

# Higher Loss 200G/lane AUI C2M Specification Baseline Thoughts

Kent Lusted, Intel

Adee Ran, Cisco

Junqing (Phil) Sun, Credo

# Introduction

- Initial thoughts on the parameters and solution space for the higher loss 200G/lane AUI C2M, not a baseline proposal
  - See Straw Poll #1, #2 in [https://www.ieee802.org/3/df/public/22\\_10/motions\\_3df\\_221004.pdf](https://www.ieee802.org/3/df/public/22_10/motions_3df_221004.pdf)
- Based extensively on ran\_3df\_elec\_01b\_220921 and ran\_3df\_01\_220928
- Applies to 200GAUI-1, 400GAUI-2, 800GAUI-4, 1.6TAUI-8 interfaces

# Recap from Oct 2022 Session

- Strong interest in two sets of AUI C2M specifications

## Straw Poll #1

For the front panel pluggable use case, I am interested in 200 Gbps/lane AUI C2M specifications for:

- A. medium loss only (e.g. up to ~22 dB IL die-die per lusted\_3df\_01\_220927)
- B. higher loss only (e.g. up to ~36 dB IL die-die per lusted\_3df\_01\_220927)
- C. both medium and higher loss
- D. need more information

pick one

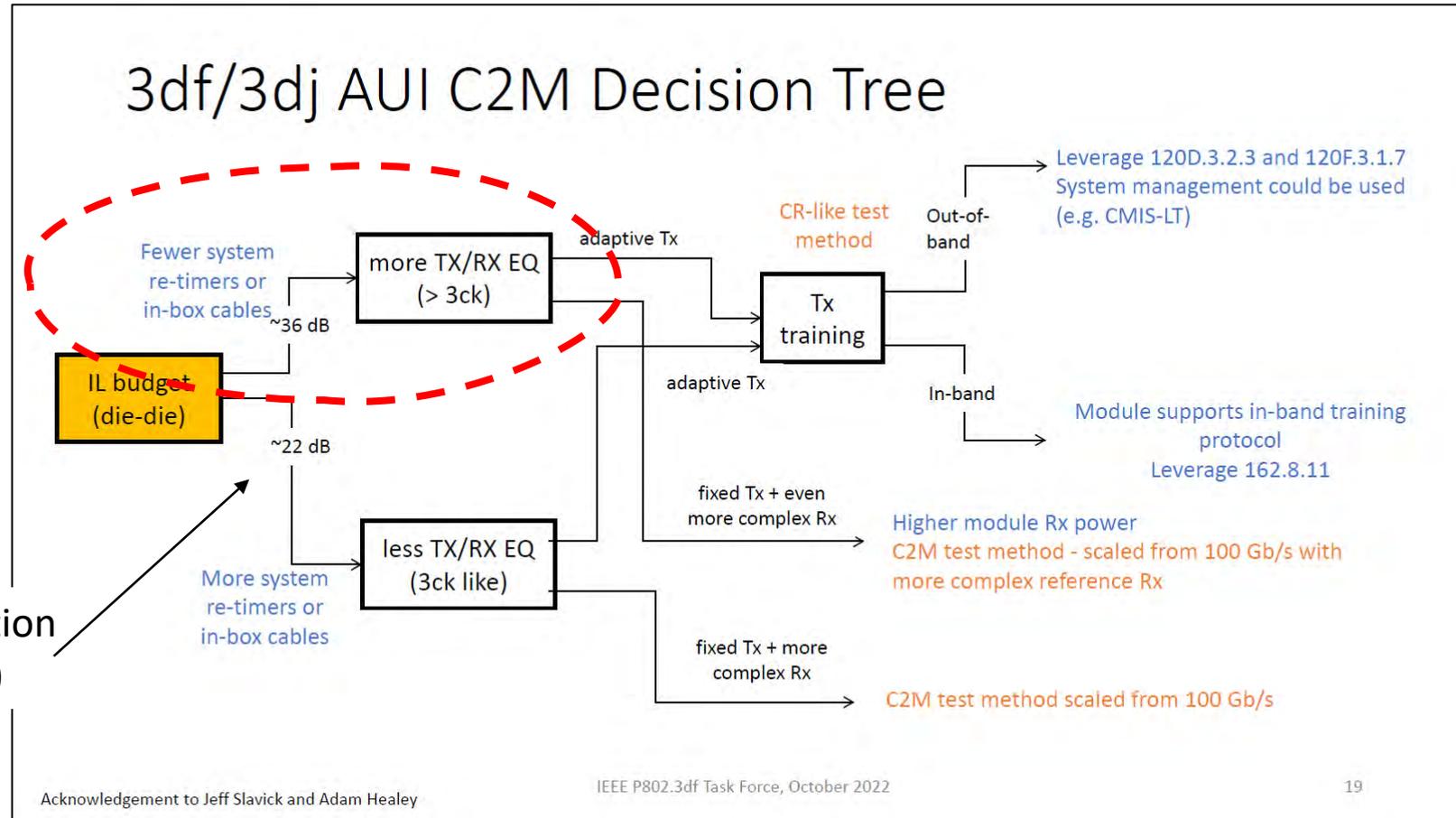
Results: A: 17, B: 11, C: 49, D: 12

[https://www.ieee802.org/3/df/public/22\\_10/motions\\_3df\\_221004.pdf](https://www.ieee802.org/3/df/public/22_10/motions_3df_221004.pdf)

# Focus of this Presentation – Higher Loss

This presentation

The other presentation  
(cole\_3df\_01\_2211)



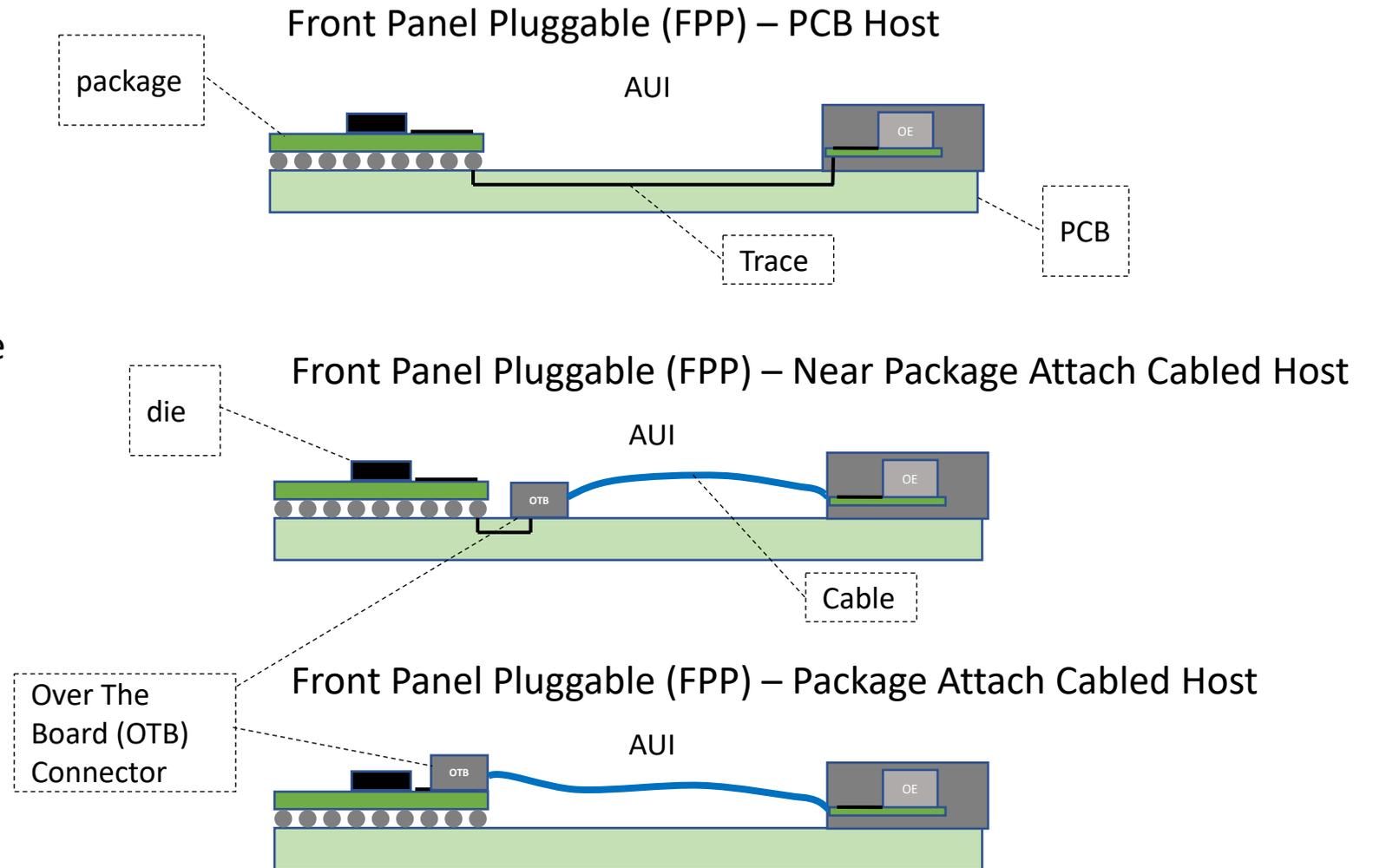
[https://www.ieee802.org/3/df/public/22\\_10/22\\_0927/lusted\\_3df\\_01\\_220927.pdf](https://www.ieee802.org/3/df/public/22_10/22_0927/lusted_3df_01_220927.pdf)

