CI 45
 SC 45.2.1.6
 P9
 L21
 # 1

 Dawe, Piers
 Nvidia

 Comment Type
 T
 Comment Status
 D
 General

For PMA/PMD type selection bits:

### SuggestedRemedy

For PMA/PMD type selection:

Are 1 1 1 1 0 0 0 and 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 taken? By what? It would be neater if the P802.3db set were moved up or down 1 so each VRn and SRn pair differed by a single bit.

Please show the sub-rows before and after so we can see the context.

Please revise the rubric to mention 802.3cp, 802.3ct, P802.3cw and any others that use this register.

Preferably, please show all the changes that all active projects that are not already in the 802.3dc roll-up have made (802.3cp, 802.3ct, P802.3cw, any more). If all projects show each other's concurrent changes, any clashes will be more obvious.

In future, we may have 8-lane and maybe 16-lane variants of these PMD families. If this is expected, should we plan for a block of 8 or 10 PMDs, using the next (7th, bit 6) bit?

Proposed Response

Response Status W

PROPOSED REJECT.

1 1 1 1 0 0 0 is 50GBASE-BR40-U from 802.3cp 1 1 1 1 1 0 is 400GBASE-SR4 in 802.3db

Moving the P802.3db set up by 1 (there is no room to go down by 1) would leave 1 1 1 1 0 0 1 unallocated and it may remain that way.

There is no significant advantage to having VRn and SRn pairs differ by 1 bit.

The sub-rows before and after the P802.3db set will be added in the next draft.

 Cl 167
 SC 167.7.1
 P39
 L15
 # 2

 Dawe, Piers
 Nvidia

 Comment Type
 T
 Comment Status
 D
 Center wavelength for VR

We should consider a wavelength range that allows the best laser bandwidth.

### SuggestedRemedy

Consider a wider range of wavelengths for VR than the draft range for SR. This doesn't necessarily mean that the SRS signal need be slower, as laser speed and fibre bandwidth will net off.

Proposed Response Response Status W

PROPOSED ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

The center wavelength range has been expanded to 842 - 948 nm.

 CI 167
 SC 167.7.1
 P39
 L33
 # 3

 Dawe, Piers
 Nvidia

 Comment Type
 T
 Comment Status
 D
 TDECQ other

As the channel is relatively slower than for any other optical PMDs so far, we should reoptimise the spec for this, encouraging good equalisable signals both after and before the fibre, not over-emphasised flaky ones. Overshoot/undershoot should be a useful protection eventually but it's still evolving, and the K limit can catch some bad transmitters that it misses - and K is a free by-product of TDECQ, K' is a free by-product of TECQ. The K limit is similar to VEC in C2M: a screen for signals that are bad after equalisation.

#### SuggestedRemedy

Insert rows for K'=TECQ-10.log10(Ceq') and/or K=TDECQ-10.log10(Ceq), limit TBD between 3.4 and 4 dB. Consider if TDECQ max (and SECQ) should be increased (but see another comment recommending an improved reference equalizer).

Proposed Response Status W

PROPOSED REJECT.

This comment is similar to the comment #23 made against D1.0.

An example of a Tx waveform that passes Table 167-7 specifications but fails a link test because of K/K' would be useful in promoting a limit on T(D)ECQ - 10\*log10(Ceg).

Cl 167 SC 167.8.5 P43 L19 # 4

Dawe, Piers Nvidia

Comment Type T Comment Status X TDECQ other

The rules for threshold adjust should be improved because they make xECQ measurements inaccurate, because they rely on the OMAouter levels being found to an accuracy better than 1% of the OMA, and the measurement method we use for OMA isn't that good. Also we will need better xECQ technique if we move to MMSE optimization.

SuggestedRemedy

Proposal to follow.

Proposed Response Response Status W

Awaiting proposal.

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

Comment ID 4

Page 1 of 10 7/29/2021 7:43:38 AM

 CI 167
 SC 167.8.5
 P43
 L40
 # 5

 Dawe, Piers
 Nvidia

 Comment Type
 T
 Comment Status
 D
 Reference equalizer other

Per D1.0 comment 30, "Add editors' note: The noise handling in the fiber emulation and the fiber response is under further study".

