C/ 1 SC 1 P17 L16 # 1 Cl 45 SC 45.2.1.7.4 P20 L51 # 3 Wienckowski, Natalie General Motors Wienckowski, Natalie General Motors Comment Type E Comment Status D bucket Comment Type E Comment Status D bucket The "important Notice" is no longer required according to IEEE. Because you are showing a new row in the same table you are changing a row in, the text in the new row should be underlined to clearly show that this is new. SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy Delete lines 16 through 26: IMPORTANT NOTICE: IEEE Standards documents are not Underline all text in the last row of the table, including the cross-reference. intended to ensure safety, health, or environmental protection, or ensure against interference with or from other devices or networks. Implementers of IEEE Standards Proposed Response Response Status W documents are responsible for determining and complying with all appropriate PROPOSED ACCEPT. safety, security, environmental, health, and interference protection practices and all applicable laws and regulations. Cl 45 SC 45.2.1.7.5 P21 L15 This IEEE document is made available for use subject to important notices and legal Wienckowski, Natalie General Motors disclaimers. These notices and disclaimers appear in all publications containing this document and may be Comment Type E Comment Status D bucket found under the Because you are showing a new row in the same table you are changing a row in, the text heading "Important Notice" or "Important Notices and Disclaimers Concerning IEEE in the new row should be underlined to clearly show that this is new. Documents. SuggestedRemedy They can also be obtained on request from IEEE or viewed at http://standards.ieee.org/IPR/disclaimers.html Underline all text in the last row of the table, including the cross-reference. Proposed Response Response Status W Proposed Response Response Status W PROPOSED ACCEPT. PROPOSED ACCEPT. C/ FM SC FM P12 L1 # 2 Cl 45 SC 45.2.1.8 P21 / 34 Wienckowski. Natalie General Motors Wienckowski, Natalie General Motors Comment Type E Comment Status D bucket Comment Type E Comment Status D bucket 802.3cg was approved in 2019 Because you are showing a new row in the same table you are changing a row in, the text in the new row should be underlined to clearly show that this is new. SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy Change 20xx to 2019 Underline all text in the last row of the table, including the cross-reference. Proposed Response Response Status W Proposed Response Response Status W PROPOSED ACCEPT

PROPOSED ACCEPT

C/ 116 SC 116.1.4 P33 L28 # 6 C/ 151 SC 151.8.12 P73 L45 Wienckowski, Natalie **General Motors** Wienckowski, Natalie **General Motors** Comment Type E Comment Status D bucket Comment Type TR Comment Status A Tx overshoot All M's and O's in the 400GBASE-FR4 and 400GBASE-LR4-6 rows should be underlined There should not be a note that text is needed in a WG draft. as these are added text. SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy Remove the note: Editor's Note: We need some text to describe the test method. Add underlined as defined in the comment. Response Response Status W Proposed Response Response Status W ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. PROPOSED ACCEPT. See comment #47 C/ 116 SC 116.1.4 P33 L10 SC 0 C/ 00 P12 **L1** Wienckowski, Natalie General Motors Lewis, Jon Dell FMC Comment Type E Comment Status D bucket Comment Type E Comment Status D bucket Straddle the two Clause 151 labels to be in a single cell as is done for 117. (This should be done for 122 as well.) IEEE Std 802.3cg-20xx should be 2019. SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy Make the change defined in the comment. Change 20xx to 2019 Proposed Response Proposed Response Response Status W Response Status W PROPOSED ACCEPT. PROPOSED ACCEPT. SC 140.7.11 P46 C/ 140 L36 # 8 Wienckowski, Natalie General Motors Comment Status A Comment Type TR Tx overshoot There should not be a note that text is needed in a WG draft.

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

Remove the note: Editor's Note: We need some text to describe the test method.

Response Status W

SuggestedRemedy

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE

See comment #47

Response

C/ 140 SC 140.6.2 P42 L11 # 11 Dell EMC Lewis, Jon Comment Type Е Comment Status D bucket3

"defined in Table 140-7 per the definitions in 140.7." This just reads oddly given that the Table number and the subsequent clause are the same (140-7 and 140.7). It took me a moment to realize that the definitions weren't in the Table but in the clause 140.7.

SuggestedRemedy

Change "defined in Table 140-7 per the definitions in 140.7." to "defined in Table 140-7 per the definitions in clause 140.7."

Proposed Response Response Status W

PROPOSED REJECT.

140.7 is subclause and not a clause.

The current text is consistent with the IEEE style manual and with convention used consistently throughout the draft.

Section 11.1 of the 2014 IEEE-SA Standards Style Manual (https://development.standards.ieee.org/myproject/Public/mytools/draft/styleman.pdf) states the following:

"The terms clause or subclause should not be used in headings or references except when referring to major clause headings (e.g., "see Clause 5") or at the beginning of a sentence. All other cross-references should be made by simply referring to the number (e.g., "see 5.1")."

C/ 151 SC 151.9.1 P73 L 52 # 12 Lewis. Jon Dell FMC

Comment Type T Comment Status D Bucket P802.3cr has centralized the general safety references in Annex J. P802.3cr is in a recirculation WG ballot and is likely to complete prior to P802.3cu. TF Chairs should

discuss the order of the amendments as that would determine if this change should happen in P802.3cu or P802.3cr.

SugaestedRemedy

Change "All equipment subject to this clause shall conform to IEC 60950-1." to "All equipment subject to this clause shall conform to the general safety requirements as specified in J.2". Add Editor's Note to be removed prior to SA ballot to align text with changes to P802.3cr.

Proposed Response Response Status W

PROPOSED ACCEPT.

C/ 151 SC 151.13.4.6 P83 **L6** # 13

Dell EMC Lewis, Jon

Comment Type т Comment Status D Bucket

If Annex J is inserted in 151.9.1 then the PICs needs to be updated also.

SuggestedRemedy

Change "Conforms to IEC 60950-1" to "Conforms to J.2"

Proposed Response Response Status W

PROPOSED ACCEPT.

P73 C/ 151 SC 151.9.1 / 52

Carlson, Steven HSD/Bosch/Ethernovia

Comment Type TR Comment Status D

Bucket

P802.3cr is harmonizing general safety references across all of IEEE 802.3 in Annex J. P802.3cr is in the 1st WG ballot recirculation and is likely to complete the ballot cycle prior to P802.3cu. Coordination between TFs and the P802.3cr project should be maintained to keep this material in sync.

SuggestedRemedy

Change "All equipment subject to this clause shall conform to IEC 60950-1." to "All equipment subject to this clause shall conform to the general safety requirements as specified in J.2". Add Editor's Note to be removed prior to SA ballot to align text with changes to P802.3cr.

Proposed Response Response Status W

PROPOSED ACCEPT

C/ 151 P83 **L6** SC 151.13.4.6

Carlson, Steven HSD/Bosch/Ethernovia

Comment Type Comment Status D Bucket TR

If Annex J is inserted in 151.9.1 then the PICs require updating.

SuggestedRemedy

Change "Conforms to IEC 60950-1" to "Conforms to J.2"

Proposed Response Response Status W

PROPOSED ACCEPT.

C/ 140 SC 140.7.11 P46 C/ 151 SC 151.7.1 P63 L47 L36 # 16 # 19 Carlson, Steven HSD/Bosch/Ethernovia Huawei Technologies Canada Brown, Matt Comment Type TR Comment Status A Tx overshoot Comment Type TR Comment Status A Tx OMA There should not be a note that technical text is needed in a WG draft. This text should For footnote "b", what is the significance of "even if"? Are there other cases where it should? I suspect that the intention is that the OMA outer is supposed to be met over a have been present in D2.0. range of ER and TDECQ. SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy Remove: Editor's Note: We need some text to describe the test method. Explain more completely what the intent for meeting OMA outer is. Response Response Status W Response Response Status C ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE See comment #47 Remove footnote "b" in Table 151-7. C/ 151 SC 151.8.12 P73 / 45 # 17 C/ 151 SC 151.7.2 P64 L3 # 20 Carlson, Steven HSD/Bosch/Ethernovia Brown Matt Huawei Technologies Canada Comment Type TR Comment Status A Tx overshoot Comment Status D Comment Type Т Bucket There should not be a note that technical text is needed in a WG draft. This text should have been present in D2.0. The specifications are not defined in Table 151-8, they are listed there; the specifications are defined within subclause 151.8. SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy Remove: Editor's Note: We need some text to describe the test method. Delete "defined" twice. Response Status W Response Proposed Response Response Status W ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. PROPOSED ACCEPT. See comment #47 C/ 151 SC 151.7.2 P64 L42 # 21 C/ 151 SC 151.5.4 P59 L 53 # 18 Brown, Matt Huawei Technologies Canada Huawei Technologies Canada Brown, Matt Comment Type TR Comment Status D withdrawn Comment Status D Comment Type TR Bucket The intent of footnote b is unclear. The referencing row is average receive power minimum, The reference should be to 151.2 rather than 116.3. It is correct that 116.3 provides the each lane, whereas the footnote talks about Receiver Sensitivity (OMA outer). Perhaps the default architecture, 151.2 points to 116.3 and provides additional information for mapping footnote should be moved down a row. Even then its not clear. Does it then mean that the SIGNAL DETECT. values in the row above must be met for SECQ less than 1.4 dB, but then the values the reference equations (which also defined RS) are used? SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy Change the reference to "161.3" to "151.2". Move the location of the footnote reference if it makes sense. Reword footnote to provide a Proposed Response Response Status W bit more clarity for the whole specification of RS. PROPOSED ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. Proposed Response Response Status Z Change reference from "116.3" to "151.2". PROPOSED REJECT.

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

Comment ID 21

This comment was WITHDRAWN by the commenter.

