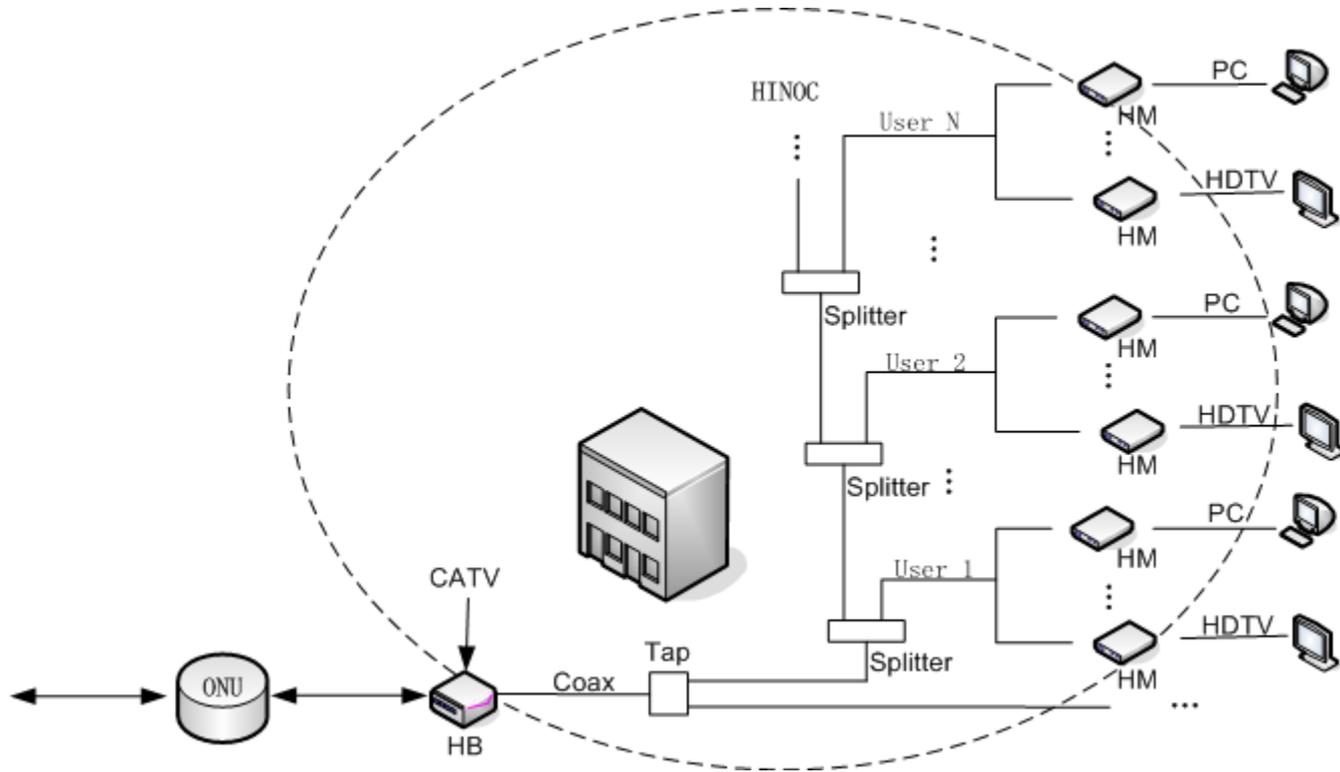
Peking University, Beijing China

Dec. 6 2013

(Phone conference)