SuggestedRemedy

Does the draft need to say more about this?

Proposed Response Status W

PROPOSED REJECT.

The editors' note was intended to draw attention to the change in the test procedure. It will be removed at or before D2.0 if no objections are raised.

C/ 167 SC 167.8.5.1 P44 L1 # 6

Dawe, Piers Nvidia

Comment Type T Comment Status D Reference equalizer other

As both the transmitter and the channel are slow as compared with SMF, we have a 9-tap FFE in the draft. But that isn't the best way to address a slow signal. Using this sub-optimum reference receiver forces us to choose high xECQ which burdens real receivers with very nasty signals that may be nasty for even a very smart receiver. A reference equalizer slightly more like the 120G C2M one (which is intended for even slower channels) would be better.

Also, with 9 taps and 3 cursor positions, we have 3, 8-dimensional optimizations, which is time-consuming.

SuggestedRemedy

Change from FFE to CTLE, FFE, 1-tap DFE. Simple CTLE with single pole-zero pair as these channels are not as slow as 120G C2M. Remove unnecessary FFE taps that duplicate the CTLE function and/or if feasible, reduce the number of cursor positions.

Proposed Response Response Status W

PROPOSED REJECT.

This represents a significant change from the current definition of the reference equalizer. A presentation supporting the suggested approach is requested.

Cl 167 SC 167.8.5.1 P44 L4 # 7

Dawe, Piers Nvidia

Comment Type T Comment Status D Reference equalizer other

We have 9 taps rather than the usual 5 because the channel is relatively slower than for other optical PMDs. So the last few taps should be correcting the tail of the response and should be quite small: actually much smaller than these proposed limits, but we can tighten them later as we learn more.

SuggestedRemedy

Impose limits on the absolute values of tap coefficients 7, 8 and 9: 0.4 0.3 0.2 for now. Also for the last taps for VR, depending how long that reference equalizer is.

Proposed Response Status W

PROPOSED ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

The suggested remedy will be implemented for the SR link.

Tap Max absolute value

7 0.4

8 0.3

9 0.2

Similar limits will be considered after the reference equalizer length is defined for VR.

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

Comment ID 7

Page 2 of 10 7/29/2021 7:43:38 AM

C/ 167 SC 167.7.2 P40 L19 C/ 167 SC 167.10.1 P49 L28 # 10 # 12 Cisco Systems, Inc. Cisco Systems, Inc. Tang, Yi Tang, Yi Comment Type TR Comment Status A Receiver sensitivity Comment Type T Comment Status D General Raise minimum SECQ from 1.4dB to 1.8dB to allow additional margin for RX. Supporting The wavelength range in footnote "c" of table 167-13 is not in line with the center presentation "tang 3db adhoc 01a 062421.pdf" was reviewed by task force on 06/24. wavelength range defined in table 167-7-Transimit characteristics for the SRx variants. SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy remove wavelength range from footnote "c" of table 167-13 All changes proposed are listed in the supporting presentation "tang 3db adhoc 01a 062421.pdf". Proposed Response Response Status W PROPOSED ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. Page 40, 167.7.2 Table 167-8: Remove everything after the comma in footnote c. Average receiver power, each lane (min): -6.4dBm Stressed receiver sensitivity (OMAouter), each lane (max): -2dBm Receiver sensitivity (OMAouter), each lane (max): max(-4.6, SECQ - 6.4) dBm. C/ 167 SC 167.7.1 P39 L15 Remove Editors' note c Lewis, David Lumentum Comment Type TR Comment Status A Center wavelength for VR Page 39, 167,7.1 Table 167-7: Average launch power, each lane (min): -4.6dBm The center wavelength (range) for -VRn should allow for nominal wavelengths between 850 Outer Optical Modulation Amplitude (OMAouter), each lane (min): -2.6dBm nm and 940 nm with tolerance around those wavelengths. This will increase market Remove Editors' note b potential and leverage the high volume manufacturing infrastructure currently supplying 3D Change note c to "Even if the TDECQ < 1.8dB' sensing applications. SuggestedRemedy Page 45, 167.8.12, Equation 167-1: RS = Max(-4.6, SECQ-6.4) (dBm)Change "TBD" to "844 to 948". Change Figure 167-4 accordingly to match modified equation 167-1 Response Response Status C Response Response Status C ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE. Implement suggested remedy with editorial license. Center wavelength range for VR is 842 to 948 nm. C/ 167 SC 167.7.1 P39 L28 # 11 C/ 167 SC 167.7.1 P39 L26 Tang, Yi Cisco Systems, Inc. Lewis. David Lumentum Comment Type T Comment Status D TDECQ other Comment Type Comment Status D Currently, the minimum lanuch power in OMA is constrained by TDECQ, but independent of TECQ. This allows for a transimitter with a TECQ of 4.4dB operating at -3dBm OMA The transmitter characteristics for -VRn should match those for -SRn in order to support while a transmitter with a TDECQ of 4.4dB can only operating at 0dBm and above. To interoperability over -VR reaches. address the spec gap, OMA-TECQ shall be specified as well as OMA-TDECQ. SuggestedRemedy SugaestedRemedy Change OMAouter minus TDECQ (min), TDECQ (max), and TECQ (max) values from TBD "Launch power in OMAouter minus TDECQ (min)" to match the values in the corresponding -SRn column. shall be changed to