Page 4 of 29 4/15/2020 10:06:11 AM

C/ 151 P67 # 22 C/ 151 SC 151.8.5.4 P72 L28 # 25 SC 151.8.5.1 L 50 Huawei Technologies Canada Huawei Technologies Canada Brown, Matt Brown, Matt Comment Type Ε Comment Status D withdrawn Comment Type Ε Comment Status D Bucket The acronym RIN has not been defined in the Clause. In figure 151-7, insconsistent font type and size. SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy Change "RIN" to "relative intensity noise (RIN)". Change all to Arial 8pt. Proposed Response Proposed Response Response Status W Response Status Z PROPOSED REJECT. PROPOSED ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. Most of the font in figure 151-7 is Arial 9pt. One text block is Arial 10pt (Stress conditioning), and another is Arial 8pt (Pattern trigger). Propose to change all to Arial 9pt. This comment was WITHDRAWN by the commenter. C/ 116 SC 116.1.4 P33 L28 # 26 L7 # 23 C/ 151 SC 151.8.5.1 P69 Brown. Matt Huawei Technologies Canada Brown, Matt Huawei Technologies Canada Comment Type Comment Status D bucket Comment Type E Comment Status D withdrawn The "O" and "M" for new rows must be underline. The acronym DGD has not been defined in the Clause. SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy Underline all text in new rows for 400GBASE-FR4 and 400GBASE-LR4-6. Change "DGD" to "differential group delay (DGD)". Proposed Response Response Status W Proposed Response Response Status Z PROPOSED ACCEPT. PROPOSED REJECT. C/ 140 SC 140 # 27 P36 L7 This comment was WITHDRAWN by the commenter. Huawei Technologies Canada Brown. Matt Comment Type Comment Status D Bucket C/ 151 SC 151.8.5.4 P68 L28 This is not an editing instruction, but this information is normally part of an editing instruction. Brown. Matt Huawei Technologies Canada Comment Status D SuggestedRemedy Comment Type Ε bucket2 In figure 151-4, Insconsistent font type and size. Delete "Clause 140 was added to IEEE Std 802.3-2018 by IEEE Std 803.3cd-2018". Change instruction at top of page to: "Change the title of Clause 140 (as inserted by IEEE SuggestedRemedy Std 802.3cd-2018) as follows". Change all to Arial 8pt. Proposed Response Response Status W Proposed Response Response Status W PROPOSED ACCEPT.

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

PROPOSED ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE

Change all text in Figure 151-5 to Arial 8pt.

The commenter meant Figure 151-5 on page 69 and line 33 and not Figure 151-4.

Comment ID 27

Page 5 of 29 4/15/2020 10:06:11 AM

C/ 140 SC 140.1 L15 # 28 P36 Huawei Technologies Canada Brown, Matt

The word "three" here is not necessary. For future amendments, let's avoid unecessary

Comment Type Ε Comment Status D

Bucket

Comment Type т Comment Status D

P48

L10

Huawei Technologies Canada

30

31

withdrawn

Wasn't the reach for LR1 reduced to 6 km?

SuggestedRemedy

C/ 140

Brown, Matt

Change "10 000" to "6 000".

SC 140.9

Proposed Response Response Status Z

PROPOSED REJECT.

This comment was WITHDRAWN by the commenter.

C/ 140 SC 140.7.9. P45 L51 # 29 C/ 151 SC 151.1 P55 L30

> Brown. Matt Huawei Technologies Canada

Comment Type E Comment Status D Bucket

Use proper terminology. See Annexes 120B, 120C, 120D, 120E.

SuggestedRemedy

Change as follows.

"Chip-to-chip 400GAUI-16" to "400GAUI-16 C2C"

"Chip-to-module 400GAUI-16" "400GAUI-16 C2M"

"Chip-to-chip 400GAUI-8" to "400GAUI-8 C2C"

"Chip-to-module 400GAUI-8" to "400GAUI-8 C2M"

Proposed Response Response Status W

PROPOSED ACCEPT

SuggestedRemedy

Delete "three".

Proposed Response

Response Status W

PROPOSED ACCEPT.

Brown, Matt Huawei Technologies Canada

Comment Type TR Comment Status A

words that might have to be revised in the future.

Rx sensitivity

This paragraph says that for FR1/LR1 that RS and SRS are normative. Yet the statements above use the word "should" which is associated with an informative specification. The paragraph at line 51, provides no value and should be deleted. Like everywhere else in 802.3, the difference between normative and informative is clear from the wording, "shall" vs "should" or "may". From the standards style manual: "The word should indicates that among several possibilities, one is recommended as particularly suitable without mentioning or excluding others; or that a certain course of action is preferred but not necessarily required (should equals is recommended that)."

SuggestedRemedy

Delete the paragraph on page 45 line 51.

If a normative specification is intended, then change the statements above to normative ("shall") statements.

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

A normative specification is intended for 100GBASE-FR1 and 100GBASE-LR1.

Change "should" to "shall" on page 45, lines 37 and 42.

In the last paragraph of 140.7.9, add the amending formatting.

Bucket

C/ 151 SC 151.7 P62 L23 # 32 Lusted, Kent Intel

Comment Type TR Comment Status D Bucket

The references to G.652.B and G652.D are assumed to be ITU-T G.652, 2009 from the base standard because no other version is referenced in this draft specification. However, a newer version of ITU-T G.652 published 2016 makes numerous changes to the SMF specifications that may be relevant to this draft.

SuggestedRemedy

Update the Normative Reference in Clause 1.3 from the base specfication (IEEE 802.3-2018) with the updated ITU-T G.652 document.

Proposed Response Response Status W
PROPOSED ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE

Import subclause 1.3 from 802.3-2018 and:

Replace

ITU-T Recommendation G.652, 2009

with

ITU-T Recommendation G.652, 2016

C/ 151 SC 151.7 P62 L23 # 33

Lusted, Kent Intel

Comment Type TR Comment Status D

The references to G.657.A1 and G657.A2 are assumed to be ITU-T G.657, 2009 from the base standard because no other version is referenced in this draft specification. However, a newer version of ITU-T G.657 published 2016 makes numerous changes to the SMF specifications that may be relevant to this draft.

SuggestedRemedy

Update the Normative Reference in Clause 1.3 from the base specification (IEEE 802.3-2018) with the updated ITU-T G.657 document.

Proposed Response Status W

PROPOSED ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Import subclause 1.3 from 802.3-2018 and:

Replace

ITU-T Recommendation G.657, 2009

with

ITU-T Recommendation G.657, 2016

Cl 151 SC 151.8.12 P73 L44 # 34

Effenberger, Frank Futurewei Technologies

Comment Type TR Comment Status D withdrawn

The test method for overshoot is missing

SuggestedRemedy

Replace the editor's note with the material found in the associated supplementary file

Proposed Response Response Status Z

PROPOSED REJECT.

This comment was WITHDRAWN by the commenter.

C/ 140 SC 140.6.2 P43 L12 # 35

Trowbridge, Steve Nokia

Comment Type ER Comment Status D Bucket

Since this is a single-lane interface, there is only one wavelength

SuggestedRemedy

Change "Wavelengths (range) to "Wavelength (range)"

Proposed Response Status W
PROPOSED ACCEPT.

C/ 140 SC 140.7.11 P46

Trowbridge, Steve Nokia

Comment Type TR Comment Status A

The editor's note is effectively a TBD that should have been considered lack of technical

L36

36

Tx overshoot

completeness for moving to WG ballot

SuggestedRemedy

Provide the test method for Tx over/under-shoot

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

See comment #47

C/ 140 SC 140.10b P51 L14 # 37 C/ 151 SC 151.13.4.5 P82 L44 Nokia Trowbridge, Steve Nokia Trowbridge, Steve Comment Type T Comment Status A Interop Comment Type TR Comment Status D Is it the case that 100GBASE-FR1 can interoperate with 100GBASE-DR with no extra If the over/undershoot measurement mechanism mentioned in a related comment on clause 151.8.12 had been specified, you would need a PICS to point to it. min/max loss specified? SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy If FR1/DR can interoperate up to DR reach without needing any extra min/max loss limits, Add an OM10 PICS item to this table pointing to the over/undershoot measurement method perhaps worth adding a clause 140.10c with a single sentence to say this. Otherwise, add to be added to 151.8.12. the appropriate min/max loss table. Proposed Response Response Status W Response Response Status C PROPOSED ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. See response to comment #67. See comment #98 C/ 151 P67 L29 # 38 C/ 140 SC 140.11.4.4 P54 L25 SC 151.8.5 Trowbridge. Steve Nokia Trowbridge. Steve Nokia Comment Type TR Comment Status A Tx 10logCeq Comment Type TR Comment Status D TDECQ-10log10(Ceq) is not a parameter for any PMD defined in this clause. This table hasn't been incorporated into the P802.3cu draft, however once the missing measurement method in 140.7.11 for over/undershoot is provided, this clause/table should SuggestedRemedy be brought into the draft and an OM10 PICs item should be added to point to 140.7.11. Delete ", TDECQ-10log10(Ceq)," from the first sentence of 151.8.5 SuggestedRemedy Response Status C Bring the table from P802.3cd clause 140.11.4.4 into the draft and add an OM10 PICS item ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. to point to 140.7.11. Proposed Response Response Status W See comment #56 PROPOSED ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. C/ 151 SC 151.8.12 P73 L44 # 39 See comment #91. Trowbridge. Steve Nokia Comment Type TR Comment Status A Tx overshoot The editor's note is effectively a TBD that should have been considered lack of technical completeness for moving to WG ballot SuggestedRemedy

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

Provide the test method for Tx over/under-shoot

Response Status C

Response

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

See comment #47

Comment ID 41

40

bucket

bucket

C/ 80 SC 80.1.14 P25 L14 # 42 C/ 116 SC 116.1.4 P33 L28 Trowbridge, Steve Cadence Design Systems Nokia Marris, Arthur Comment Type ER Comment Status A Comment Type Е Comment Status D Two paragraphs in 80.1.4 from P802.3ba and P802.3bj (beginning on line 4, page 84, There needs to be more underlining in Table 116-4 section 6 of IEEE Std 802.3-2018) are confusing when read in the context of new PMDs SuggestedRemedy added by P802.3cd and P802.3cu Underline the table entries for the new PMDs in Table 116-4 SuggestedRemedy Proposed Response Response Status W Bring into the draft and change the title of Table 80-4 to Nomenclature and clause correlation (100GBASE-R optical). In this way, the two table titles match the classification PROPOSED ACCEPT. of the text in the base standard from clause 8.1.4. P49 C/ 140 SC 140.10.2.2 L45 Response Status C Response Slavick, Jeff ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE Broadcom Comment Type E Comment Status D The sub-clause classification 80.1.14 does not exist. Presume the commenter meant sub-Editors direction for modiying the sub-clause is not proper font clause 80.1.4 (as referenced in the comment itself). SuggestedRemedy Implement the suggested remedy. Change to proper font for providing directions to the editorial team C/ FM SC FM P1 L30 # 43 Proposed Response Response Status W PROPOSED ACCEPT. Marris, Arthur Cadence Design Systems Comment Status D Comment Type Ε bucket IEEE Std 802.3cm-2020 and 802.3cq-2002 have now been approved SuggestedRemedy Change 802.3cm-20XX to 802.3cm-2020 and 802.3cq-20XX to 802.3cq-2020 throughout the draft Proposed Response Response Status W PROPOSED ACCEPT. C/ FM SC FM P12 / 1 # 44 Marris, Arthur Cadence Design Systems Comment Type E Comment Status D bucket

IEEE Std 802.3cg-2019 has been approved

Change 802.3cg-20XX to 802.3cg-2019 throughout the draft

Response Status W

SuggestedRemedy

Proposed Response

PROPOSED ACCEPT.