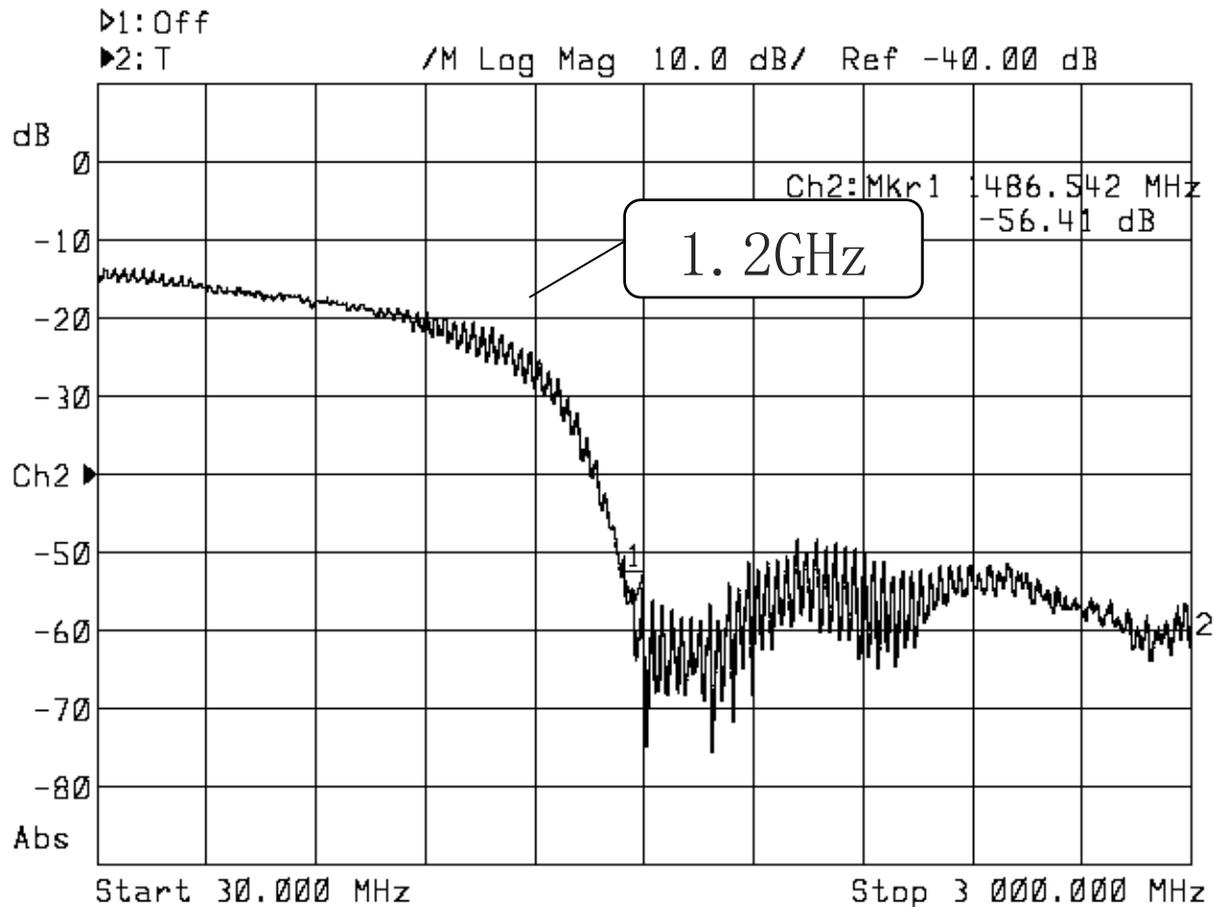


HINOC Network Structure



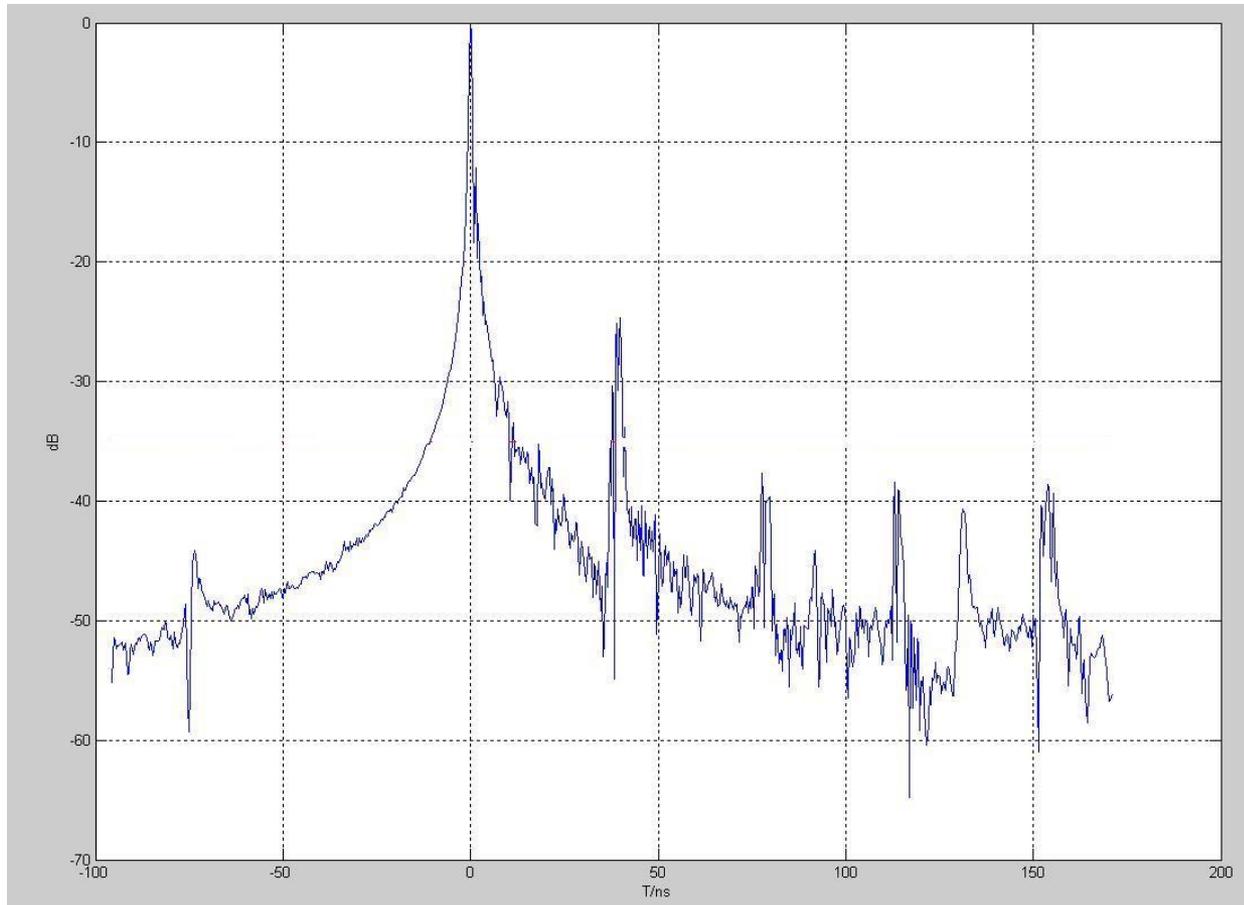
Channel Model

Frequency-domain Response



Channel Model

Time-domain Response



Channel Model

- **Channel characteristics affect system design**
 - Frequency band
 - Modulation and coding scheme
 - PHY frame structure

