

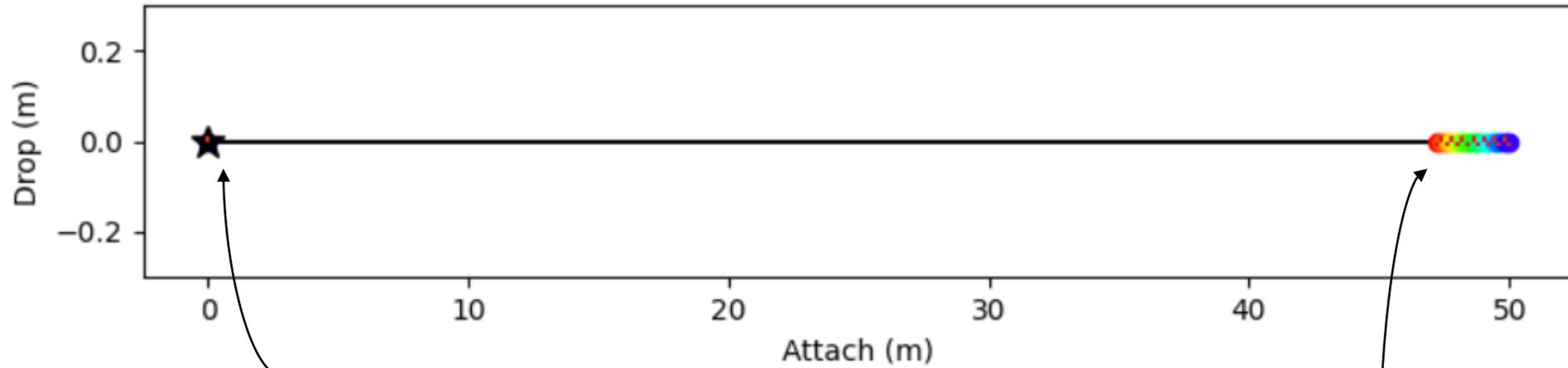
Voltage Stack-Up

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- ▶ Characteristics that drive forward-looking concepts and details:
 - Number of nodes (16)
 - Mixing Segment Loop Resistance (15Ω)
 - Gauge (23g)
 - Channel length (50m)
 - Connector resistance (58mΩ)
 - Compensation component resistance (355mΩ)

- ▶ Then choose:
 - MPSE minimum power on voltage
- ▶ Which determines:
 - Available power per node
- ▶ To Enable Specification of:
 - **Voltage Stack-Up / Operating thresholds**
 - Reset, Discovery, Type 0, Type 1
 - **And enable Objective 11**
 - Addition / Removal from powered mixing segment
- ▶ Author Clause 169:
 - Inrush attributes
 - Power on attributes
 - Discovery time, voltage, current attributes
 - Maintain Power Signature (MPS) attributes