45

bucket

Bucket

C/ 140 SC 140.7.11 # 47 C/ 151 SC 151.8.12 P73 L45 P46 L36 # 48 Slavick, Jeff Broadcom Slavick, Jeff Broadcom Comment Type TR Comment Status A Tx overshoot Comment Type TR Comment Status A Tx overshoot Editors note states a test method is missing to for checking that a device complies to the Editors note states a test method is missing to for checking that a device complies to the over/under shoot requirements. over/under shoot requirements. SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy Add a teset method Add a teset method Response Response Status W Response Response Status W ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. Based on the results of Straw Polls #2, #3, and #4 taken on the Mar 17 Interim See comment #47 Teleconference the TF consensus was to adopt both relative and absolute Tx overshoot parameters. C/ 00 SC 0 P12 / 1 # 49 Maguire, Valerie The Siemon Company Implement the changes in rodes 3cu 01 032420 and in slide 6 of zivny 01 032420, with Comment Type E Comment Status D bucket editorial license 802.3cg has published. SuggestedRemedy Straw Poll #2 taken on Mar 17 Interim Teleconference : Replace, "802.3cg-20xx" with, "802.3cg-2019" I support removing the relative Tx overshoot/undershoot specification: Proposed Response Response Status W a) Yes: 10 No: 26 PROPOSED ACCEPT. (16 Abstain) C/ 151 SC 151.5.1 P58 L45 # 50 Straw Poll #3 taken on Mar 17 Interim Teleconference: Maguire, Valerie The Siemon Company I support the addition of an absolute value for Tx overshoot/undershoot into the Comment Type E Comment Status D **Bucket** specification Extra spaces between paragraphs. a) Yes: 31 b) No: 5 SuggestedRemedy (16 Abstain) Remove carriage returns on lines 45 and 46.

Straw Poll #4 taken on Mar 17 Interim Teleconference:

I support adopting the values proposed in rodes 3cu 01a 0320 (Slide 11) for the relative and absolute Tx overshoot/undershoot

Yes: 12 b) No: 3

Need more information: 23

Proposed Response PROPOSED ACCEPT.

Response Status W

Rx 10loaCea

CI 151 SC 151.11.1 P76 L7 # 51

Maguire, Valerie The Siemon Company

Comment Type E Comment Status D Bucket

Extra spaces between paragraphs.

SuggestedRemedy

Remove carriage returns on lines 7 and 8.

Proposed Response Response Status W

PROPOSED ACCEPT.

C/ 140 SC 140.6.2 P43 L29 # 52

Bhatt, Vipul II-VI Incorporated

Comment Type T Comment Status A

As outlined in http://www.ieee802.org/3/cd/public/July18/king_3cd_02a_0718.pdf, discussed in Dawe and Echeverri-Chac?n cited on http://www.ieee802.org/3/cu/public/Jan20/cole_3cu_01b_0120.pdf#page=10, and expanded in http://www.ieee802.org/3/cu/public/Jan20/cole_3cu_01b_0120.pdf, "TDECQ-10.log(Ceq)" is an indirect and inaccurate indicator of transmitter impairments. Therefore, it fails to accurately indicate how hard the EQ has to work, or its likely resilience to receiver impairments. Similarly "SECQ - 10log10(Ceq)" has the same shortcomings and is not an appropriate condition for defining limits for Stressed Receiver Sensitivity and should be removed. This will align the Recever specifications with Transmitter specifications.

SuggestedRemedy

Delete entry for "SECQ - 10log10(Ceq)f (max)" for 100GBASE-FR and 100GBASE-LR in Table 140-7.

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

See comment #56

Cl 151 SC 151.7.2 P64 L35 # <u>53</u>

Bhatt, Vipul II-VI Incorporated

Comment Type T Comment Status A

As outlined in http://www.ieee802.org/3/cd/public/July18/king_3cd_02a_0718.pdf, discussed in Dawe and Echeverri-Chac?n cited on

http://www.ieee802.org/3/cu/public/Jan20/cole_3cu_01b_0120.pdf#page=10, and expanded in http://www.ieee802.org/3/cu/public/Jan20/cole_3cu_01b_0120.pdf, "TDECQ-10.log(Ceq)" is an indirect and inaccurate indicator of transmitter impairments. Therefore, it fails to accurately indicate how hard the EQ has to work, or its likely resilience to receiver impairments. Similarly "SECQ - 10log10(Ceq)" has the same shortcomings and is not an appropriate condition for defining limits for Stressed Receiver Sensitivity and should be removed. This will align the Receiver specifications with Transmitter specifications.

SuggestedRemedy

Delete row for "SECQ - 10log10(Ceq)f, lane under test (max)" for 400GBASE-FR4 and 100GBASE-LR4-6 in Table 151-8.

Delete "SECQ - 10log10(Ceg) (max), lane under test" in the last bullet item in 151.8.11.2.

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

See comment #56

C/ 140 SC 140.6 P41 L18 # 54

Maniloff, Eric Ciena

Comment Type T Comment Status R

Tx avg power

Rx 10logCeg

The Average launch power max for 100GBASE-FR1 is calculated for an extinction ratio = \sim 14 dB. This is inconsistent with 100GBSE-LR1 as well as with 400GBASE-FR4 and 400GBASE-LR4-6, which all use an infinite extinction ratio in this calculation.

SuggestedRemedy

Use an infinite extinction ratio to calculate the Average launch power max for 100GBASE-FR1. Replace the value of -2.9 dBm in Table 140-6 with -3.2 dBm

Response Status C

REJECT.

The following supporting presentation was submitted, maniloff_3cu_01_040720.

There is merit to investigating this topic but there is concern related to interoperability with 100GBASE-DR. It was also noted that footnotes "a" and "b" in Table 140-6 and footnote "b" in Table 140-7 would need to be changed.

There is no consensus to implement the suggested remedy at this time.

Cl 140 SC 140.6.3 P44 L16 # 55

Maniloff, Eric Ciena

Comment Type E Comment Status D

Bucket

Channel Insertion loss for 100GBASE-DR is referencing the incorrect sub-clause. The loss for this is in 140.9. Note that 802.3ct had the correct sub-clause referenced for the channel loss for 100GBASE-DR.

SuggestedRemedy

Change reference for 100GBASE-DR channel insertion loss to 140.9

Proposed Response Response Status W
PROPOSED ACCEPT

 CI 140
 SC 140.6.2
 P43
 L28
 # 56

 Stassar, Peter
 Huawei

 Comment Type
 TR
 Comment Status A
 Rx 10logCeq

At the January 2020 meeting in Geneva the cu Task Force agreed to delete the entries for "TDECQ - 10loq10(Ceq) (max)" in Table 140-6 for 100GBASE-FR & LR.

As outlined in http://www.ieee802.org/3/cd/public/July18/king_3cd_02a_0718.pdf, as summarized in http://www.ieee802.org/3/cu/public/Jan20/cole_3cu_01b_0120.pdf, "TDECQ-10.log(Ceq)" is not a good indicator of how hard the EQ has to work, nor of it's likely resilience to receiver impairments.

Therefore "SECQ - 10log10(Ceq)" is not an appropriate condition for defining limits for Stressed Receiver Sensitivity and should be removed, maintaining consistency with the removal of "TDECQ-10.log(Ceq)" as a metric for transmitter quality.

SuggestedRemedy

Delete the entries for "SECQ - 10log10(Ceq)f (max)" for 100GBASE-FR and 100GBASE-LR in Table 140-7.

Additionally copy subclause 140.7.5 in from IEEE Std 802.3cdT-2018, and modify the first sentence "The TDECQ and TDECQ - 10log10(Ceq) shall be within the limits given in Table 140-6..." to "TDECQ shall be within the limits given in Table 140-6...".

This needs to be edited in a way that the original sentence is maintained for 100GBASE-DR.

Also copy subclause 140.7.10 in from IEEE Std 802.3cdT-2018, and modify the before last bullet to:

"The required values of the "Stressed receiver sensitivity (OMAouter) (max)" and "Stressed eye closure for PAM4 (SECQ)" are as given in Table 140-7."

This needs to be edited in a way that the original sentence is maintained for 100GBASE-DR.

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Based on the results of Straw Poll #1 taken on the 3/17 interim conference call , the Task Force consensus was to maintain the decision made at the 802.3cu TF meeting in Geneva to remove "TDECQ-10Log10(Ceq) and to clean up the draft to correctly reflect this decision (including among other changes to remove "SECQ-10Log10(Ceq)" from the receiver specifications).

Implement the changes in nicholl 3cu 02a 032420

Straw Poll #1:

With regards to the inclusion of TDECQ-10log(Ceg) parameter, I support:

- a) Full removal from both Tx and Rx tables: 27
- b) Reinstate for both Tx and Rx tables: 9 (17 Abstain)

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

Comment ID 56

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Rx 10logCeg

C/ 151

Dawe, Piers

C/ 151 SC 151.7.2 P64 L35 # 57

At the January 2020 meeting in Geneva the cu Task Force agreed to delete the entries for

summarized in http://www.ieee802.org/3/cu/public/Jan20/cole 3cu 01b 0120.pdf, "TDECQ-

As outlined in http://www.ieee802.org/3/cd/public/July18/king 3cd 02a 0718.pdf, as

10.log(Ceg)" is not a good indicator of how hard the EQ has to work, nor of it's likely

Therefore "SECQ - 10log10(Ceg)" is not an appropriate condition for defining limits for

Stressed Receiver Sensitivity and should be removed, maintaining consistency with the

"TDECQ - 10log10(Ceg) (max)" in Table 151-7 for 400GBASE-FR4 & LR4-6.