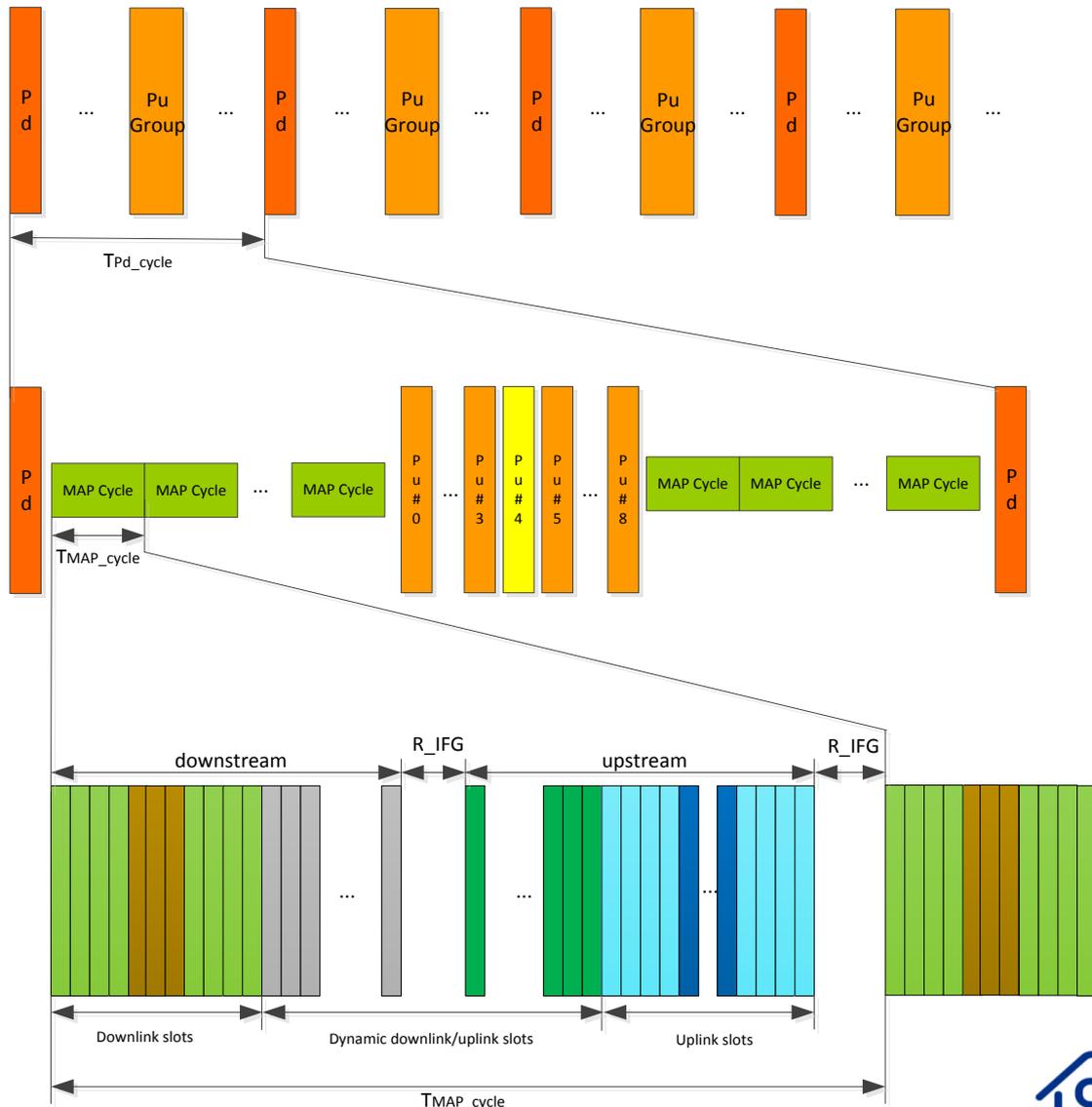
HINOC2.0 Features

	HINOC1.0	HINOC2.0
Max data rate	100Mbps	1Gbps
Bandwidth	16MHz	128MHz
Max modulation	1024QAM	4096QAM
Subcarriers	256	2048
Subcarrier interval	62.5KHz	62.5KHz
FEC coding	BCH	BCH/LDPC
Multiplexing Multiple access	TDD/TDMA	TDD/TDMA+OFDMA

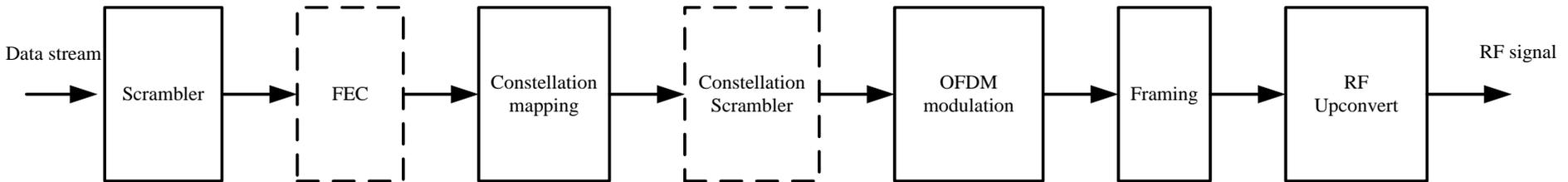
PHY Layer Frames

PHY Layer Frame	Functions
Pd : Downlink Probe Frame Pu : Uplink Probe Frame	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Transmission of MAC's signaling frame;2. New user access and maintenance;3. Channel parameters estimation.
Dd : Downlink Data Frame Du : Uplink Data Frame	Transmission of MAC's data frame.
Cd : Downlink Control Frame Ru : Uplink Report Frame	Transmission of MAC's control frame and report frame.
Bd : Broadcasting Frame	Transmission MAC's broadcasting frame.