Proposed Response Response Status W

PROPOSED ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

As the center wavelength range for VR has been expanded to 948 nm, using the same values as SR for TECQ(max), TDECQ (max) and OMAouter minus TDECQ (min) is appropriate [though not required for interoperability].

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

"Launch power in OMAouter minus T(D)ECQ (min)"

Decision following accompanying presentation.

Response Status W

Proposed Response

Comment ID 14

Page 3 of 10 7/29/2021 7:43:38 AM

Cl 167 SC 167.7.2 P40 L10 # 15

Lewis, David Lumentum

Comment Type TR Comment Status D Center wavelength for VR

The center wavelength (range) for -VRn should allow for nominal wavelengths between 850 nm and 940 nm with tolerance around those wavelengths. This will increase market potential by enabling receivers to work with different transmitters operating at different wavelengths.

SuggestedRemedy

Change "TBD" to "844 to 948".

Proposed Response Status W

PROPOSED ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Center wavelength (range) will be changed to 842 - 948 nm.

Cl 167 SC 167.7.2 P40 L26 # 16

Lewis, David Lumentum

Comment Type T Comment Status D

TDECQ for VR

The receiver characteristics for -VRn should match those for -SRn in order to support interoperability over -VR reaches.

SuggestedRemedy

Change SECQ value from TBD to match the value in the corresponding -SRn column.

Proposed Response Status W

PROPOSED ACCEPT.

As the center wavelength range for VR has been expanded to 948 nm, using the same value (4.4 dB) as SR for SECQ is deemed appropriate.

C/ 167 SC 167.7.3

P41

L16

# 17

Lewis, David Lumentum

Comment Type T Comment Status D

Link budget

Replace the TBDs for -VRn in Table 167-9 to include the same penalties as -SRn.

SuggestedRemedy

Change power budget (for max TDECQ) from TBD to 6.4 dB. Change allocation for penalties (for max TDECQ) from TBD to 4.6 dB. Change additional insertion loss allowed from TBD to 0.2 for OM3, and 0.1 for OM4 and OM5.

Proposed Response

Response Status W

PROPOSED ACCEPT.

The additional insertion loss for VR will be changed to

0.2 dB for OM3, and

0.1 dB for OM4 and OM5.

Power budget (for max TDECQ) 6.4 dB Allocation for penalties (for max TDECQ) 4.6 dB

C/ 80 SC 80.1.1 P16 L3

Nicholl, Gary Cisco

Comment Type ER Comment Status D

General

# 22

The editing instruction is incorrect. 802.3cu-2021 did not touch "Table 80-5". 802.3cu made a change to "Table 80-4a", as inserted by 802.3cd-2018. The table table on line 6 is also incorrect, and it should be "Table 80-4a and not Table 80-5". There is already a "Table 80-5" in section 80.4.

SuggestedRemedy

Change the editing instruction to reference "Table 80-4a" and not "Table 80-5". Also change the table title on line 6 from "Table 80-5" to "Table 80-4a".