Stassar, Peter Huawei

resilience to receiver impairments.

Comment Type TR Comment Status A

removal of "TDECQ-10.log(Ceg)" as a metric for transmitter quality.

SC 151.8.5.4

Comment Type TR Comment Status A

The 12% overshoot limit means that the largest magnitude tap coefficient minimum of 0.8 specified in 121.8.5.4 is too low. No signal with less than about 0.9 can pass this overshoot spec. Note that 140.7.5.1 is in IEEE Std 802.3cd. If we change this to 0.85, the

P69

Mellanox

L18

58

Tx overshoot

overshoot limit (if applied at TP3) would bite first. It would be better to tighten this to 0.9 (higher for a better signal).

If in future the overshoot limit is propagated to other PAM4 PMDs in maintenance, the two limits in the proposed sentence could be consolidated again.

SuggestedRemedy

Delete row for "SECQ - 10log10(Ceg)f, lane under test (max)" for 400GBASE-FR4 and 100GBASE-LR4-6 in Table 151-8.

Additionally delete "SECQ - 10log10(Ceg) (max), lane under test" in the last bullet item in 151.8.11.2.

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

See comment #56

SuggestedRemedy

In 151.8.5.4 and 140.7.5.1 (in 802.3cd), change:

Tap 1, tap 2, or tap 3 has the largest magnitude tap coefficient, which is constrained to be at least 0.8. to:

Tap 1, tap 2, or tap 3 has the largest magnitude tap coefficient. For 100GBASE-DR, this is constrained to be at least 0.8, and for 100GBASE-FR1 and 100GBASE-LR1, it is constrained to be at least 0.85.

Response Response Status U

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

See comment #47

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

C/ 151 SC 151.7.1 L29 # 59 P63 Dawe, Piers Mellanox

Comment Type TR Comment Status R

Tx 10logCeg

The limit for TDECQ - 10log10(Ceq) (also known as K) has been deleted from this table, but it is still needed to protect the receiver from the bad signals that are not caught by the TDECQ limit or the overshoot limit. All other optical PAM4 transmitter specs have such a limit, which was introduced a long time ago, in July 2018 (P802.3cd/D3.4), and its continued presence is needed to protect equalizers, receivers and receiver designs that were/are designed relying on it. Particularly 400GBASE-LR4-6 where the TDECQ limit is higher than for any existing SMF PMD.

To summarize the situation, we need different limits to exclude different kinds of bad signal: K protects receiver back end, TDECQ protects receiver front end and optical budget, overshoot spec against over-emphasised signals not caught by the other specs, and so on. We need them all, but K and TDECQ come off the same measurement, so not an extra cost.

SuggestedRemedy

REJECT.

Restore the limits for TDECQ - 10log10(Ceq) as before (3.4 dB for 400GBASE-FR4 and 3.5 dB for 400GBASE-LR4-6, same as the TDECQ limits).

Response

Response Status U

See comment #87

C/ 140 SC 140.6.1 P41 L34 # 60 Dawe, Piers Mellanox Comment Type Т Comment Status R Tx TECQ

IEEE Standards Style Manual, 12. Homogeneity:

"The same term should be used throughout each standard or series of standards to designate a given concept. The use of an alternative term (synonym) for a concept already defined should be avoided."

We have established that TECQ and SECQ are the same thing. While "TECQ" (transmitter) is a nice name for a signal measured at TP2. "SECQ" (stressed or signal) works for a signal measured at TP3 also, so it seems that's the one we must choose.

SugaestedRemedy

Change "TECQ" to "SECQ" throughout the document. In Table 140-6, "TECQ (max)" could be changed to "SECQ at TP2 (max)", although 140.5.1 and 140.7 make clear that it's at

In tables 140-10 and 151-11, change "Stressed receiver conformance test signal calibration" to "SECQ".

Response Response Status C

REJECT.

The task force adopted the terminology TECQ as a transmit characteristic in order to distinguish it from SECQ. It is a measured characteristic of a transmitter.

SECQ is a measurement taken on the signal used for testing stressed receiver sensitivity. It is a measured characteristic of a particular source.

C/ 151 SC 151.8.6 P69 L39 # 61 Mellanox

Dawe. Piers

Comment Type T Comment Status A

There is a subclause 151.8.6 Transmitter eve closure for PAM4 (TECQ) but no equivalent for Clause 140.

SugaestedRemedy

Move this subclause to 140.7.5a (after TDECQ). Refer to it from 151.

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Insert a new subclause 140.7.5a with a title of "Transmitter eye closure for PAM4 (TECQ)" after subclause 140.7.5 with the following text:

"The TECQ of each lane shall be within the limits given in Table 140-6 for 100GBASE-FR1 and 100GBASE-LR1 if measured using a test pattern specified for TECQ in Table 140-10. The TECQ of each lane shall be measured using the methods specified for TDECQ in 140.7.5, except that the test fiber is not used."

Tx TECQ

Tx 10logCeg

Fditorial

C/ 151 SC 151.7.1 # 62 P63 L31 Dawe, Piers Mellanox

Comment Type TR Comment Status R

Comment Type Т

SC 151.7.1

C/ 151

Dawe, Piers

Tx transition time

64

When limiting TECQ is needed, K(TP2) = TDECQ - 10log10(Ceg) must be limited too.

SuggestedRemedy

Under the row for TECQ in Table 140-6, insert a row for TECQ - 10log10(Ceg) (max), with the same limits as for TECQ. Also in Table 151-7.

Response

Response Status U

REJECT.

The suggested remedy proposes to add a new transmitter parameter "TECQ -10log10(Ceg)

This proposal would appear to be counter to the decision made at the January 2020 meeting of the 3cu Task Force in Geneva, to remove a similar parameter "TDECQ -10log10(Ceg) (max) which was confirmed in Straw Poll #1 taken on the Mar 17 Interim teleconference.

There is no consensus to implement the proposed change.

Straw Poll #1 taken on Mar 17 Interim:

With regards to the inclusion of TDECQ-10log(Ceg) parameter, I support:

- Full removal from both Tx and Rx tables: 27
- Reinstate for both Tx and Rx tables: 9 (17 Abstain)

C/ 151 SC 151.8.6 P69 L39 # 63

Dawe, Piers Mellanox

Comment Type Т Comment Status R

There is probably too much material in 151.8 that duplicates 140.7 and possibly 124.8 or 121.8, wasting a careful reader's time. Transmitter transition time is a prime example.

SugaestedRemedy

Try to consolidate the definitions as appropriate.

Response Response Status C

REJECT

The practice in other clauses, such as 138, 139 and 140, has been to duplicate the text of short subclauses and insert the changes needed for the main clause. This avoids readers having to jump around between clauses to find what they are looking for. In the case of longer subclauses, such as the definition of TDECQ, reference is made to the original subclause and text is only duplicated where needed for the clause.

The transmitter transition time, max 17 ps at TP2, is probably so slow as to be barely effective for a low-dispersion PMD type; it's not far off the slowest that can be made for a 3.4 dB T(D)ECQ limits. If a transmitter is that slow, and significant chromatic dispersion, particularly in 400GBASE-LR4-6, makes the signal at the receiver even slower, it would be slower than any 400GBASE-DR4 or 100GBASE-DR signal could be, yet still pass the higher 3.5 dB TDECQ limit. Any PMD (polarisation mode dispersion) will make this worse. We don't expect that implementers will create equalizer ICs specially for each PMD type; they will be the same as for all 100G/lane, so we should not present them with a new and unnecessary challenge. I doubt that real transmitters are that slow.

P63

Mellanox

Comment Status D

L37

If we wanted to contain the problem more precisely, we could introduce a maximum cursor tap limit (part of both TECQ at TP2 and TDECQ at TP3, and could be applied consistently across PMDs).

See http://ieee802.org/3/cn/public/tf interim/19 0820/dawe 3cn 01 190820.pdf for an earlier report on this issue; halve all the times for 100G/s lanes.

SuggestedRemedy

Reduce the transition time limit, to 15 or 16 ps TBD, or introduce a maximum cursor tap limit. The limit (ps or cursor) should be checked with a commercial simulator.

Proposed Response Response Status W

PROPOSED REJECT.

A similar comment #i-37, against D3.0 of 802.3cn was rejected based on a review of the presentation linked in this comment. The same technical objections apply in this case:

The transmitter transition time limit was introduced to limit how slow the transmitter could be. The limit for 400GBASE-LR4-6 and 400GBASE-FR4 is the same as for the other 100G/lane PMDs. Consequently, this issue could only arise for a receiver that was designed to rely on the dispersion penalty for the 500 m or 2 km transmitters preventing them from being as slow as the limit and then the dispersion penalty for a 6 km transmitter being significantly lower, allowing the transmitter to be slower. This would be a poor receiver design strategy and is not a sufficiently realistic scenario to justify tightening the transmitter transition time limit for this PMD. The commenter has not provided sufficient evidence to demonstrate that the transmitter transition time is too loose or proposed a specific change to the draft that has been shown to remove that issue

Bucket

C/ 140

C/ 140 SC 140.7.11 # 65 P46 L30 Dawe, Piers Mellanox

Comment Type Т Comment Status D Dawe, Piers Comment Type Т Comment Status A

SC 140.10

Interop

67

Don't put the subclause for Transmitter over/under-shoot after the receiver-related subclauses when all other transmitter-related subclauses in 140.7 are before.

SuggestedRemedy

Because it's so closely related to T(D)ECQ measurement, put it after Transmitter eye closure for PAM4 (TECQ) and before Extinction ratio.

Proposed Response

Response Status W

PROPOSED ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Move subclause 140.7.11 to subclause 140.7.5b after the newly inserted 140.7.5a.

C/ 140 SC 140.6.1 P41 L26 # 66

Dawe. Piers Mellanox

Comment Type E Comment Status R Tx OMA - TDFCQ

In Table 140-6, transmit characteristics, the four rows for OMA - TDECQ could be combined into three. Doing so will help readers who are designing or testing a transmitter compliant to two columns at the same time. Similarly for the "allocation for penalties" rows in Table 140-8, illustrative link power budgets.

SuggestedRemedy

for extinction ratio = 5 dB -2.2 -1.6 -0.4 for 4.5 dB = extinction ratio < 5 dB -1.9 -1.6 -0.4for extinction ratio < 4.5 dB -1.9 -1.5 -0.3

Response Response Status C

REJECT.