# Key Points

- The proposed reference receiver and parameters are based on the backplane and copper cable receiver models from 3ck, scaled to the higher signaling rate
- Nominal signaling rate based on RS(544,514) FEC for the AUI interface
  - 106.25 GBd (+/-50 ppm)
  - PAM4 signaling
- Link training could be used for tuning the module-to-host output and the host-to-module output
  - Either in-band or out-of-band, pending TF discussion
- The RS(544, 514) FEC on the AUI is terminated inside the module
  - Protects up to two AUI segments in one PHY, such that BER of  $\sim 1e-4$  on each segment (with adjustment for correlated errors) is possible
- Uses Segmented FEC scheme for the PMDs
  - For non-segmented FEC scheme, use the medium loss AUI C2M specification

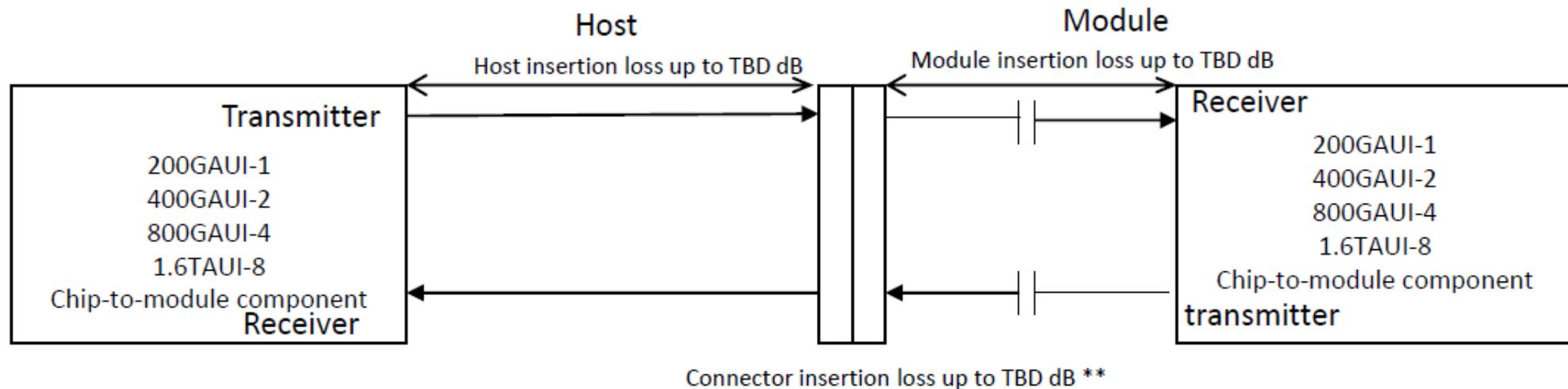
# Higher loss AUI C2M Implementations

AUI channel includes the host package, host PCB/cable, pluggable connector, and pluggable module PCB and module package



Not intended to be an exhaustive list.  
Other implementations may exist.

# Channel Insertion Loss Allocation



\*\* The host connector mating interface is allocated TBD dB variation allowance, not including via.

# Needs Exploration for a Baseline Proposal

- COM parameters and values
- Precoding capability and benefits/impacts
- Test methodology and host/module output setting details

# COM Parameters & Values

- Need to build consensus on key parameters (e.g. DER\_0 target value, eta\_0,...)
- This is one recent contribution provided on the topic

## Proposed values for key parameters

Parameter	In 100GBASE-CR (Clause 162)	In 100GAUI-1 C2C (Annex 120F)	Proposed Value for 200GAUI	Rationale
$\eta_b$ [V <sup>2</sup> /GHz]	9e-9	2e-8	4e-9	About the same RMS with doubled bandwidth. Related to package xtalk, thermal and device noise; Challenging but achievable