PHY Layer Frames



PHY Transmitter Block Diagram



FEC Coding and Modulation

- **FEC coding**

- BCH

- (392,248), (1920,1040), (1920,1744)

- LDPC

- Under discussions

- **Modulation**

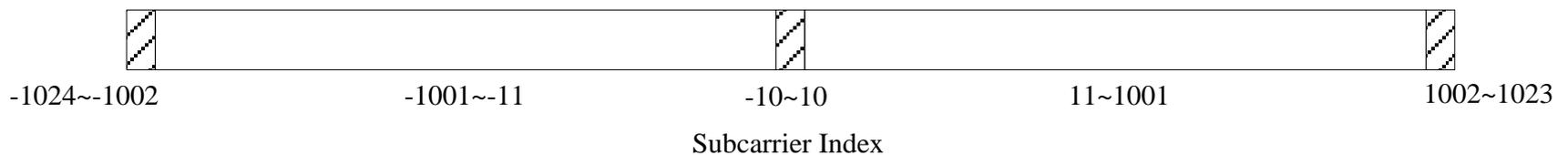
- DQPSK, QPSK, 8QAM~4096QAM

- **Adaptive modulation and coding**

- Adjacent subcarriers are grouped and use the same AMC

OFDM

- Number of subcarriers: 2048
- Subcarriers interval: 62.5KHz
 - Backward compatible with HINOC1.0