It is not clear that the suggested remedy is an improvment to the clarity of the specification.

With the current layout of Table 140-6 it is clear where the breakout points are for the extinction ratio for each PMD type (i.e. 5dB for 100GBASE-DR, and 4.5dB for 100GBASE-FR1 and 100GBASE-LR1).

Here, there is guidance for interoperation between 100GBASE-LR1 and 100GBASE-DR, and between 100GBASE-LR1 and 100GBASE-FR1, but not between 100GBASE-FR1 and 100GBASE-DR. Separately, there are statements in 140.6, but 140.6 is not referenced from here, nor are 140.10a and 140.10b referenced from there.

L35

P50

Mellanox

SuggestedRemedy

In 140.6, add one cross-reference and update two existing ones:

The 100GBASE-FR1 PMD interoperates with the 100GBASE-DR PMD provided that the channel requirements for 100GBASE-DR are met (see 140.10).

The 100GBASE-LR1 PMD interoperates with the 100GBASE-DR PMD provided that the channel requirements defined in 140.10a.2 are met.

The 100GBASE-LR1 PMD interoperates with the 100GBASE-FR1 PMD provided that the channel requirements defined in 140.10a.3 are met.

Change 140.10a and 140.10b as follows:

140.10a Requirements for interoperation between 100GBASE-DR, 100GBASE-FR1, and 100GBASE-LR1

The 100GBASE-DR. 100GBASE-FR1, and 100GBASE-LR1 PMDs can interoperate with each other as described here.

140.10a.1 Requirements for interoperation between 100GBASE-FR1 and 100GBASE-DR The 100GBASE-FR1 and 100GBASE-DR PMDs can interoperate with each other provided that the fiber optic cabling (channel) characteristics for 100GBASE-DR (see 140.10) are

140.10a.2 Requirements for interoperation between 100GBASE-LR1 and 100GBASE-DR ...for 100GBASE-DR (see140.10) are met. with...

140.10a.3 Requirements for interoperation between 100GBASE-LR1 and 100GBASE-

...for 100GBASE-FR1 (see140.10) are met, with...

For consistency, in 151.12,

...400GBASE-FR4 (see 151.11) are met, with...

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE

The need for cross references between 140.6 and 140.10a/b makes sense. However because the tables 140-15 and 140-16 specify min/max channel insertion losses for interoperation, the text of the suggested remedy needs modification.

In 140.6, update the 3 paragraphs starting at line 16 as follows:

The 100GBASE-FR1 PMD interoperates with the 100GBASE-DR PMD provided that the channel requirements for 100GBASE-DR are met (see Table 140-12 and subclause 140.10).

The 100GBASE-LR1 PMD interoperates with the 100GBASE-DR PMD provided that the channel requirements defined in 140.10a.2 are met.

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

Comment ID 67

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The 100GBASE-LR1 PMD interoperates with the 100GBASE-FR1 PMD provided that the channel requirements defined in 140.10a.3 are met.

Change 140.10a and 140.10b as follows:

140.10a Requirements for interoperation between 100GBASE-DR, 100GBASE-FR1, and 100GBASE-LR1

The 100GBASE-DR, 100GBASE-FR1, and 100GBASE-LR1 PMDs can interoperate with each other as described here.

140.10a.1 Requirements for interoperation between 100GBASE-FR1 and 100GBASE-DR The 100GBASE-FR1 and 100GBASE-DR PMDs can interoperate with each other provided that the fiber optic cabling (channel) characteristics for 100GBASE-DR (see Table 140-12 and subclause 140.10) are met.

Renumber existing 140.10a to 140.10a.2 add "(see 140.10)" after 100GBASE-DR on 2nd line

Renumber existing 140.10b to 140.10a.3 add "(see 140.10)" after 100GBASE-FR1 on 2nd line

Implement a similar change in clause 151.12 with editorial license.

C/ 140	SC 140.6.1	P41	L34	# 68
Dawe, Piers		Mellanox		
Comment T	ype TR	Comment Status R		Tx 10logCeq

When limiting TECQ is needed, K(TP2) = TDECQ - 10log10(Ceq) must be limited too.

SuggestedRemedy

Under the row for TECQ in Table 140-6, insert a row for TECQ - 10log10(Ceq) (max), with the same limits as for TECQ. Also in Table 151-7.

Response Status U

REJECT.

See response to comment #62

The limit for TDECQ - 10log10(Ceq) (also known as K) is missing from two columns here, but it is still needed to protect the receiver from the bad signals that are not caught by the TDECQ limit or the overshoot limit. All other optical PAM4 transmitter specs have such a limit, which was introduced a long time ago, in July 2018 (P802.3cd/D3.4), and its continued presence is needed to protect equalizers, receivers and receiver designs that were/are designed relying on it.

To summarize the situation, we need different limits to exclude different kinds of bad signal: K protects receiver back end, TDECQ protects receiver front end and optical budget, overshoot spec against over-emphasised signals not caught by the other specs, and so on. We need them all, but K and TDECQ come off the same measurement, so not an extra cost.

SuggestedRemedy

Restore the limit for TDECQ - 10log10(Ceq) for 100GBASE-FR1 100GBASE-LR1, as before (3.4 dB, same as the TDECQ limit).

Response Status U

REJECT.

See comment #87

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

 CI 140
 SC 140.7.11
 P 46
 L 33
 # 70

 Dawe, Piers
 Mellanox

 Comment Type
 TR
 Comment Status A
 Tx overshoot

We need to agree a measurement method for overshoot, and agree a limit. We should have an idea of what the threat is to design a useful defence, but here is a measurement proposal that at least should give consistent results.

First, notice that limiting overshoot at TP2 is pointless if chromatic dispersion can make it higher at TP3.

Also notice that a measurement on a square wave measures the worst of pre-emphasis and post-emphasis, but a real signal's overshoot can be determined by the sum of these. This is a bad choice of pattern anyway because PMAs may fail to lock on it and forward the signal correctly to the PMD.

Also notice that traditional peak measurements are distorted by scope noise, particularly for optical scopes at such high bandwidths.

SuggestedRemedy

Apply the spec to the same cases as TECQ and TDECQ: TP2, TP3 with most positive chromatic dispersion, and TP3 with most positive chromatic dispersion.

Use the same pattern and observation bandwidth as for T(D)ECQ so that determining the overshoot is another free by-product of measuring for T(D)ECQ, with a much simpler, non-iterative, calculation: in tables 140-10 and 151-11, remove the row for "Transmitter over/under-shoot", and here and in, delete "test pattern specified for transmitter over/under-shoot in Table 140-10".

Find the scope noise.

Create a vertical histogram from the measured waveform (not the equalized one). Convolve the histogram with the noise that could be added to it at maximum T(D)ECQ, RSS-reduced by the scope noise.

Find the two points where the CDFs come to a number such as 5e-5.

Either find the distance from the "three" level to the upper point, and from the lower point to the "zero" (these are the overshoot and undershoot before normalisation), or find the distance from the average level to the upper point, and from the lower point to the average (these are the peak excursions).

Normalise by either OMA or standard deviation of the waveform. The former is more familiar, the latter avoids the pattern dependency of the OMA definition.

Limit upper and lower separately because excursions on just one side could overload a receiver.

Adjust the limits according to information I haven't seen at time of writing, or insert an editor's note for tables 140-6 and 151-7: "The limit for transmitter over/under-shoot needs confirmation before Standards Association ballot".

Delete most of 151.8.12 but refer to 140.7.11.

Response Status U

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

See comment #47

Cl 151 SC 151.8.5 P67 L29 # 71

Stassar, Peter Huawei

Comment Type TR Comment Status A Tx 10logCeq

Since the agreement at the January 2020 meeting in Geneva to remove the row for "TDECQ - 10log10(Ceq) (max)" in Table 151-7, the inclusion of "TDECQ - 10log10(Ceq)" in the text of subclause 151.8.5 should be removed as well.

SuggestedRemedy

Delete "TDECQ - 10log10(Ceq)," in the first sentence of 151.8.5.

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

See comment #56

C/ 140 SC 140.6.1 P41 L42 # 72

Ingham, Jonathan Broadcom

TR

Tx overshoot

The material reviewed by the Task Force in order to justify the introduction of a Tx over/under-shoot limit is merely anecdotal and ultimately unconvincing.

Comment Status R

In particular, I refer to cole_3cu_01b_0120, where Tx waveforms at 26.6 GBd (clearly of questionable relevance to this Task Force) are shown to lead to Rx LOL for 13.5% and 19% overshoot. The introduction of a new specification and the associated limit value of 12% on the basis of these isolated examples is the wrong conclusion. The observed LOL can be attributed to the performance of the particular Rx used for the measurements. Some implementers may have an Rx that performs poorly with 5% overshoot in the input waveform, whilst others may have an Rx that performs well with 30% overshoot. To set the limit based on the examples provided in cole_3cu_01b_0120 is inappropriate. In addition, it is not clear how overshoot is defined in this study, again rendering it difficult to justify the setting of a limit based on the results.

Constraining the Tx performance by introducing an additional specification potentially reduces yield and increases cost. Since there is no evidence that a new constraint is required for the PMD specifications under development by this Task Force, the over/undershoot specification should be removed. 50 GBd PAM4 SMF PMDs have already undergone rigorous qualification and interoperability studies by end users, without the need being identified for any Tx over/under-shoot constraint other than the existing constraint on the largest magnitude tap coefficient in the reference equalizer.

Finally, with the continuing transition to optical interfaces that are reliant on Rx equalization, the interpretation of constraints on features of the TP2 waveform, especially if measured without the reference equalizer, is increasingly uncertain. This applies not only to traditional mask constraints but also to the constraint introduced in this draft. This is why the existing constraint on the largest magnitude tap coefficient in the reference equalizer is a superior method to control over/under-shoot.

SuggestedRemedy

Comment Type

In Table 140-6, delete the line with description "Transmitter over/under-shoot (max)". In Table 140-10, delete the line with parameter "Transmitter over/under-shoot". Delete subclause 140.7.11.

Response Status W

REJECT.

There is no consensus to implement the suggested remedy.