System Setup for Power Delivery Calculations

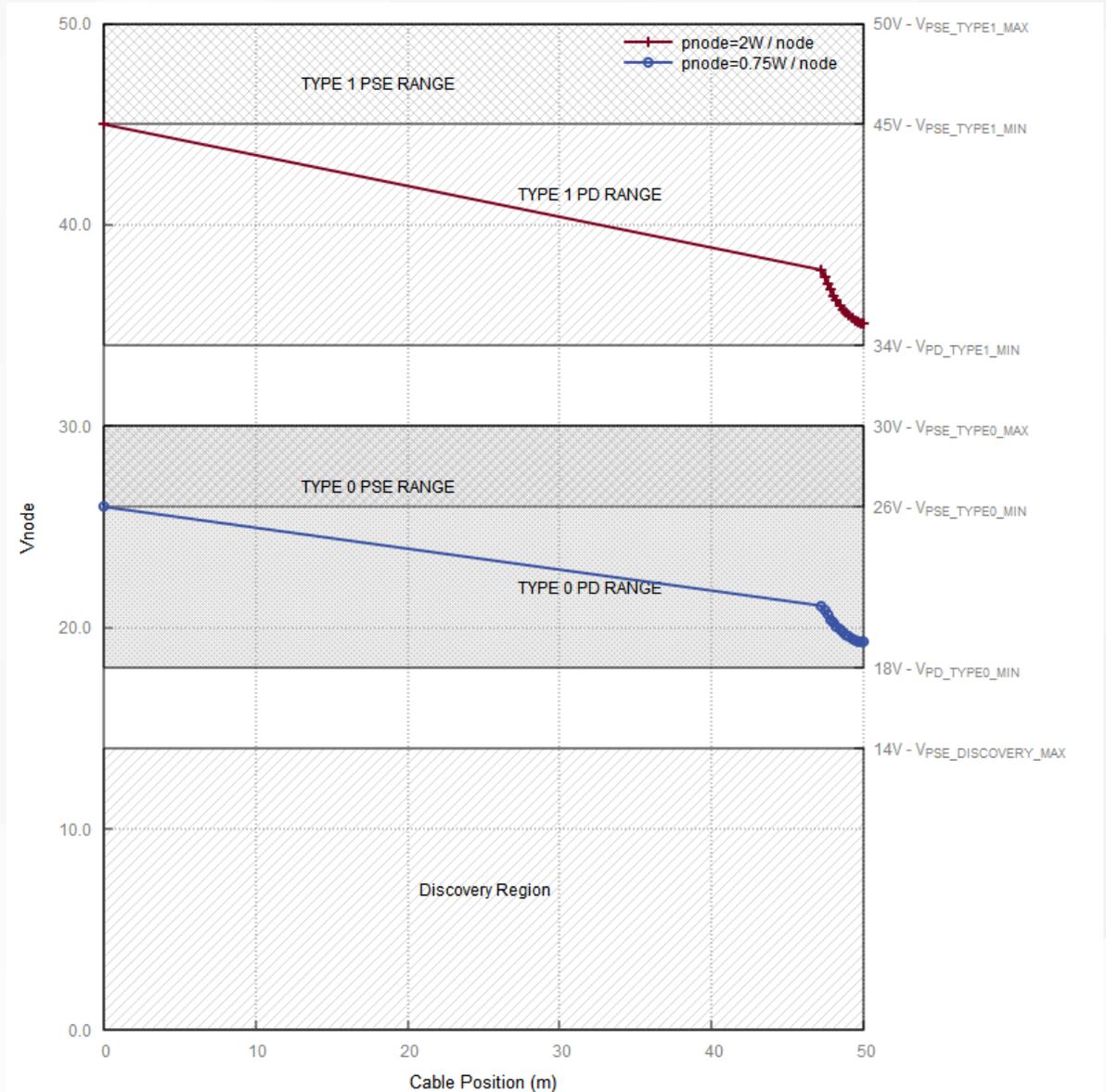


- ▶ 16 nodes – 413mΩ T-connector resistance
- ▶ 23g cable – 50meters
- ▶ 1 MPSE at start of cable
- ▶ 15 MPDs at end of mixing segment
 - 0.2m separation

Proposed Voltage Stack-Up

Param	Min	Max	Note
Vpse_type0	26V	30V	28.0V +/- 7.1%
Vpse_type1	45V	50V	47.5V +/- 5.3%
Ppd_type0		0.75W	
Ppd_type1		2W	
Vpd_type0	18V	30V	
Vpd_type1	34V	50V	

- ▶ Need distinct operating regions to support addition of nodes to powered mixing segment
- ▶ Max. Cable drop on a Type1 system must not enter the Type0 operating region
 - ~5V Gap with parameters above



Converging on a system solution

- ▶ What if:
 - Cable gauge changes?
 - Increase system reach
 - PSE Voltage Changes?
 - Change power per MPD
 - T-Connector Resistance Changes?
 - Change power per MPD
 - Node Count changes
 - Please don't 😊
- ▶ Make slight adjustments to voltage stack-up as necessary



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