Proposed Response

Response Status W

PROPOSED ACCEPT.

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

C/ 116 SC 116.1.4 P24 L24 # 32 C/ 167 SC 167.1 P30 L20 # 36 Cisco Nicholl, Gary Cisco Nicholl, Gary Comment Type ER Comment Status D General Comment Type TR Comment Status D General There appears to be something wrong with the editing instruction and the table title that Table 167-2, 3db precedes 3ck in the amendment order according to the project timeline as follows (Table 116-4). This table is actually Table 116-3 in 802.3-2018. 802.3cd-2018 and indicated in the 802.3-2018 editorial database. 3ck does not exist as far as 3db is 802.3cn. concerned, and so AUI interfaces being defined by 3ck (i.e. 200GAUI-2 C2C, 200GAUI-2 C2M, 400GAUI-4 C2C and 400GAUI-4 C2M) should not be referenced. SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy Change editing instruction and table title to "Table 116-3" and not "Table 116-4". Delete rows for 120F and 120G from Table 167-2. Proposed Response Response Status W Proposed Response Response Status W PROPOSED ACCEPT. PROPOSED REJECT. These interfaces were added after a comment was received on Draft 0.1. SC 116.1.4 P25 L14 # 33 C/ 116 Nicholl, Garv Cisco C/ 167 SC 167.5.4 P36 L25 # 39 Comment Type ER Comment Status D General Nicholl, Gary Cisco There appears to be something wrong with the editing instruction and the table title that Comment Status D General Comment Type TR follows (Table 116-5). This table is actually Table 116-3 in 802.3-2018, 802.3cd-2018 and The text is inconsistent with previous ammendments, e.g. clause 122 in 802.3-2018 and 802.3cn. clause 151 in 802.3cu-2021. SuggestedRemedy SuggestedRemedy Change editing instruction and table title to "Table 116-4" and not "Table 116-5". Change: Proposed Response Response Status W "compliant 100GBASE-VR1, 200GBASE-VR2, 400GBASE-VR4, 100GBASE-SR1, 200GBASE-SR2, or 400GBASE-SR4 signal input" PROPOSED ACCEPT. "compliant 100GBASE-R. 200GBASE-R. or 400GBASE-4 signal input" # 35 C/ 167 SC 167.1 P29 L45 Nicholl, Gary Cisco Comment Type TR Comment Status D General Proposed Response Response Status W PROPOSED ACCEPT.

Table 167-2. 3db precedes 3ck in the amendment order according to the project timeline as indicated in the 802.3-2018 editorial database . 3ck does not exist as far as 3db is concerned, and so AUI interfaces being defined by 3ck (i.e 100GAUI-1 C2C and 100GAUI-1 C2M) should not be referenced.

### SuggestedRemedy

Delete rows for 120F and 120G from Table 167-1.

Proposed Response Status W

PROPOSED REJECT.

These interfaces were added after a comment was received on Draft 0.1.

Cl 167 SC 167.7.1 P39 L28 # 40 Nicholl, Gary Cisco

Change the way OMA (min) requirements are captured in the "transmit characteristisc"

table (Table 167-7, to be consistent with the change that was made by 802,3cu. For

https://www.ieee802.org/3/cu/public/May20/nicholl 3cu 03 051920.pdf.

Comment Type ER Comment Status D

Nicholl, Gary

P39 Cisco L41

# 43

-

General

C/ 167

Comment Type TR

SC 167.7.1

Comment Status D

General

Should "Encircled Flux" be defined in sub-clause 167.8 ?

SuggestedRemedy

Add a defintion and measurement method (which can be a reference) for "encircled flux" in sub-clause 167.8

Proposed Response Status W

PROPOSED ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Footnote d in Table 167.7 refers to the IEC document for encircled flux measurement.

A new section 167.8.12 will be created using the content in footnote d (Table 167.7) with editorial license.

Note that this will change the subsection numbers of receiver sensitivity (167.8.12 -> 167.8.13), stressed receiver sensitivity (167.8.13 -> 167.8.14), and sinusoidal jitter for receiver conformance test (167.8.13.1 -> 167.8.14.1).