See comment #47

C/ 151 SC 151.7.1 P63 L38 # 73

Ingham, Jonathan Broadcom

Comment Type TR Comment Status R Tx overshoot

The material reviewed by the Task Force in order to justify the introduction of a Tx over/under-shoot limit is merely anecdotal and ultimately unconvincing. In particular, I refer to cole_3cu_01b_0120, where Tx waveforms at 26.6 GBd (clearly of questionable relevance to this Task Force) are shown to lead to Rx LOL for 13.5% and 19% overshoot. The introduction of a new specification and the associated limit value of 12% on the basis of these isolated examples is the wrong conclusion. The observed LOL can be attributed to the performance of the particular Rx used for the measurements. Some implementers may have an Rx that performs poorly with 5% overshoot in the input waveform, whilst others may have an Rx that performs well with 30% overshoot. To set the limit based on the examples provided in cole_3cu_01b_0120 is inappropriate. In addition, it is not clear how overshoot is defined in this study, again rendering it difficult to justify the setting of a limit based on the results.

Constraining the Tx performance by introducing an additional specification potentially reduces yield and increases cost. Since there is no evidence that a new constraint is required for the PMD specifications under development by this Task Force, the over/undershoot specification should be removed. 50 GBd PAM4 SMF PMDs have already undergone rigorous qualification and interoperability studies by end users, without the need being identified for any Tx over/under-shoot constraint other than the existing constraint on the largest magnitude tap coefficient in the reference equalizer.

Finally, with the continuing transition to optical interfaces that are reliant on Rx equalization, the interpretation of constraints on features of the TP2 waveform, especially if measured without the reference equalizer, is increasingly uncertain. This applies not only to traditional mask constraints but also to the constraint introduced in this draft. This is why the existing constraint on the largest magnitude tap coefficient in the reference equalizer is a superior method to control over/under-shoot.

SuggestedRemedy

In Table 151-7, delete the line with description "Transmitter over/under-shoot (max)". In Table 151-11, delete the line with parameter "Transmitter over/under-shoot". Delete subclause 151.8.12.

Response Status W

REJECT.

There is no consensus to implement the suggested remedy.

See comment #47

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

Cl 140 SC 140.7.5 P45 L25 # 74

Lewis, David Lumentum

Comment Type T Comment Status A Tx Ref equalizer

This subclause in 802.3cd needs to be copied into the draft and modified to include 100GBASE-FR1 and 100GBASE-LR1.

SuggestedRemedy

Copy over subclause 140.7.5 from 802.3cd into the draft. Modify the first sentence from "The reference equalizer for 100GBASE-DR is a 5 tap..." to "The reference equalizer is a 5 tap...".

Response Response Status C ACCEPT.

Cl 140 SC 140.7.1 P45 L2 # 75

Lewis, David Lumentum

Comment Type T Comment Status A Test patterns

Need to add TECQ and Receiver sensitivity to Table 140-10.

SuggestedRemedy

Add a row: Transmitter eye closure for PAM4 (TECQ), pattern 6, subclause 140.7.12.

Add a row: Receiver sensitivity (OMAouter) (max), pattern 3 or 5, subclause 140.7.9.

Response Status C

ACCEPT.

C/ 140 SC 140.7.12 P46 L38 # 76

Lewis, David Lumentum

Comment Type T Comment Status A Tx TECQ

Description of TECQ test is missing.

SuggestedRemedy

Add a new subclause 140.7.12 Transmitter eye closure for PAM4 (TECQ)

The TECQ of each lane shall be within the limits given in Table 140-6 for 100GBASE-FR1 and 100GBASE-LR1 if measured using the test pattern for TECQ in Table 140-10. TECQ shall be measured using the methods specified for TDECQ in 140.7.5, except that the test fiber is not used.

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

See comment #61

Cl 151 SC 151.7.2 P64 L29 # 77

Lewis, David Lumentum

Comment Type T Comment Status A Rx sensitivity

In Table 151-8 the values for Receiver sensitivity (max) only apply for values of SECQ up to 1.4 dB, but receivers need to work with SECQ up to 3.4 dB. The footnote pointing to the relevant equations is convoluted. It would be clearer to revert back to having the equation references in the table and simplifying the footnote.

SuggestedRemedy

In Table 151-8 Receiver sensitivity (OMAouter) (max), replace the values of -4.6 and -4.7 with Equation (151-1) and Equation (151-2) respectively.

Change footnote c to: Receiver sensitivity (OMAouter) (max) is defined for a transmitter with a value of SECQ up to 3.4 dB.

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

lewis 3cu 01a 041420 was reviewed.

Implement the changes proposed in lewis 3cu 01a 041420, with editorial license.

C/ 151 SC 151.8.10 P70 L35 # 78

Lewis, David Lumentum

Comment Type T Comment Status A Rx sensitivity

Since receiver sensitivity is normative, the word "should" needs to be replaced by "shall".

SuggestedRemedy

Replace "Receiver sensitivity should meet Equation (1151-1)" with "Receiver sensitivity shall meet Equation (151-1)" on line 35.

Replace "Receiver sensitivity should meet Equation (151-2)" with "Receiver sensitivity shall meet Equation (151-2)" on line 38.

Response Status C

ACCEPT.

C/ 151 SC 151.8.10 P70 L47 # 79

Lewis, David Lumentum

Comment Type T Comment Status D withdrawn

The description of RS is not complete.

SuggestedRemedy

Replace "is the receiver sensitivity" with "is the receiver sensitivity (OMAouter) (max)", on line 47.

Proposed Response Status Z

PROPOSED REJECT.

This comment was WITHDRAWN by the commenter.

C/ 151 SC 151.8.6 P69 L41 # 80

Lewis, David Lumentum

Comment Type T Comment Status D Tx TECQ

For uniformity with the other subclauses in 151.8, we should reference the limits and the test pattern for the test.

SuggestedRemedy

Add a sentence at the beginning of the paragraph: "The TECQ of each lane shall be within the limits given in Table 151-7 for 400GBASE-FR4 and 400GBASE-LR4-6 if measured using a test pattern specified for TECQ in Table 151-11.

Proposed Response Response Status W

PROPOSED ACCEPT.

C/ 151 SC 151.8.1 P66 L17 # 81

Lewis, David Lumentum

Comment Type T Comment Status A Test patterns

Need entries in Table 151-11 for TECQ and Receiver sensitivity.

SuggestedRemedy

Add a row: Transmitter eye closure for PAM4 (TECQ), pattern 6, subclause 151.8.6.

Add a row: Receiver sensitivity (OMAouter) (max), pattern 3 or 5, subclause 151.8.10.

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT.

CI 151 SC 151 P55 L1 # 82

Lewis, David Lumentum

Comment Type TR Comment Status R Reach

Additional test data is now available and we should revisit the limitation of 400GBASE-LR4-6 to 6 km reach. A supporting presentation will be made.

SuggestedRemedy

Change 400GBASE-LR4-6 to 400GBASE-LR4 throughout.

Change 6 km to 10 km in Table 151-6, Table 151-9, footnote a of Table 151-12, Table 151-13, at 1.4.107a, 30.5.1.1.2, Table 116-2, Figure 151-1.

In Table 151-12 change the coefficient from 0.138 to 0.23 for minimum and maximum dispersion of 400GBASE-LR4.

Response Status C

REJECT.

Unfortuantly the supporting presentation referenced in the comment was not available.

The following presentations were submitted, chang_3cu_01_033120 and stassar 3cu 01a 041420.

There is no consensus to implement the suggested remedy at this time.

C/ 140 SC 140.6.2 P43 L21 # 83

Lewis, David Lumentum

Comment Type T Comment Status A

Rx sensitivity

In Table 140-7 the values for Receiver sensitivity (max) for 100GBASE-FR1 and 100GBASE-LR1 only apply for values of SECQ up to 1.4 dB, but receivers need to work with SECQ up to 3.4 dB. The footnote pointing to the relevant equations is convoluted. It would be clearer to revert back to having the equation references in the table and simplifying the footnote.

SuggestedRemedy

In Table 140-7 Receiver sensitivity (OMAouter) (max), replace the values of -4.5 and -6.1 with Equation (140-2) and Equation (140-3) respectively.

Change footnote c to: Receiver sensitivity (OMAouter) (max) for 100GBASE-DR is informative and for 100GBASE-FR1 and 100GBASE-LR1 is normative. It is defined for a transmitter with a value of SECQ up to 3.4 dB.

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

See response to comment #77.

Cl 140 SC 140.7.9 P45 L37 # 84

Lewis, David Lumentum

Comment Type T Comment Status A Rx sensitivity

Since receiver sensitivity is normative for 100GBASE-FR1 and 100GBASE-LR1, the word "should" needs to be replaced by "shall".

SuggestedRemedy

Replace "Receiver sensitivity should meet Equation (140-2)" with "Receiver sensitivity shall meet Equation (140-2)" on line 37.

Replace "Receiver sensitivity should meet Equation (140-3)" with "Receiver sensitivity shall meet Equation (140-3)" on line 42.

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

See response to comment #29.

C/ 140 SC 140.7.9 P45 L47 # <u>85</u>

Lewis, David Lumentum

Comment Type T Comment Status D withdrawn

The description of RS is not complete.

SuggestedRemedy

Replace "is the receiver sensitivity" with "is the receiver sensitivity (OMAouter) (max)", on line 47.

Proposed Response Status Z

PROPOSED REJECT.

This comment was WITHDRAWN by the commenter.

C/ 140 SC 140.7.9 P45 L50 # 86

Lewis, David Lumentum

Comment Type ER Comment Status D Bucket

There is underlining required in the paragraph at line 50 for changes from the original text in 802.3cd.

SuggestedRemedy

Underline "the 100GBASE-DR" and add a strikeout "s" after receiver. Underline all of the second sentence.

Proposed Response Status W

PROPOSED ACCEPT.

Cl 140 SC 140.6.1 P41 L32 # 87

Nicholl, Gary Cisco Systems

Comment Type TR Comment Status R Tx 10logCeq

TDECQ-10log10(Ceq)(Max) was removed for 100GBASE-FR1 and 100GBASE-LR1 in Table 140-6.

SuggestedRemedy

Reinstate TDECQ-10log10(Ceq)(Max) for 100GBASE-FR1 and 100GBASE-LR1 using the values from 802.3cu D1.1. A supporting presentation will be provided for the TF meeting in Atlanta.

Response Status C

REJECT.