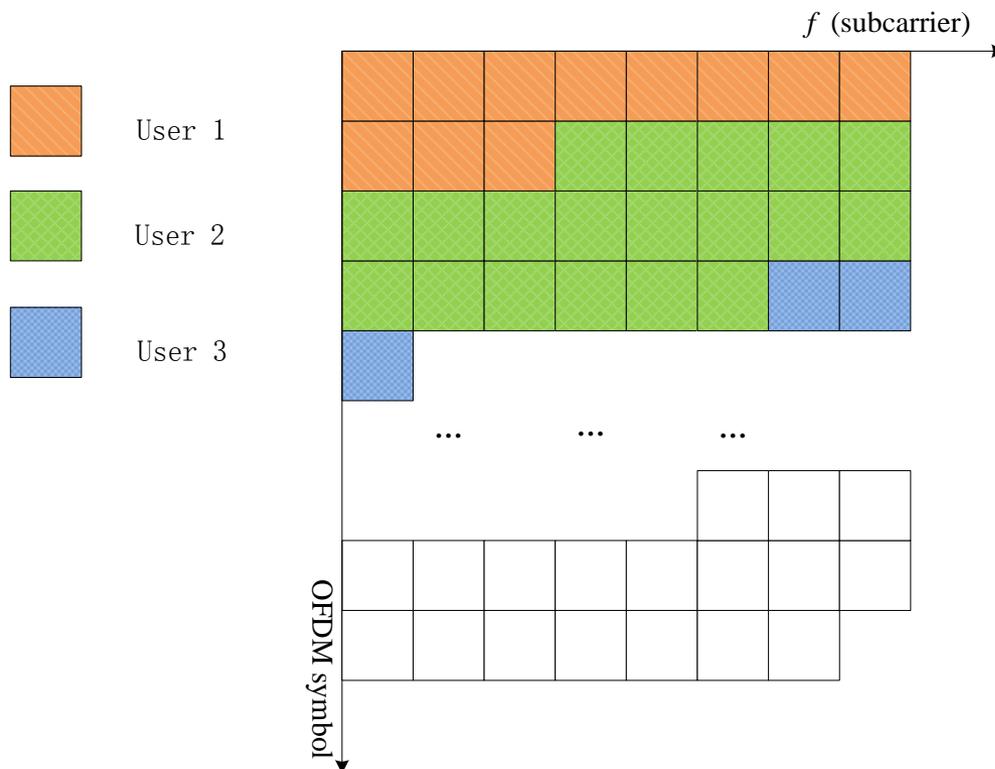


- Cyclic prefix length: 0.5/1/2 us

Multiple Access

- OFDMA

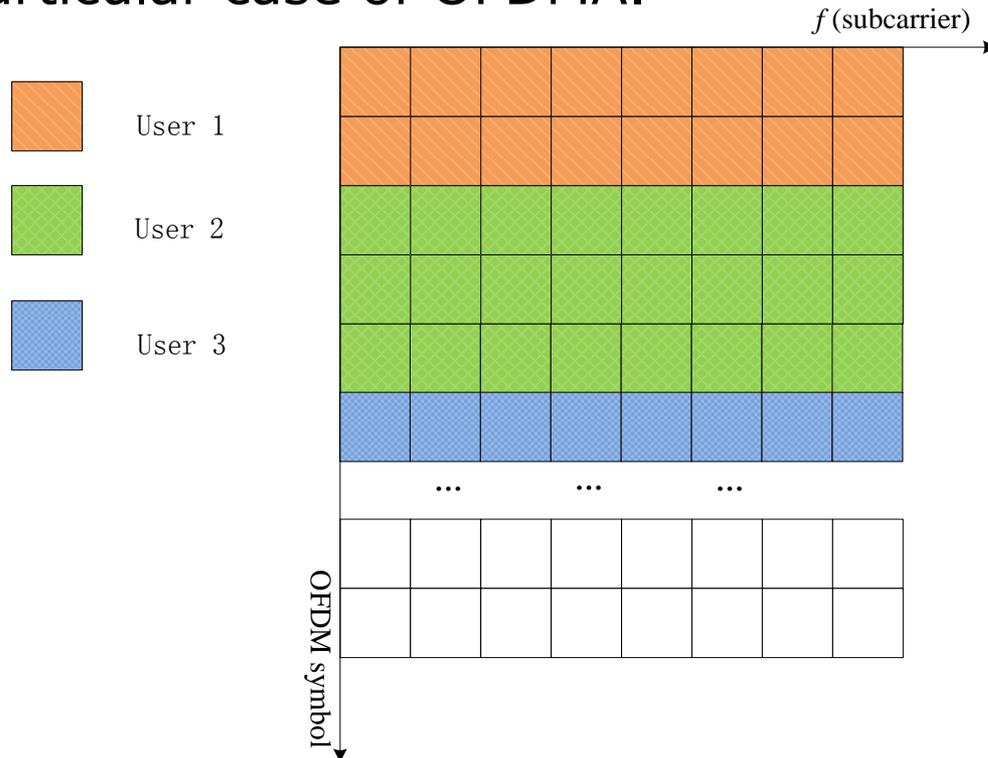
- Each user occupies part of subcarriers of a OFDM symbol
- Highly suitable for frequency selective channel
- High efficiency in the case of short packets.



