

Meeting Minutes

Group: IEEE P802.3ca 100G-EPON Task Force

Event: Orlando meeting

Date: **From:** 11/6/2017 **To:** 11/8/2017

Location: Orlando, FL USA

Opening

11/6/2017 1:05 PM Opening

The meeting was called to order by the Chair, Curtis Knittle. Duane Remein volunteered to serve as recording secretary. The Chair held Introductions and gave the opening report.

Note: date/time above some motions indicate time vote was recorded.

Motion #1

Approve the agenda for November 6-8 2017 Task Force meeting as shown in file
http://www.ieee802.org/3/ca/public/meeting_archive/2017/11/agenda_3ca_1_1117.pdf

Moved: Eugene Dai

Second: Bill Powell

Technical ($\geq 75\%$)

Motion Passed by voice without opposition

Motion #2

Approve the Minutes for Task Force meeting held September, in Charlotte, NC USA located in file
http://www.ieee802.org/3/ca/public/meeting_archive/2017/09/minutes_unapproved_3ca_0917.pdf

Moved: Marek Hajduczenia

Second: Alan Brown

Procedural ($> 50\%$)

Motion Passed by voice without opposition

The chair reviewed the Task Force Web site / password, IEEE rules, and the IEEE patent policy.

11/6/2017 1:20 PM The chair made a call for patents, no response was made.

The Chair reviewed the IEEE Participation guidelines and process. Future meeting polls were taken. The WG chair commented on the Task Force progress noting that our CSDs would need to be modified at some point to allow us to proceed with a 50G serial solution. He also noted that we are due to complete baseline decision making by the March 2018 meeting (in two meetings after this meeting).

Presentations

All presentations are in the following format:

Title	Presenter	Affiliation
Comments FileRef		
FEC Proposal for NGEPON - update	Mark Laubach	Broadcom
This presentation proposed an alternative FEC code LDPC(18493,15677) with slightly improved performance. This code includes puncturing and shortening. It was mentioned during discussions that, for 20 km fiber latency will be at least 100 us due to propagation delay alone.		
laubach_3ca_1a_1117.pdf		
FEC Choices for 802.3ca	Eugene Dai	Cox Communications
This presentation suggested that an RS FEC would be preferable given latency considerations for a 50G PAM4 whereas 25G NRZ would be better served with an LDPC FEC. It was noted that 50G PAM4 serial is not part of our approved baseline.		
dai_3ca_2_1117.pdf		
Clarifications on LDPC	Gaobo	Huawei Technologies
This presentation rebutted several issues noted in bonk_3ca_1_1117.pdf including latency and shortening performance.		
gao_3ca_2_1117.pdf		
LDPC Code Length Reduction	Rene Bonk	Nokia
This presentation examined puncturing and shortening of LDPC FEC codes. Conclusions were that: 1) puncturing is difficult and limited to ~20% at best and 2) shortening causes increased inefficiencies.		
It was pointed out that the LDPC FEC code proposed by Broadcom was not designed for puncturing, also as PONs become busy, grant times tend to increase which increases efficiency (i.e., inefficiencies are only seen in PONs that are not busy, so efficiency is of little concern).		
bonk_3ca_1_1117.pdf		
11/6/2017 3 AM	Break, reconvened 3:30 PM	
CDR locking and Error distribution at high BER for 25 Gb/s	Vincent Houtsma	Nokia
This presentation examined upstream error characteristics in PON systems and CDD lock. It was suggested that these need careful design/study.		
houtsma_3ca_2_1117.pdf		
FEC Selection for 25G/50G/100G EPON	Bill Powell	Nokia
This presentation examine minimum burst size versus FEC code word size.		
powell_3ca_1b_1117.pdf		

MLID assignment

Duane Remein

Huawei Technologies

This presentation suggested a mechanism to assign the MLID value during the registration (Discovery) process.

remein_3ca_1b_1117.pdf

Channel management

Gaobo

Huawei Technologies

The presentation suggested a mechanism for PMD channel control and reporting using REGISTRATION and REGISTER ACK messages

gao_3ca_1_1117.pdf

11/6/2017 4:50 PM Recessed

11/7/2017 9:05 AM Reconvened

Channel capability report during registration for 100G-EPON

Junwen Zhang

ZTE Corporation

The presentation suggested two mechanisms for PMD channel capability, control, and reporting. One would use REGISTRATER_REQ and REGISTER ACK and the second method would use eOAM to determine PMD channel capability.

zhang_junwen_3ca_2_1117.pdf

Straw Poll #1

Which channel capability reporting method is preferred?