Based on the results of Straw Poll #1 taken on the 3/17 interim conference call, the Task Force consensus was to maintain the decision made at the 802.3cu TF meeting in Geneva to remove "TDECQ-10Log10(Ceq) and to clean up the draft to correctly reflect this decision (including among other changes to remove "SECQ-10Log10(Ceq)" from the receiver specifications).

Straw Poll #1:

With regards to the inclusion of TDECQ-10log(Ceg) parameter, I support:

- a) Full removal from both Tx and Rx tables: 27
- b) Reinstate for both Tx and Rx tables: 9 (17 Abstain)

Cl 140 SC 140.6.1 P41 L42 # 88

Nicholl, Gary Cisco Systems

Comment Type TR Comment Status A Tx overshoot

Transmitter over/under-shoot (max) specifications for 100GBASE-FR1 and 100GBASE-LR1 are too stringent.

SuggestedRemedy

Change Transmitter over/under-shoot (max) specifications for 100GBASE-FR1 and 100GBASE-LR1 from 12% to 30%

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

See comment #47

C/ 140 SC 140.6.1 P41 L42 # 89

Cisco Systems Nicholl, Gary

Comment Type т Comment Status D

SC 140.11.4.6

Comment Type TR Comment Status R Tx overshoot Transmitter over/under-shoot (max) specifications for 100GBASE-FR1 and 100GBASE-

Missing PICS items for Overshoot, TECQ and Receiver Sensitivity tests

Response Status W

LR1 currently indicated as normative.

SuggestedRemedy

Proposed Response

C/ 140

Nicholl, Gary

Transmitter over/under-shoot (max) specifications are known to be used by one customer, for a different PAM4 PMD. Change the specifications to informative with an appropriate footnote for both 100BASE-FR1 and 100GBASE-LR1.

Insert Section 140.11.4.4 from 802.3cd before Section 140.11.4.6, and amend to include new PICS itens for Overshoot, TECQ and Receiver Sensitivity. Make this PICS items mandatory for 100GBASE-FR1 and 100GBASE-LR1 only.

P54

Cisco Systems

L28

91

bucket

Response Response Status C

PROPOSED ACCEPT.

C/ 151 SC 151.7.1 P63 L15 # 92

Nicholl, Garv Cisco Systems

Comment Type T Comment Status A

Tx avg power Table 151-7. The relationship between AvgPwr(max) and OMAouter(max) for 400GBASE-LR4-6 is inconsistent with that used for 400GBASE-FR4, 100GBASE-DR, 100GBASE-FR1 and 100BASE-LR1.

See comment #47

SuggestedRemedy

REJECT.

C/ 140 SC 140.7.11 P46 L35 # 90

Nicholl, Gary Cisco Systems

There is no consensus to implement the suggested remedy.

Comment Type TR Comment Status A Tx overshoot

Transmitter over/under-shoot measurement method lacking many definitions

SuggestedRemedy

Replace the editors note with the following text:

Transmitter over/under-shoot is measured by applying a noise function to an overshoot level (the convolution of the oscilloscope noise and an ideal gaussian distribution) and scaling the sigma of the noise until the cumulative distribution function (CDF) of the overshoot level meets the CDF of the signal at the SER of the PMD type, and is measured at two windows nominally centered at 0.45 UI and 0.55 UI (with a window width of 0.04 UI). The over/under-shoot test passes if the CDF reaches the prescribed SER below the over/under-shoot level in both of the measurement windows. The combined response of the O/E converter and oscilloscope has a 3 dB bandwidth of approximately 26.5625 GHz with a fourth-order Bessel-Thompson response to at least 1.3 x 53.125 GHz. At frequencies above 1.3 x 53.125 GHz the response should not exceed -20 dB. Compensation may be made for any deviation from an ideal fourth-order Bessel-Thompson response.

In the case of 400GBASE-LF4-6 the average power max is 1.2 dBm higher than the OMA max, but for the other PMDs the average power max is 0.2dB lower than the PMA max.

SuggestedRemedy

Make the following changes in Table 151-7:

Change the Average launch power, each lane (max) for 400GBASE-LR4-6 from 5.6 dBm to 4.2 dBm.

Change the Total average launch power (max) for 400GBASE-LR4-6 from 11.6 dBm to 10.2 dBm.

Make the following changes in Table 151-8:

Change the Average receive power, each lane (max) for 400GBASE-LR4-6 from 5.6 dBm to 4 2dBm

Change the Damage thresholda, each lane for 400GBASE-LR4-6 from 6.6 dBm to 5.2dBm.

Make the following changes to Table 151-16 in Section 151.12:

Change the 400GBASE-LR4-6 transmitter to 400GBASE-FR4 receiver Min loss from 2.1 dB to 0.7dB.

Response Response Status C ACCEPT.

Response Response Status C ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

See comment #47

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

Comment ID 92

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C/ 151 SC 151.7.1 P63 L28 # 93

Nicholl, Gary Cisco Systems

TR

Tx 10logCeg Comment Tyl

C/ 151

TDECQ-10log10(Ceq)(Max) was removed from Table 151-7.

SuggestedRemedy

Comment Type

Reinstate TDECQ-10log10(Ceq)(Max) for 400GBASE-FR4 and 400GBASE-LR4-6 in Table 151-7, and using the values from 802.3cu D1.1

A supporting presentation will be provided for the TF meeting in Atlanta.

Comment Status R

Response Status C

REJECT.

See comment #87

C/ 151 SC 151.7.1 P63 L38 # 94

Nicholl, Gary Cisco Systems

Comment Type TR Comment Status A Tx overshoot

Transmitter over/under-shoot (max) specifications for 400GBASE-FR4 and 400GBASE-LR4-6 are too stringent

SuggestedRemedy

Change Transmitter over/under-shoot (max) specifications for 400GBASE-FR4 and 400GBASE-LR4-6 from 12% to 30%

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

See comment #47

Nicholl, Gary

Comment Type

TR

Comment Status

R

Tx overshoot

Transmitter over/under-shoot (max) specifications for 400GBASE-FR4 and 400GBASE-

L38

95

P63

SuggestedRemedy

Transmitter over/under-shoot (max) specifications are known to be used by one customer, for a different PAM4 PMD. Change the specifications to informative with an appropriate footnote for both 400BASE-FR4 and 400GBASE-LR4-6.

Response Status C

LR4-6 currently indicated as normative.

SC 151.7.1

REJECT.

There is no consensus to implement the suggested remedy.

See comment #47

C/ 151 SC 151.8.10 P70 L32 # 96

Nicholl, Gary Cisco Systems

Comment Type T Comment Status A Rx sensitivity

This paragraph says that both RS and SRS are normative. Yet the statements use the word "should" which is associated with an informative specification.

Like everywhere else in 802.3, the difference between normative and informative is clear from the wording, "shall" vs "should" or "may". From the standards style manual: "The word should indicates that among several possibilities, one is recommended as particularly suitable without mentioning or excluding others; or that a certain course of action is preferred but not necessarily required (should equals is recommended that)."

SugaestedRemedy

If a normative specification is intended, then change the statements above to normative ("shall") statements.

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Change "should" to "shall" in 151.8.10 - line 35 and line 38.

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

CI 151 SC 151.8.12 P73 L44 # 97

Nicholl, Gary Cisco Systems

Comment Type TR Comment Status A Tx overshoot

Transmitter over/under-shoot measurement method lacking many definitions

SuggestedRemedy

Replace the editors note with the following text:

Transmitter over/under-shoot is measured by applying a noise function to an overshoot level (the convolution of the oscilloscope noise and an ideal gaussian distribution) and scaling the sigma of the noise until the cumulative distribution function (CDF) of the overshoot level meets the CDF of the signal at the SER of the PMD type, and is measured at two windows nominally centered at 0.45 UI and 0.55 UI (with a window width of 0.04 UI). The over/under-shoot test passes if the CDF reaches the prescribed SER below the over/under-shoot level in both of the measurement windows. The combined response of the O/E converter and oscilloscope has a 3 dB bandwidth of approximately 26.5625 GHz with a fourth-order Bessel-Thompson response to at least 1.3 x 53.125 GHz. At frequencies above 1.3 x 53.125 GHz the response should not exceed -20 dB. Compensation may be made for any deviation from an ideal fourth-order Bessel-Thompson response.

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

See comment #47

C/ 151 SC 151.13.4.5 P82 L24 # 98

Nicholl, Gary Cisco Systems

Nicholi, Gary Cisco Systems

Comment Type T Comment Status D

Missing PICS items for Overshoot, TECQ and Receiver Sensitivity tests

SugaestedRemedy

Add new PICS items for Overshoot, TECQ and Receiver Sensitivity tests

Proposed Response Response Status W
PROPOSED ACCEPT.

SuggestedRemedy

Comment Type

C/ FM

Dudek, Mike

Change 20xx to the appropriate date.

SC FM

Е

802.3cm project is complete

Proposed Response Response Status W PROPOSED ACCEPT.

Cl 00 SC 0 P44 L18

Dudek Mike Marvell.

Comment Type E Comment Status D bucket

P12

Marvell.

Comment Status D

L13

99

bucket

Incorrect reference in table 140-8

SuggestedRemedy

Change the maximum discrete reflectance from "see 140.10.3" to "see 140.10.2.2

Proposed Response Response Status W

PROPOSED ACCEPT.

C/ 140 SC 140.7.5.1 P45 L25 # 101

Dudek, Mike Marvell.

Comment Type T Comment Status A Tx Ref equalizer

The reference equalizer for 100GBASE-FR1 and 100GBASE-LR1 needs to be defined.