 CI 167
 SC 167.7.1
 P39
 L48
 # 44

 Nicholl, Gary
 Cisco

 Comment Type
 TR
 Comment Status
 D
 TDECQ other

802.3cu added a Figure to illustrate "OMAouter each lane (max) and OMAouter each lane (min) versus TDECQ"

SuggestedRemedy

Add a figure (and associated text) following Table 167-7 to illustrate "OMAouter each lane (max) and OMAouter each lane (min) versus TDECQ" for the different PMDs. See 802.3cu-2021 Figure 151-3 as an example.

Proposed Response Response Status W

PROPOSED ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Implement suggested remedy with editorial license.

SuggestedRemedy

Make the following changes to Table 167-7:

example see 802.3cu-2018 Table 151-7 and

- Change row "Outer Optical Modulation Amplitude (OMAouter), each lane (min)" to be consistent with the format used in 802.3cu-2021 and https://www.ieee802.org/3/cu/public/May20/nicholl 3cu 03 051920.pdf.

- Delete the row "Launch power in OMAouter minus TDECQ (min)"
- Delete footnote c.

Proposed Response

Response Status W

PROPOSED ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

This helps remove a footnote, but is otherwise a matter of style.

This helps remove a routhole, but is otherwise a matter of style.

P802.3db D1.1 follows 50GBASE-SR (Clause 138), 100GBASE-DR (Clause 140), 400GBASE-SR4.2 (Clause 150) in using two lines:

Outer optical modulation amplitude, each lane (min)

Launch power in OMAouter minus TDECQ (min)

-3.0

-4.4

(Example of 100GBASE-SR1)

802.3cu combines the two

Outer optical modulation amplitude (OMAouter), each lane (min)

for TDECQ < 1.4 dB -0.2 dBm

for 1.4 < TDECQ < 3.4 dB (-1.6 + TDECQ) dBm

(Example of 400GBASE-FR4)

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

Comment ID 44

Page 6 of 10 7/29/2021 7:43:39 AM

Receiver sensitivity

Cl 167 SC 167.7.2 P40 L20 # 45
Nicholl, Gary Cisco

Comment Status A

In 802.3cu we made "receiver sensitivity" normative and changed the way it is represented in the table (see 802.3cu-2021, Table 151-8 as an example).

#### SuggestedRemedy

Comment Type

Make the following changes to Table 167-8:

TR

- Change the row "Receiver sensitivity (OMAouter), each lanee (max)" to use the same format adopted by 802.3cu-2021. See 802.3cu-2021, Tab;e 151-8 as an example.
- Delete footnote e

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

- (a) Implement suggested remedy with editorial license. In section 167.8.12, refer to the Table 167-8 for receiver sensitivity and remove the equation.
- (b) Footnote e ("Receiver sensitivity is informative ...") in Table 167-8 will be removed. Receiver sensitivity is made normative (see comments 48 and 56).

Cl 167 SC 167.7.2 P40 L38 # 46
Nicholl. Gary Cisco

Command Time TD Command Status

Comment Type TR Comment Status A Receiver sensitivity

802.3cu added a Figure to illustrate "Receiver sensitivity (OMAouter), each lane (max) versus TECQ" for the different PMDs. Note in defining receiver sensitivity 802.3cu switched to using TECQ rather than SECQ. I have submitted a separate comment against the 167.8.12 proposing to make the same change for 802.3db.

### SuggestedRemedy

Add a figure (and associated text) following Table 167-8 to illustrate "Receiver sensitivity (OMAouter), each lane (max) versus TECQ" for the different PMDs. See 802.3cu-2021 Figure 151-4 as an example.

Response Status C

#### ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Implement suggested remedy but leave TBDs where appropriate for VR with editorial license.

Cl 167 SC 167.7.3 P41 L27 # 47

Nicholl, Gary Cisco

Comment Type TR Comment Status A Receiver sensitivity

802.3cu added several figures following the illustrative link budget table to illustrate the "Transmitter OMAouter each lane versus TDECQ and receiver sensitivity (OMAouter) each lane versus TECQ" for each PMD.