- 1) Modify MPCP capability during registration
- 2) Get the capability by eOAM after registration
- 3) do not care

For 1: 14

For 2: 3

For 3: 9

Latency Consideration for LDPC FEC Code

Jun Shan Wey

ZTE Corporation

This presentation examined latency of FEC codes under consideration.

wey_3ca_1a_1117.pdf

Migration Paths to 25G EPON, 50G, 100G EPON and Wavelength Plans

Eugene Dai

Cox Communications

This presentation considered PON migration and its impact on the wavelength plan.

dai_3ca_1a_1117.pdf

11/7/2017 10:50 AM Break, reconvened 11:17 PM

Discussion on directions of standardization Dezhi Zhang China Telecom
This presentation suggested removing 100G from our objectives, select one solution for 50G (either 2x25 or 1x50). If a single solution for 50G cannot be agree in a reasonable timeframe then it also can be removed from the project.
zhang_dezhi_3ca_1a_1117.pdf

Comments on current wavelength plans Dezhi Zhang China Telecom
This presentation reviewed some possible migration and coexistence scenarios with 25G and 50G EPON solutions.
zhang_dezhi_3ca_2a_1117.pdf

11/17/2017 12:05 PM Broke for lunch. Reconvened at 1:25 PM

Upstream wavelength plans for 50G, 100G Ed Harstead Nokia
This presentation suggested adding a wavelength at ~1290 to support a 2x25G + 1x50G solution for 100G. Also allowed would be 2x25G (1270+1290 or 1290+1310) and a 1x50G for 50G solutions and 2 different 1x25G solutions (1270 & 1310). The channel at ~1290 would never support a standalone 25G PON.
harstead_3ca_1_1117.pdf

TDEC, OMA and TDP Evaluation for 25G EPON
Vincent Houtsma Nokia
This presentation examined an alternative method (transmitter dispersion eye closure, TDEC) of specifying the optical budget which avoids use of transmitter dispersion penalty (TDP). This method does not require an ideal transmitter and is thus easier to test. Unfortunately this method may not be completely valid for APD based receivers.
houtsma_3ca_1_1117.pdf

Power Budget of 25G-EPON Upstream Daisuke Umeda Sumitomo Electric
This presentation compared optical budget for the two wavelengths the TF has approved (1270 & 1310). The author suggests specifying a high power / low TDP transmitter paired with an APD for the single 25G system. For the 2x25G case it is suggested to specify a high power low / TDP transmitter paired a SOA/pin combination to overcome mux/demux losses. It may also be desirable to specify an "Extinction Ratio penalty".
umeda_3ca_1_1117.pdf

25G PON upstream power budget analysis Dekun Liu Huawei Technologies
This presentation examined cooled vs uncooled DMLs and concluded use of an uncooled DML is feasible.
liu_3ca_1a_1117.pdf

11/7/2017 3:10 PM Break, reconvened at 3:40 PM

Upstream wavelength-dependent power budgets
Ed Harstead Nokia
This presentation suggested trading off a narrower ~1310 nm channel, dispersion variance between 1300 and 1320, and a less stringent filter requirement.
harstead_3ca_2a_1117.pdf

Channel Control Protocol

Glen Kramer

Broadcom

This presentation suggested a control protocol for PMD channel management.

kramer_3ca_1_1117.pdf

25G_50G dual rate channels

Dekun Liu

Huawei Technologies

This presentation, previously reviewed on an ad hoc call, suggested that dual rate (25/50G) PHY was technically feasible.

liu_3ca_3_1117.pdf

Experimental Results of Single Wavelength 50G PON

Junwen Zhang

ZTE Corporation

This presentation reviewed experimental results on 50G serial channels. Compared to a 25G NRZ / APD solution, PAM-4 has about a 7dB penalty @1e-3, and 5.5dB penalty @1E-2. Compared to 25G NRZ / APD solution, 50G NRZ has about a 4dB penalty and 50G EDB has 4-5dB penalty. An optical amplifier will be required at either the transmitter or receiver. Challenges include optical link budget, cost, and burst mode receiver.

zhang_junwen_3ca_1_1117.pdf

11/7/2017 5:25 AM Recessed for the day.

