

# Class F<sub>A</sub> (category 7<sub>A</sub>) Cabling for 25GBASE-T Channel Test Report

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#### Class F<sub>A</sub> (category 7<sub>A</sub>) Cabling for 25GBASE-T.

#### Channel Test Report

#### **Abstract**

Category 7A cables are used in Class FA (IEC/ISO 111801 standard) installations. This contribution provides test data to support the deployment of proposed 25GBASE-T technology over Class FA cabling, including the existing infrastructure. 7, 30 and 50m long channels utilizing IEC 61076-3-110 connectivity were included in this study. The study utilized commercially available cables and test equipment. The data is presented up to 1200 MHz for NEXT, Return Loss, Insertion Loss, ACR. It is believed that the data reflects typical performance of the installed infrastructure. Additional measurements are underway

#### **RATIONALE**

If the existing category 7A cabling can be used for 25 GBASE-T two immediate benefits to help to accelerate the deployment and reduce the investment risk are possible:

- A) The use of the existing infrastructure
- B) The use of proven technology

Category 7A cables (IEC 61156-7) for Class FA (IEC/ISO 11801) standard are specified for 1200 MHz.

Class F is used for 10GBASE-T (see IEEE 802.3 part 3, section 4, clause 44, 45,55). Class F<sub>A</sub> is an upgrade to Class F

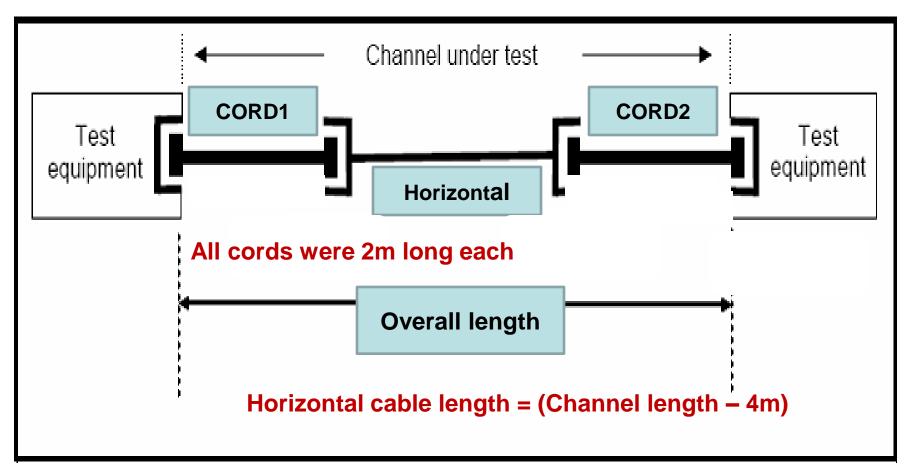
This report is intended to provide information on selected transmission test parameters.

# **Classes and Categories**

ISO/IEC 11801	Cable/connector	Freq. max.	Typical / proposed
	category	Characterization	Application
Class C	3	16 MHz	Token Ring
Class D	5e	100 MHz	10MbE to 1GbE (5GbE *)
Class E	6	250 MHz	10MbE to 1 GbE(5GbE*)
Class E <sub>A</sub>	6 <sub>A</sub>	500 MHz	0.01 to 10 GbE
Class F	7	600 MHz	1 to 10 GbE
Class F <sub>A</sub>	<b>7</b> <sub>A</sub>	1000 MHz	1 to 25 GbE
Class I	8.1	2000 MHz	1 to 40 GbE
Class II	8.2	2000 MHz **	1 to 100 GbE **

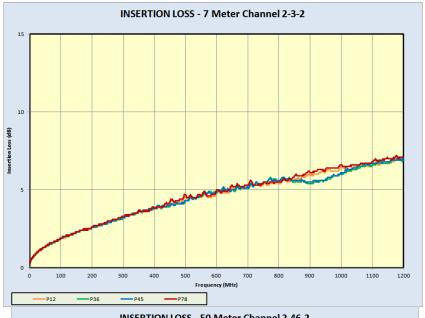
Note: \* to be defined

\*\* bandwidth to be increased with further enhancements



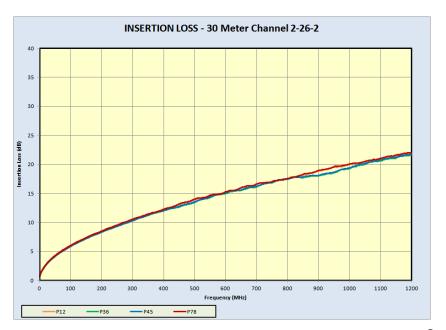
Measured data apply to the tested channels only and may not represent all the available Class FA channels