### SuggestedRemedy

Add figures (and associated text) following Table 167-9 to illustrate "Transmitter OMAouter each lane versus TDECQ and receiver sensitivity (OMAouter) each lane versus TECQ" for the different PMDs. See 802.3cu-2021 Figure 151-5 as an example.

Response Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Implement suggested remedy but leave TBDs where appropriate for VR with editorial license.

Cl 167 SC 167.8.12 P45 L42 # 48

Nicholl, Gary Cisco

Comment Type TR Comment Status A Receiver sensitivity

In 802.3cu we made "receiver sensitivty" a normative parameter and defined it based on TECQ rather than SECQ. We should make the same change 802.3db.

### SuggestedRemedy

Update section 167.8.12 to make "receiver sensitivity" a normative paramter and defined based on TECQ rather than SECQ. Propose using the text of 802.3cu-2021, sub-clause 151.8.12 as a template.

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Comment 56 (Mike Dudek) also recommends making receiver sensitivity normative.

Implement with editorial license.

 Cl 167
 SC 167.7.2
 P51
 L33
 # 56

 Dudek, Mike
 Marvell

 Comment Type
 TR
 Comment Status A
 Receiver sensitivity

With equalizing receivers it is possible to pass stressed receiver sensitivity while not being able to pass sensitivity and such a receiver would not be inter-operable with some Tx's and channel combinations. For this reason 802.3cu made the sensitivity specification normative

### SuggestedRemedy

Delete footnote "e". Also on page 56 line 44 delete "is informative and" and delete "The normative requirement for receivers is stressed receiver sensitivity." line 1 page 57. on line 45 page 45 change "should" to "shall".

Response Status C

ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

Comment 48 (Gary Nicholl) also recommends making receiver sensitivity normative. Implement suggested remedy with editorial license.

Cl 167 SC 167.7.3 P52 L22 # <u>57</u>

Dudek, Mike Marvell

Comment Type TR Comment Status D Link budget

The minimum OMA given for VR in table 167-7 is -3dBm The OMA sensitivity for VR in table 167-8 is-5dBm Therefore the additional insertion loss allowed can be calculated. However providing additional insertion loss for VR may not be the best use of the optical budget.

### SuggestedRemedy

Either put 0.2dB for 0M3 and 0.1dB for 0M4 and 0M5 for additional insertion loss allowed or put 0.1dB for 0M3 and 0dB for 0M4 and 0M5 and make the minimum Tx specs 0.1dB lower for VR than for SR.

Proposed Response Status W

PROPOSED ACCEPT IN PRINCIPLE.

For VR, the additional insertion loss will be changed to 0.2 dB for OM3, and 0.1 dB for OM4 and OM5.

Comment Type TR Comment Status D Reference equalizer other

Section 167.8.5.1 specifies the reference equalizer including which taps have the largest magnitude and what that value is. Rows 33 to 37 are contradicting that information. Also as the same receiver is used to receive the signal from both short fibers and long fibers there should not be a difference in the reference receiver for TECQ and TDECQ

SuggestedRemedy

Delete rows 33 to 37. If appropriate adjust the parameters in section 167.8.5.1

Proposed Response Response Status W

PROPOSED REJECT.

The constraints on the tap coefficients are written separately for TDECQ and TECQ to allow for different reference equalizer definitions for VR and SR. Once the reference equalizer and tests to ensure interoperability between SR and VR are defined, the text will be consolidated to the extent possible.

C/ 167 SC 167.7.1 P39 L30 # 63

Palkert, Tom Macom

Comment Type TR Comment Status D TDECQ for VR

Need value for TBD for TDECQ

SuggestedRemedy

Replace TBD for TDECQ with 3.4 dB

Proposed Response Response Status W

PROPOSED REJECT.

A value of 4.4 dB (same as SR) is appropriate for VR given the expanded center wavelength range.

Cl 167 SC 167.8.5.1 P43 L50 # 64

Palkert, Tom Macom

Comment Type TR Comment Status D Reference equalizer for VR

Need value for Ref equalizer tap length TBD

SuggestedRemedy

Replace TBD with value of 9

Proposed Response Status W

Decision after revieing presentation attached to comment #71.