11/8/2017 9 AM Reconvened

Single-lambda 50G-EPON wavelength plan

Hanhyub Lee

ETRI

This presentation suggested a single wavelength (in C-band or S-band) 50 Gbps option.

lee_3ca_1_1117.pdf

50G single wavelength PON analysis and comparison

Dekun Liu

Huawei Technologies

This presentation showed economic and technical feasibility (simulation & experimental) of 50G single channel PON and suggested a wavelength plan (~1270 & ~1310 US) with two optional up stream channels and proposed an optical budget (6.5 dB Tx & -25 dB Rx).

liu_3ca_2_1117.pdf

Multi-rate as a Path forward for 25/50/100GE-PON

Frank Effenberger

Huawei Technologies

This presentation suggested a compromise on 25G vs 50G where a link with sufficient margin can operate at 50G and a link with low margin can operate at 25G and thus operate at a less stringent optical budget.

effenberger_3ca_1_1117.pdf

11/8/2017 10:50 AM Break, Reconvened at 11:41:17 AM

11/8/2017 3:50 PM

Motion #9

Remove "100 Gb/s in downstream and less than or equal to 100 Gb/s in upstream" from P802.3ca 100G-EPON Task Force objectives.

Moved: Dekun Liu Second: Phil Miguez

For: 21 Against: 3 Abstain: 6

Technical ($\geq 75\%$) Motion Passed

11/8/2017 4:24 PM

Motion #12

2x25G -EPON shall WDM coexist with 10G-EPON, i.e., the second upstream channel (US1) in any 2x25G EPON shall not re-use one of the two options for 25G US0 (US0-B and US0-A).

Moved: Ed Harstead Second: Ed Walter

For: 16 Against: 4 Abstain: 7

Technical ($\geq 75\%$) Motion Passed

11/8/2017 4:43 PM

Motion #13

Referring to harstead_3ca_2a_1117.pdf, 20 nm spectrum will not be allocated for uncooled lasers for the 25G upstream wavelength option around 1310 nm. Less spectrum will be allocated to enable optimization of optical filtering and dispersion penalty.

Moved: Ed Harstead Second: Phil Miguez

For: 9 Against: 10 Abstain: 7

Technical ($\geq 75\%$) Motion Failed

Straw Poll #3

Is dual-rate TDM coexistence between 25G and 1x50G PON in the upstream of interest (effenberger_3ca_1_1117)?

Yes: 8

No: 6

Don't know: 11

Straw Poll #4

Do you agree to adopt the wavelength plan and downstream power levels in page 10 & 14 in liu_3ca_2a_1117.pdf as the starting point for 50Gb/s single wavelength PON?

For: 8

Against: 9

Abstain: 8

11/8/2017 6:37:25 PM

	Motion #18
Move to adjourn	
Moved: Duane Remein	Second: Frank Effenberger
Procedural (> 50%)	Motion Passed by voice without opposition

11/8/2017 6:37:25 PM Meeting was adjourned

Attendance

Full Name	Affiliation	6-Nov	7-Nov	8-Nov
Rene Bonk	Nokia / Nokia, Bell Labs	x	x	x
Alan Brown	Adtran	x	x	x
Ayla Chang	Huawei	x	x	x
Barry Colella	Source Photonics	x	x	x
Eugene Dai	Cox Communication		x	x
Claudio Desanti	Google	x	x	x
John Dickinson	Bright House Networks	x		
Liang Du	Google	x	x	x
Frank Effenberger	Huawei	x	x	x
Bo Gao	Huawei	x	x	x
Marek Hajduczenia	Charter	x	x	x
Yang Han	Broadcom Limited	x	x	x
Ed Harstead	Nokia / Nokia, Bell Labs		x	x
Vincent Houtsma	Nokia / Nokia, Bell Labs	x	x	x
Kazuhiko Ishibe	Anritsu	x		
Kenneth Jackson	Sumitomo	x		
John Johnson	Broadcom LTD.	x	x	x
Curtis Knittle	CableLabs	x	x	x
Glen Kramer	Broadcom LTD.		x	x
Mark Laubach	Broadcom LTD.	x	x	x
David Law	HPE	x		
Hanhyub Lee	ETRI	x	x	x
Dekun Liu	Huawei	x	x	x
Kevin Liu	AOI		x	x
Phil Miguez	Comcast	x	x	x
Kevin Noll	Tibit Communication	x	x	x
Sebnem Ozer	Comcast	x	x	x
Pondillo Peter	Corning		x	x
Bill Powell	Nokia / Nokia, Bell Labs	x	x	x
Duane Remein	Huawei	x	x	x
Ken-Ichi Suzuki	NTT	x	x	x
Akio Tajima	NEC Corporation	x	x	

Full Name	Affiliation	6-Nov	7-Nov	8-Nov
Ryan Tucker	Charter	x	x	x
Daisuke Umeda	Sumitomo	x	x	x
Edward Walter	AT&T	x	x	x
Jun Shan Wey	ZTE Corp		x	x
Yu Xu	Huawei	x	x	
Shigeyaki Yanaginmach	NEC	x	x	
Junwen Zhang	ZTE Corp		x	x
Richard (Yujia) Zhou	Charter	x	x	x