SuggestedRemedy

bucket

Bring 140.7.5.1 into the draft and change "100GBASE-DR" to "100GBASE-DR, 100GBASE-FR1 and 100GBASE-LR1"

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.
See response to comment #74

C/ 140 SC 140.7.9 C/ 140 SC 140.10b P51 L32 P45 L 50 # 102 # 105 Dudek, Mike Marvell. Dudek, Mike Marvell. Comment Type Т Comment Status A Rx sensitivity Comment Type Т Comment Status A Interop This section is ambiguous as to whether sensitivity is normative or not for FR1 and LR1. It The 100GBASE-LR1 receiver has 1.6dB better stressed sensitivity than FR1 at the same is pretty clear that it is normative on line 50, but "should" is used not "shall" on lines 37 and SECQ. The max attenuation should be 1.6dB more than the max FR channel attenuation 42. (4dB) as the channels are the same except for attenuation. SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy Change "should meet" to "shall meet" on lines 37 and 42. Change the maximum loss from 5.1dB to 5.6dB. Response Response Status C Response Response Status C ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. ACCEPT. See response to comment #29. C/ 140 SC 140.10b P51 L33 # 106 Dudek. Mike Marvell. C/ 140 SC 140.10a P51 L11 # 103 Comment Type T Comment Status A Interop Dudek Mike Marvell The 100GBASE-LR1 transmitter has an OMA-TDECQ increase of 1.2 over FR1. The max Comment Status A Comment Type T Interop attenuation should be 1.2dB more than the max FR1 channel attenuation (4dB) as the The 100GBASE-LR1 receiver has 2.2dB better stressed sensitivity than DR at the same channels are the same except for attenuation. SECQ. The max attenuation should be 2.2dB more than the max DR channel attenuation SuggestedRemedy (2.6dB in table 140-12) as the channels are the same except for attenuation. Change the maximum loss from 4.9 dB to 5.2dB SuggestedRemedy Response Response Status C Change the maximum loss from 4.5dB to 4.8dB. ACCEPT. Response Response Status C ACCEPT. C/ 140 SC 140.11.4.6 P54 L40 # 107 Dudek, Mike Marvell. C/ 140 SC 140.10a P51 **L10** # 104 Comment Type Comment Status D bucket Dudek, Mike Marvell. The requirements for the maximum discrete reflectance in table 140-12 don't apply to Comment Type Т Comment Status A Interop LR1/FR1 which are given in Table 140-14 The 100GBASE-LR1 transmitter has a minimum OMA-TDECQ increase of 1.5 dB over DR SuggestedRemedy (when extinction ratio is between 4.5 and 5dB). The max attenuation should be 1.5dB more than the max DR channel attenuation (2.6dB in table 140-12) as the channels are the same Change the PICs to match the requirements. except for attenuation. Proposed Response Response Status W SuggestedRemedy PROPOSED ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn

Change the maximum loss from 3.9dB to 4.1dB

Response Status C

Response

ACCEPT.

SORT ORDER: Comment ID

Comment ID 107

Change Value/Comment for OC2 to "Meets requirements specified in 140.10.2.2".

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C/ 151 SC 151.5.4 P60 L12 C/ 151 SC 151.8.10 P70 L35 # 108 # 111 Dudek, Mike Dudek, Mike Marvell. Marvell. Comment Type Т Comment Status D Bucket Comment Type T Comment Status A Rx sensitivity The condition for signal detect fail is Average Optical power <=-30dBm. The Average This section is somewhat ambiguous as to whether sensitivity is normative or not for FR1 launch power of OFF transmitter is -16dBm in table 151-7. i.e. an OFF transmitter will not and LR1. It is pretty clear that it is normative on page 71 line 28 but "should" is used not cause signal detect to negate. "shall" on lines 35 and 38. SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy Change -30dBm to -16dBm Change "should meet" to "shall meet" on lines 35 and 38. Proposed Response Response Status W Response Response Status C PROPOSED ACCEPT ACCEPT. C/ 151 SC 151.7.1 P63 L14 # 109 C/ 151 SC 151.8.11 P71 L38 # 112 Dudek, Mike Dudek. Mike Marvell. Marvell. Comment Type T Comment Status A Tx avg power Comment Type E Comment Status D Bucket The Average launch power each lane (max) seems very low for FR4 compared to LR4-6. There are only two different patterns allowed (2.1dB lower) whereas the OMA outer max is only 0.7dB higher. (and OMA outer -SuggestedRemedy TDECQ) is only 0.5dB higher. For LR4-6 this max averageoutput with the max OMA the FR would be 3.5dB however which is the min FR For FR4 at the max OMA the FR would Change "any" to "either" have to be >5.1dB Proposed Response Response Status W SuggestedRemedy PROPOSED ACCEPT Consider why there is such a difference in philosophy between allowing a high average power and requiring high overload and damage points versus requiring higher ER when the OMA is high. Adjust the specifications as appropriate. Response Response Status C ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. See response to comment #92.

Dudek, Mike

C/ 151

P66 Marvell.

Comment Type T

Comment Status D

Table 151-5 does not specify SMSR

SC 151.8.2

SuggestedRemedy

Change the table reference to 151-7

Proposed Response Response Status W

PROPOSED ACCEPT.

L42

110

Bucket

Tx RINxx.x

113 C/ 151 SC 151.8.11.2 L12 P73 Dudek, Mike Marvell.

Comment Type Ε Comment Status D

RINxx.x is not defined in this clause (or the glossary)

SuggestedRemedy

Define what it is here.

Proposed Response Response Status W

PROPOSED ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

In subclause 151.8.11.2

Change

"With the Gaussian noise generator on and the sinusoidal litter and sinusoidal interferer turned off, the RINxx.xOMA of the SRS test source shall be no greater than the value specified in Table 151-7 for 400 GBASE-FR4 and 400 GBASE-LR4-6."

to

"With the Gaussian noise generator on and the sinusoidal jitter and sinusoidal interferer turned off, the RINxx xOMA of the SRS test source (where xx x is the value for optical return loss tolerance from Table 151-7) shall be no greater than the value specified in Table 151-7 for 400GBASE-FR4 and 400GBASE-I R4-6 "

Need to make the same change in clause 140.

Import subclause 140.7.10 from 802.3cd-2018 and make the following change.

"With the Gaussian noise generator on and the sinusoidal jitter and sinusoidal interferer turned off, the RIN15,50MA of the SRS test source should be no greater than the value specified in Table 140-6."

"With the Gaussian noise generator on and the sinusoidal jitter and sinusoidal interferer turned off, the RINxx.xOMA of the SRS test source (where xx.x is the value for optical return loss tolerance from Table 140-6) should be no greater than the value specified in Table 140-6 for 100GBASE-DR, 100GBASE-FR1 and 100GBASE-LR1."

C/ 151 SC 151.11.2.1 P76 L13 # 114

Dudek, Mike Marvell.

Comment Type т Comment Status D Connector loss

It seems strange to allow only 2dB connection loss for LR4-6 while FR4 has 3dB when LR4-6 has unallocated margin which is included for extra connectors (not to be extra margin for something we haven't thought of which true unallocated margin is for.) Based on the spec as written cable plant with more than 5dB loss is out of spec, although Table 151-13 does seem to allocate this unallocated margin.

SuggestedRemedy

For LR4-6 Change the connection loss from 2dB to 3.3dB. In table 151-9 change Channel Insertion loss to 6.3dB and unallocated margin to 0dB. Delete the 2nd sentence in this paragraph.

Proposed Response Response Status Z

REJECT.

This comment was WITHDRAWN by the commenter.

115 C/ 151 SC 151.12 P73 L 52 Marvell

Dudek. Mike

Comment Status A Comment Type

Interop

The 400GBASE-LR4-6 receiver has 2.1dB better stressed sensitivity than FR4 at the same SECQ. The max attenuation should be 2.1dB more than the max FR channel attenuation (4dB) as the channels are the same except for attenuation.

SuggestedRemedy

Change the maximum loss from 4dB to 6.1dB.

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT.

C/ 151 SC 151.12 P77 / 50 # 116

Dudek, Mike Marvell

Comment Type T Comment Status A Interop

The 400GBASE-LR4-6 transmitter has an OMA-TDECQ increase of 0.5dB over FR4. The max attenuation should be 0.5dB more than the max FR1 channel attenuation (4dB) as the channels are the same except for attenuation.

SugaestedRemedy

Change the maximum loss from 4 dB to 4.5dB.

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT.

C/ 140 SC 140.1 P37 C/ 151 SC 151.8.5 P67 L29 L1 # 117 # 120 Zimmerman, George CME Cons./ADI, Cisco, Commscope, Marvell, SenTe Source Chang, Frank Comment Type E Comment Status D withdrawn Comment Type Е Comment Status A Tx 10logCeg If it is only the title and header of Table 140-1, say that and don't show all the rows. (usual "TDECQ -10log(Ceg)" should not be there anymore is "unchanged rows not shown") SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy Delete "TDECQ -10log(Ceg)" Change editing instruction to "Change Title and second column header of Table 140-1 as Response Response Status C shown (unchanged rows not shown)" Delete unchanged rows beginning at first body row. ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. Proposed Response Response Status Z See comment #56 PROPOSED REJECT. C/ 151 SC 151.8.11.2 P73 L17 # 121 This comment was WITHDRAWN by the commenter. Chang, Frank Source Comment Status A Comment Type Rx 10loaCea C/ 151 SC 151 P55 L1 # 118 "SECQ - 10log10(Ceg) (max), lane under test" seems not needed any more. Zimmerman, George CME Cons./ADI, Cisco, Commscope, Marvell, SenTe SuggestedRemedy Comment Type E Comment Status D Bucket Delete "SECQ - 10log10(Ceg) (max), lane under test" Insert instruction for clause 151 is missing Response Status C SuggestedRemedy ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. Add new editing instruction before header to clause 151 - "Insert new clause 151 in numeric order as follows" See comment #56 Proposed Response Response Status W C/ 151 SC 151.7.1 P63 L38 # 122 PROPOSED ACCEPT. Zivny, Pavel Tektronix C/ 151 SC 151.7.2 P64 / 35 # 119 Comment Status A Comment Type Т Tx overshoot Table 151.7, entry "Transmitter over/under-shoot (max)", value "12%" (both reaches). Chang, Frank Source In the presentation "zivny 3cu 01 0320" we show that the transmitter overshoot degrades Comment Status A Rx 10loaCea Comment Type Т the link performance more significantly in cases of absolute overshoot (rather than relative For FR4 and LR4-6, the usefulness of 10Log(Ceq) is questionable, "SECQ-10Log(Ceq)" is overhoot). We further show that the peaking impact starts at the level of about 4.5 dBm. not capable to prevent excess peaking and ensure interop, we will present some test (with margin, 4.3 dBm is desirable) results for this. SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy 1. remove the 12% overshoot value (same table) Take "SECQ-10Log(Ceq)" out of specs for FR4 and LR4-6 in Table 151-8 2. in its place insert this overshoot specification: "Transmitter overshoot (max)", value "4.3 dBm" Response Response Status C 3. follow illustration in the presentation (see above) for the definition of "overshoot" ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. Response Response Status C See comment #56 ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. See comment #47

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed U/unsatisfied Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

Comment ID 122

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