## **Class FA Channel and 25 GbE.** *Insertion Loss*

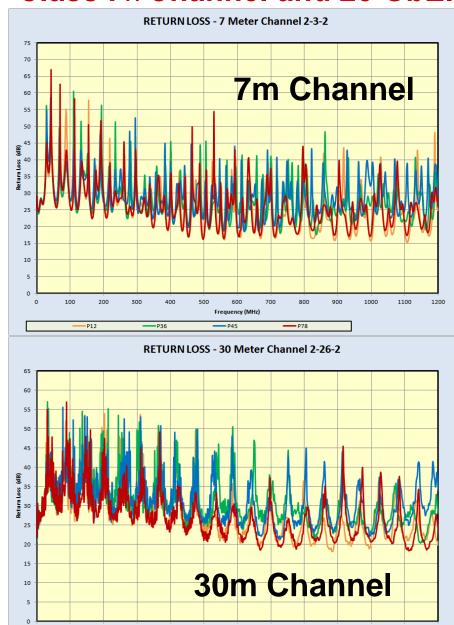




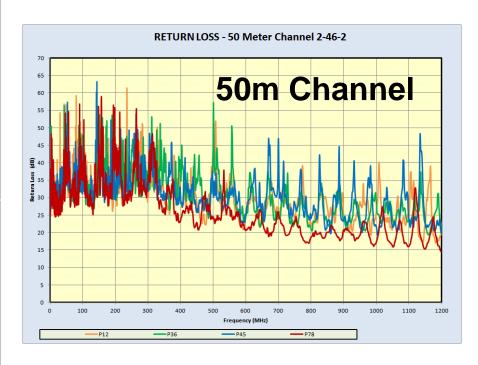
Insertion Loss			
<b>Channel Length</b>	ᆜ		
7m	7dB		
30m	22 dB		
50 m	33 dB		



#### Class F<sub>A</sub> Channel and 25 GbE.

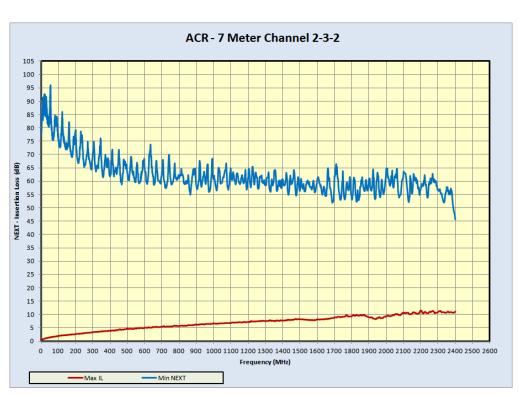


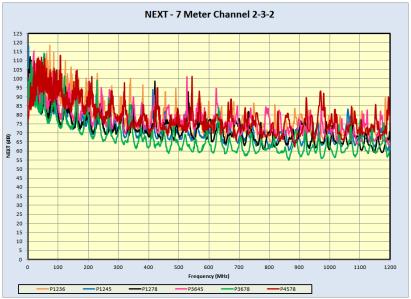
#### Return Loss



Measurements done with laboratory-level fixtures and equipment

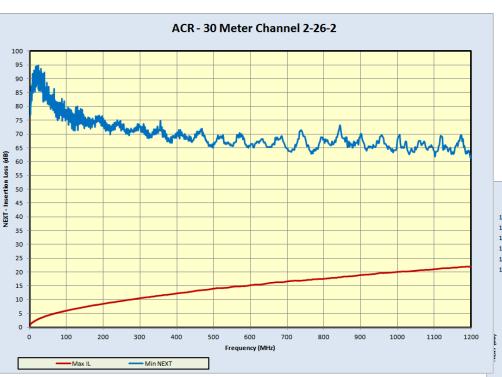
### Class F<sub>A</sub> Channel and 25 GbE. NEXT and ACR - 7m

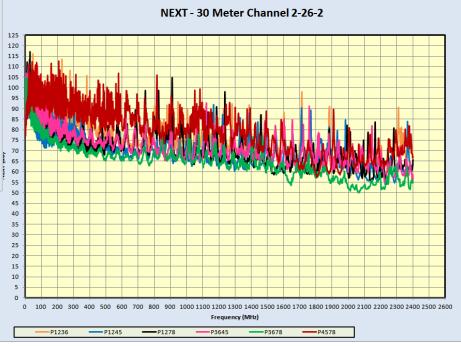




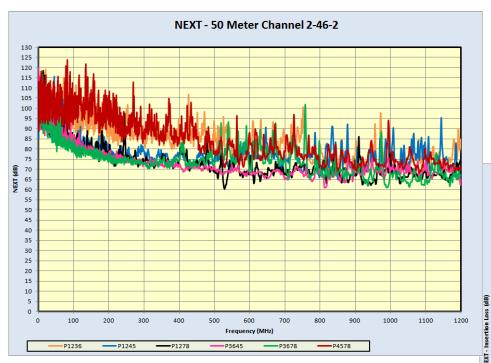
ACR:
Worst case NEXT
compared to
worst case IL

#### Class F<sub>A</sub> Channel and 25 GbE. NEXT and ACR - 30m





#### Class F<sub>A</sub> Channel and 25 GbE. NEXT and ACR - 50m



ACR - 50 Meter Channel 2-46-2

ACR:
Worst case NEXT
compared to
worst case IL

# Summary

- ✓ Category 7<sup>A</sup> cabling can provide two immediate benefits for a new 25GBASE-T standard:
  - 1) the existing infrastructure
  - 2) the proven technology
- ✓ Class F<sub>A</sub> Channel Tests provided IL, ACR, RL and NEXT data to assess the compatibility with yet-to-be-defined 25GBASE-T requirements
- ✓ If 25 GBBASE-T upper frequency spectra to be within 1000-1250MHz spectra, the utilization of the existing Class F<sub>A</sub> – based on the observed transmission parameters
- should be feasible

# **Conclusion**

Move that 30m of Class F<sub>A</sub> (category 7<sub>A</sub> cabling) be incorporated into clause 113.7 of the next IEEE P802.3bq draft for support of 25GBASE-T