Multiple Access

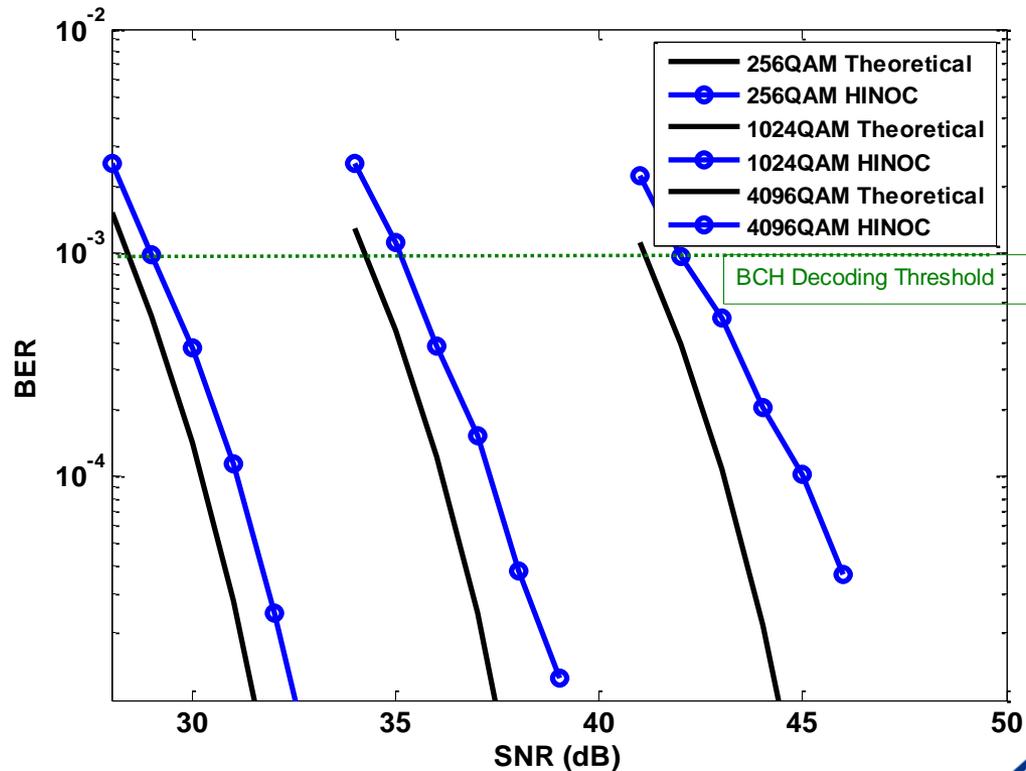
- TDMA

- Each user occupies all subcarriers of a OFDM symbol
- Lower implementation complexity than OFDMA in the uplink
- A particular case of OFDMA.



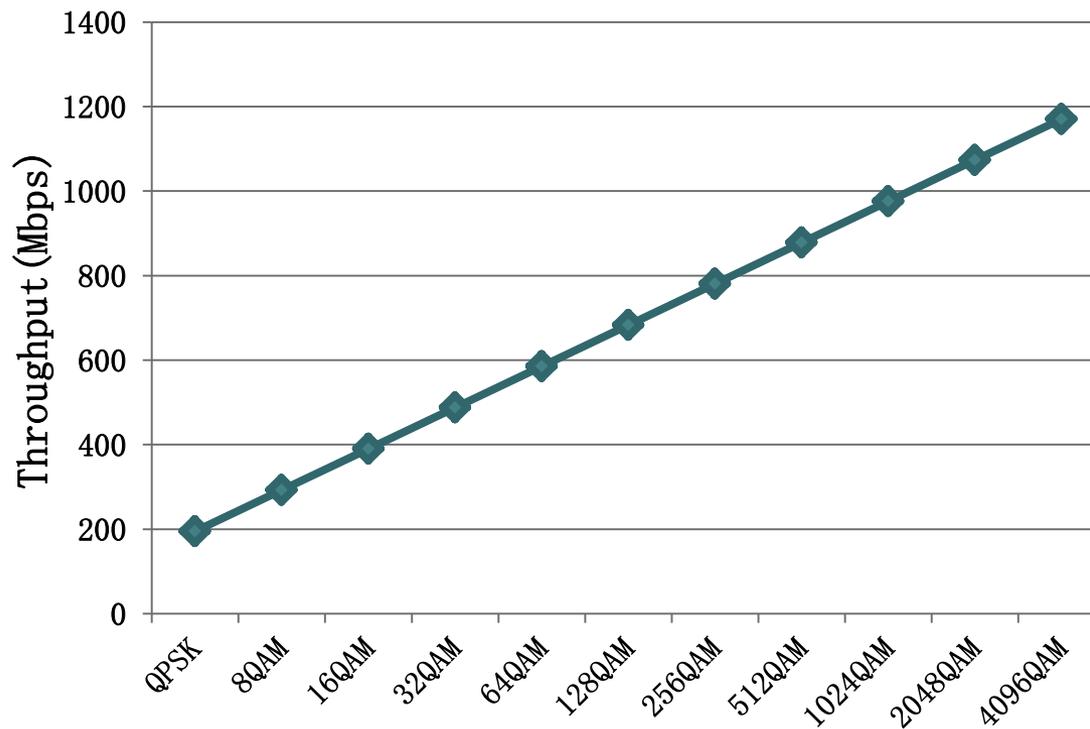
Performance

- BER performance with different QAM
 - Cyclic Prefix: 1us
 - Channel model: Measured Channel 3
 - Without FEC



Performance

- Maximum throughput with different QAM
 - Cyclic Prefix: 1us
 - FEC type: BCH(1920,1744)



Thank you!