$T_r$ [ps]	7.5	7.5	6	Silicon switching speed does not scale; improved only by process
$f_r$	0.75*f <sub>b</sub> (=40 GHz)	0.75*f <sub>b</sub> (=40 GHz)	0.55*f <sub>b</sub> (=58 GHz)	High bandwidth is challenging; lower BW improves COM results
bb <sub>max</sub> (1)	0.85	0.65	1	High value required for high loss channels; error propagation can be addressed
SNR <sub>rx</sub>	32.5	33	32.5	Increasing would burden design and has diminishing return on high loss channels
DER <sub>0</sub>	1e-4	1e-5	1e-4	R5544 with uncorrelated errors needs DER=4e-4 for FLR=1e-12. BER budgeting with a low portion for AUIs does not seem feasible (may be split between 2 AUIs)
N <sub>b</sub>	12	6	24	Scale with UI
N <sub>r</sub>	40	0	80	Scale with UI
Tx FFE length	5 (3 pre)	5 (3 pre)	6 (4 pre)	Compensate better for pulse rise time; relatively cheap to implement

Note: full proposed parameter table in the [final slide](#)

21 September 2022

IEEE P802.3df Electrical ad hoc meeting

9

[https://www.ieee802.org/3/df/public/adhoc/electrical/22\\_0921/ran\\_3df\\_elec\\_01b\\_220921.pdf](https://www.ieee802.org/3/df/public/adhoc/electrical/22_0921/ran_3df_elec_01b_220921.pdf)

## Proposed COM spreadsheet (operating point)

21 September 2022

IEEE P802.3df Electrical ad hoc meeting

10

[https://www.ieee802.org/3/df/public/adhoc/electrical/22\\_0921/ran\\_3df\\_elec\\_01b\\_220921.pdf](https://www.ieee802.org/3/df/public/adhoc/electrical/22_0921/ran_3df_elec_01b_220921.pdf)

# Summary

- Uses RS(544,514) FEC for the AUI interface
  - 106.25 GBd (+/-50 ppm)
  - PAM4 signaling
- Segmented FEC scheme
- ~36 dB loss target (die-die)
- Reference receiver and transmitter models leveraged from 3ck backplane and copper cable, scaled appropriately
- More work to do to get to a baseline proposal in the future

Thanks!