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

Comment ID 64

Page 8 of 10 7/29/2021 7:43:39 AM

C/ 167 SC 167.8.5 P43 L29 # 65 C/ 167 SC 167.7.2 P40 L40 # 70 Ghiasi Quantum/Marvell Palkert, Tom Macom Ghiasi, Ali Comment Type TR Comment Status D Center wavelength for VR Comment Type TR Comment Status D Center wavelength for VR Need value for the bandwidth of the 2nd filter for VR We have not seen compeling enough advantage with 940 nm VCSELs, not to mention these high speed VCSELs are very different designs than 940 nm VCSELs from 3D SuggestedRemedy sensing, the 940 nm VCSELs require InGaAs detector and not backward compatible with Replace TBD with value of 22 GHz 200GBASE-SR4. Proposed Response Response Status W SuggestedRemedy PROPOSED REJECT. Change TBD with center wavelength of 840-860 nm Proposed Response Response Status W The filter bandwidth to represent the fiber will be calculated based on the expanded PROPOSED REJECT. wavelength range (842 - 948 nm). Center wavelength range set to 842 - 948 nm. See comment #13. C/ 167 SC 167.7.1 P39 L26 # 66 Palkert, Tom Macom C/ 167 SC 167.8.5.1 P43 L50 # 71 Comment Type TR Comment Status D Overshoot Ghiasi, Ali Ghiasi Quantum/Marvell Need value for TBD for VR Overshoot Comment Type ER Comment Status D Reference equalizer for VR SuggestedRemedy The debate between 5T vs 9T FFE need to consider VCSEL BW, improvement in packaging, compatability between VR and SR, and potentially lower cost and power Replace TBD with 12% SuggestedRemedy Proposed Response Response Status W Given that VCSELs BW and packaging are improving and compatability between VR and PROPOSED REJECT. SR transmitters are essential, a 5T FFE satisfies the above and longer term will have lower cost and power. Replace TBD tap with 5, Tap 1, tap 2, or tap 3, has the largest magnitude Proposed value should be validated. Currently, 802.3cu is the only standard where the tap coefficient, which is constrained to be at least 0.8. overshoot/undershoot is specified with a max value of 22% (of outer OMA). Proposed Response Response Status W C/ 167 SC 167.7.2 P40 L24 # 67 Review accomapnying presentation. Palkert, Tom Macom TDECQ for VR C/ 167 SC 167.8.5 P43 L21 Comment Type TR Comment Status D Need value for TBD for SECQ for VR Ghiasi, Ali Ghiasi Quantum/Marvell Comment Type TR Comment Status D TDFCQ other SuggestedRemedy TDECQ precedure allow up to +/- 1% threshold adjustment given that VCSEL have larger Replace TBD with value of 3.4 dB waveform excursion where OMA (1/6, 1/2, 2/3) levels deviates from signal mean crossing Proposed Response Response Status W this end up increasing TDECQ PROPOSED REJECT. SuggestedRemedy Most CDR use statistical mean to set the slicer level and there is further adjustment SECQ of 4.4 dB is appropriate given the expanded center wavelength range for VR. capability as it has been suggested there is no issue to increase the TDECQ threshold adjustment from 1% to 2%

Proposed Response

Review accompanying presentation.

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID

Comment ID 72

Response Status W

Page 9 of 10 7/29/2021 7:43:39 AM

C/ 167 SC 167.10.3.3 P52 L17 # 74

Ghiasi, Ali Ghiasi Quantum/Marvell

Comment Type TR Comment Status D

MDI

Most customers have spoken in support of angled MPO connector due to performance issue which can be difficult to meet with PC MPO, introducing option B PC finish MPO MDI unlikley to have broad market potential and will fragment the market. There is also concern with plugging type A into Type B or vis versa.

### SuggestedRemedy

Remove option B, but define the cable plant where both PC and APC are supported.

Proposed Response Response Status W

PROPOSED REJECT.

Option B was included in case non-angled connectors are needed by large enterprise end users in the future.

TYPE: TR/technical required ER/editorial required GR/general required T/technical E/editorial G/general COMMENT STATUS: D/dispatched A/accepted R/rejected RESPONSE STATUS: O/open W/written C/closed Z/withdrawn SORT ORDER: Comment ID